

## THE DAILY GAZETTE

Is published every morning, Sundays excepted, in the third story of Bennett & Clapp's Empire Block, Main street, by  
**LEVI ALDEN & CHAS. HOLT.**

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## OFFICIAL DIRECTORY.

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**UNITED STATES SUPREME COURT.**  
Chief Justice.....ROBERT H. TANEY.  
Associate Justice.....JOHN McLEAN.  
do do.....JAMES M. WAYNE.  
do do.....JOHN A. CAMPBELL.  
do do.....PETER V. DANIEL.  
do do.....SAMUEL NELSON.  
do do.....ROBERT C. GIBBS.  
do do.....BENJAMIN R. CURTIS.  
Reporter.....BENJAMIN C. HOWARD.

**UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR WISCONSIN.**  
U. S. Judge for the District of Wisconsin, A. G. MILLER.  
U. S. District Attorney.....JOHN R. SHAWNEE.  
U. S. Marshal.....S. V. H. ARLEMAN.

**UNITED STATES SENATORS.**  
HENRY DOUGLASS, of Dodgeville, Iowa County.  
ISAAC F. WALKER, of Waukesha.

**REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS.**  
First District.....DANIEL WELLS, Jr., of Milwaukee.  
Second District.....BEN C. RAYMAN, of Milwaukee.  
Third District.....JOHN B. MACY, of Fond du Lac.

**LAND OFFICERS.**  
Register.....J. H. KIMBALL.  
Receiver.....JOHN WHITNEY.

**MINERAL POINT.**  
Register.....JOHN C. SQUIRES.  
Receiver.....HENRY O. FLOWMAN.

**LA CROSSE.**  
Register.....CYRUS K. LORD.  
Receiver.....THURGOOD KOBOLD.

**MEWAHA.**  
Register.....JOHN A. BRYAN.  
Receiver.....B. H. MOONSH.

**WILLOW RIVER.**  
Register.....JOHN O. HENNING.  
Receiver.....OTIS HOTT.

**STEVENS POINT.**  
Register.....ABRAHAM BRAWLEY.  
Receiver.....A. G. ELLIS.

**WISCONSIN STATE OFFICERS.**  
Governor.....WM. A. BARSTOW.  
Lieutenant Governor.....JAS. T. LEWIS.  
Secretary of State.....ALEX. T. GRAY.  
Assistant Sec'y of State.....JOHN W. HUNT.  
Treasurer.....EDWARD H. JANSSEN.  
Assistant Treasurer.....DAN M. CHASE.  
Attorney General.....GEORGE B. SMITH.  
Superintendent Public Instruction.....H. A. WRIGHT.  
Bank Comptroller.....WM. M. DENNIS.  
Deputy Bank Comptroller.....J. M. DENNIS.  
State Prison Commissioner.....A. W. STANLEY.  
State Librarian.....A. KUCK.

**WISCONSIN SUPREME COURT.**  
Chief Justice.....EDWARD S. WHITON.  
Associate Justices.....A. D. SMITH, SAM. CHAPMAN.

**CIRCUIT JUDGES.**  
First District.....DOUGLASS, Racine.  
Second District.....LEVI HUNTER, Milwaukee.  
Third District.....CHARLES H. LARABEE, Okauchee.  
Fourth District.....THOMAS O. HOWE, Green Bay.  
Fifth District.....M. M. COTTER, Mineral Point.  
Sixth District.....W. K. ROYCE, Prairie du Chien.  
Seventh District.....GEORGE W. CATY, Portage.

**OFFICERS OF STATE AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.**  
President.....JAMES C. SMITH.  
Secretary.....JAMES C. SMITH.  
Treasurer.....JAMES C. SMITH.

**OFFICERS OF ROCK COUNTY.**  
County Judge.....JOSEPH A. PRICHARD.  
Clerk of the Court.....GEORGE W. CHASE.  
Sheriff.....WILLIAM H. HOWARD.  
Under Sheriff.....JEROME D. DAVIS.  
District Attorney.....WILLIAM S. HUNT.  
Register.....DAN M. CHASE.  
Treasurer.....R. F. FRASER.  
Clerk of the Board of Supervisors.....CHAS. P. KING.  
Surveyor.....PETER McVAY.  
Coroner.....CARL CHAPIN.

**OFFICERS OF THE CITY OF JANESVILLE.**  
Mayor.....J. HOWELL, DOE.  
President of the Board.....JOHN J. PEARCE.  
Clerk.....AMOS PRICHARD.  
Marshal.....CHARLES YATES.  
Treasurer.....JOHN W. WHITE.  
Attorney.....O. C. MERRINMAN.  
School Superintendent.....JAMES C. SMITH.  
Assessor.....JOHN L. KIMBALL.  
Surveyor.....A. B. MILLER.

**ALDERMEN.**  
First Ward.....B. F. FIDLEY, JAMES H. O'NEILL, R. B. TRACY.  
Second Ward.....R. P. REASE, E. L. DUMOCK, TIMOTHY JACKMAN.  
Third Ward.....E. A. HOWLAND, E. S. H. H. O. CLARK.  
Fourth Ward.....G. H. WILLISTON, IN. MILITON, WM. F. COBB.

**JUSTICES OF THE PEACE.**  
First Ward.....S. J. BELTON.  
Second Ward.....A. C. KATES.  
Third Ward.....L. D. FIELD.  
Fourth Ward.....N. M. CAMBER.

**CITY PHYSICIANS.**  
E. LEWIS, R. B. TRACY, O. F. ROBINSON.

**CABINET AND FURNITURE WARE HOUSE.**  
THE SUBSCRIBER is prepared to furnish all kinds of Cabinet Ware and Furniture, of the latest styles and at the most reasonable prices.  
His Shop is on  
Main Street, in Richardson's Block,  
where he invites the public to CALL and EXAMINE his goods. All kinds of Cabinet Work done to order, on short notice.  
J. F. MORTSE.  
JANESVILLE, August 20, 1858.

**Just Arrived.**  
20,000 FEET of heavy squared timber containing all kinds of Oak, Elm and Maple choice quality, lying on the ground east of the Distillery, for purchasers. Terms—CASH. Enquire at Jackson & Co.'s store of  
JANESVILLE, June 24, 1854.

**Janesville Mill to Let.**  
THE Property known as the JANESVILLE MILL, will be leased for one or more years from the 1st of August next.  
The Mill has a run of stone, and is capable of making 400 barrels of flour per day. Apply to  
J. B. DOE.

**WATER LIME.**—Best Buffalo Lime For Sale by quantity.  
I. M. SMITH.

## BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

**FARWELL & BRO.**  
Wholesale and Retail Druggists, Excelsior Block, Milwaukee street.

**TREAT & EVANS.**  
Physicians and Surgeons. Office in Empire Block, Janesville, Wisconsin.

**JAMES SUTHERLAND.**  
Wholesale and Retail Bookseller and Stationer—Lapin's new brick block, east side the river, Janesville.

**H. S. SHELTON.**  
Dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Crockery, &c., east side the river, Main-st., Janesville.

**JANESVILLE FOUNDRY AND MACHINE SHOP.**  
A short distance north of the Stevens House, J. H. BUDD, Proprietor.

**DR. M. H. BUTLER.**  
Physician and Surgeon. Plymouth Rock county, Wis. Office and residence convenient to Barlow's Hotel, Plymouth.

**G. W. CHITTENDEN, M. D.**  
Homeopathic Physician and Surgeon. Office at his residence—Brick Cottage, west of the Episcopal Church.

**F. W. EHRHICH.**  
Confectioner, Ice Cream Saloon, &c., Main street, opposite the Post office, Janesville. Every attention paid to customers.

**E. B. & J. F. DRAKE.**  
Have for sale a large stock of Fruit and Ornamental Trees, Flowering Shrubs, &c., at the Janesville Nursery, 7 1/2 mile west of the river.

**TRUSDELL, JORDAN & BENNETT.**  
Attorneys at Law and Real Estate Agents. Office in Empire Block, Janesville.

**SANFORD A. HUDSON.**  
Attorney and Counsellor at Law and Solicitor in Chancery. Office in Lapin's Block, over the Bookstore, Janesville Wisconsin.

**CASE & ARMSTRONG.**  
Attorneys and Counsellors at Law and Solicitors in Chancery. Office in the Empire Block, Janesville.

**DOY & BURNHAM.**  
Sash, Door and Blind Manufacturers, one door north of City's Mechanics Block, Main-st., Janesville, Wis., where at all times a complete assortment of the above articles may be found.

**DR. JOSEPH S. LANE.**  
Resident Physician and Surgeon, in the village of Janesville. Office at his dwelling, west side of the river, near the Baptist Church, where he may be found at all times when not professionally absent.

**JACKMAN, PARKER & CO.**  
Wholesale and Retail Merchants. Dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Crockery, Boots, Shoes, &c. Store corner of Main and Milwaukee streets, Janesville.

**A. B. MILLER.**  
Surveyor and Civil Engineer, and Notary Public. Surveying, leveling, drafting, &c., promptly attended to. Office west side the river, in the R. F. V. U. R. R. ofice, Janesville, March 24, 1852.

**HOLDEN, KEMP & CO.**  
Druggists and Apothecaries. Dealers in Paints, Oils, Glass and Groceries. General Agents for the most approved Patent Medicines.

**J. D. DOE.**  
Banker and Exchange Broker—Office in Tallman's Block, Janesville, Wisconsin.

**SLOAN & PATTEN.**  
Attorneys and Counsellors at Law and Solicitors in Chancery. Main street, Janesville, Wisconsin.

**M. F. MEYER'S TOBACCO & CIGAR STORE.**  
Main street, Janesville, keeps always on hand a variety of Cigars, Loose Cigarettes, Smoking and Plug Tobacco. A superior article of Wine and Liquors also ways on hand.

**J. DEWITT REXFORD.**  
Attorney at Law, and Real Estate Broker in Chancery. Also, agent for the Continental Insurance Company of New York City, having a cash capital of half a million dollars. Office over the store of Cooley & Babcock, Janesville, Wisconsin.

**T. B. WOOLSCROFT.**  
Baker and Confectioner, No. 1, Lapin's Block, corner of Main and Milwaukee streets. All kinds of Cakes, Breads, Cakes, Biscuits, &c., made to order, and all other kinds of confectionery served up on the shortest notice.

**PIXLEY & KIMBALL.**  
Sign of the Big Star, Richardson's Block, Main-st., Dealers in Heavy and Shelf Hardware, Stoves, Bar Iron, Steel, Nails, &c., and Manufacturers of Tin, Sheet Iron and Copper Ware. [Janesville, May 24, 1854.]

**NEW YORK CASH STORE.**  
M. C. Smith & Co., Wholesale and Retail dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Hats and Caps, Bonnets, Ready-Made Clothing, Paints, Oils, and every kind of Merchandise, at the very lowest cash prices.

**MERCHANTS' HOTEL.**  
La Salle-st., between Lake and South Water, CHICAGO, ILL.  
E. MOORE, proprietor, (late of Syracuse, N. Y.) This House has been thoroughly refitted and newly furnished. Omnibuses always in attendance to convey passengers to and from the house. Baggage free.

**W. H. WATERMAN.**  
Storage, Forwarding and Commission Merchant, South Pier, Racine, Wis. Particular attention paid to the forwarding and collecting of Goods.

**ELDRIDGE & PEASE.**  
Attorneys, Counsellors and Solicitors, will attend to the prosecution and settlement of all claims. County level and other claims against the United States obtained by them promptly, having an agent in Washington to prosecute them in person. Also, General Land and Loan Agents, Notaries, &c. Office in Empire Block, Janesville, Wis.

**OGILVIE & BARROWS.**  
Philadelpia Drug Store, Janesville.  
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Foreign and Domestic Drugs, French, English and American Chemicals, Paints, Oils and Dyes, Painters' and Artists' Materials and Colors. Wines and Liquors for Medicinal uses, Druggists Glass Ware, Surgical Instruments, Dental Instruments, Fancy Articles, Perfumery, Patent Medicines, etc. etc. etc. etc.

**DENTISTRY.**  
DR. B. F. PENDLETON,  
Surgeon Dentist, is prepared to operate in every branch of his profession. Chloroform administered when desired. Office corner Main and Milwaukee streets, over Eble & Co.'s Jewelry Store.

**DR. L. ALBORN,**  
DENTIST,  
Exchange Block, West end upper bridge, Milwaukee st. Janesville, April 25, 1853.

**50 BARRELS NEW SALT for sale**  
Low.

## INSURANCE.

**Dodge's Insurance Agency.**  
CAPITAL \$1,500,000 00!!!  
TRAVELERS INSURANCE COMPANY, HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT.  
HARTFORD INSURANCE COMPANY, HARTFORD, CONN.  
PROTECTION INSURANCE COMPANY, HARTFORD, CONN.  
FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, HARTFORD, CONN.

**LIFE, FIRE, LIVE STOCK AND MARINE**  
RISKS negotiated to any amount.  
Refer to over \$10,000 00 Losses paid in Rock county.

Office with Sleeper & Norton, Exchange Block, West side of River, Janesville, Wisconsin.  
GEO. S. DODGE.

**Fire Insurance Agency.**  
CONTINENTAL INSURANCE COMPANY OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK—Capital a half million of Dollars, all paid in cash and safely invested.  
HOME INSURANCE COMPANY, Office No. 10, Wall street, New York, Cash Capital \$500,000.

The above are the most sound and reliable stock companies now doing business, and the subscriber is prepared to take risks in them at such rates as make it an object for persons desiring to be safely insured to take policies in these companies.  
J. DEWITT REXFORD, Agent.  
May 30th, 1851.

**Life, Fire & Marine Ins. Agency.**  
THE subscriber is now prepared to negotiate Insurance on Stocks of Goods, Stores, Dwellings and Household Furniture to any amount in the New England, and New York companies. Marine risks taken at equitable rates.

**Milwaukee, Refer to**  
A. W. WHITMORE, firm of A. Whitmore & Co.  
C. T. BRADLEY, do. Bradley & Metcalf.  
G. D. NORRIS, do. G. D. Norris.  
J. NARRO, do. H. Narro & Co.  
MARSHALL & TINSLEY, do. H. Narro & Co.

**Holden, Kemp & Co., A. W. WHEATCROFT, H. WOODRUFF, CHAS. PULKER, Office in Wheelock's Store.**  
June 15th, 1854.

**New England Mutual Life Ins.,**  
Of Boston, Mass., Chartered in 1843,  
Capital and accumulation, \$650,000.  
THIS Company is one of the oldest, and among the most prudently and successfully conducted in the country. The primary object in conducting its business has been to provide perfect security under all conceivable circumstances, for the payment of its losses under its policies, and to return to the insured the surplus at stated periods, and strict economy is observed.

Every insured person is a member of the company and shares in the profits of the business, and is subject to no liability or assessments beyond his premium. The directors are required to be peculiarly interested in the company, as they give to their personal attention; and bonds of sufficient security are given by its officers for the faithful performance of their duties. Insurance may be effected for the benefit of the wife, which is secured to her by law beyond the reach of a husband's creditors; and creditors may insure the lives of debtors.

WILLIAM PHILLIPS, President; B. F. STEVENS, Secy.; CHAS. PULKER, Agent.  
O. P. ROBINSON, Examining Physician.  
June 18th, 1854.

**Fire, Marine & Life Insurance**  
NEW YORK CITY INSURANCE COMPANY,  
Capital \$1,000,000.  
NATIONAL PROTECTION SAVINGS SPRINGS,  
Capital \$200,000.  
NORTHERN NEW YORK INS. CO., PLATTSBURGH, N. Y.,  
Capital \$200,000.  
AMERICAN INSURANCE CO., UTICA, N. Y.,  
Capital \$200,000.  
DODGE COUNTY MUTUAL, WAUPES, Wis.,  
Capital \$150,000.  
MILWAUKEE MUTUAL, MILWAUKEE, Wis.,  
Capital \$150,000.  
BELOIT INSURANCE COMPANY, ROCK COUNTY, Wis.,  
Capital \$100,000.  
BOON COUNTY INSURANCE COMPANY, ILLINOIS,  
Capital \$100,000.  
AMERICAN TEMPERANCE LIFE INSURANCE CO.,  
of Hartford, Ct., Capital \$100,000.  
NORTHERN NEW YORK LIFE STOCK INS. CO.,  
Capital \$40,000.  
COMMERCIAL INSURANCE CO., MILWAUKEE, Wis.,  
Capital \$500,000, (\$100,000 paid in).

The undersigned has been duly appointed Agent of the above named companies, and is now prepared to take risks and issue policies upon all kinds of insurable property at the lowest rates of premium.  
Office at Emerald Grove, Rock Co., Wis., or at the Janesville City Bank of H. H. DUNSTON.

CHAS. C. CHENEY,  
Agent for the North-west.

**Highly Important to Farmers.**  
THE ONLY EXCLUSIVE FARMERS' INSURANCE COMPANY IN THE WEST.  
**THE MADISON MUTUAL,**  
LOCATED AT MADISON, WISCONSIN.

THIS Company continues to take risks upon Farm Property only, consisting of buildings of all kinds, (belonging to farmers,) household furniture, grain in barns, live stock, &c., from one to five years, at lower rates than most other responsible companies. All losses promptly paid at the office as soon as proof is made thereon.

We believe it to be for the interest of the farmers to insure by themselves, their property being less hazardous than any other, consequently they will have no losses only so long as the same class, and all will be on an equal footing.

Experience has shown that two-thirds, if not three-fourths of all the fires that occur are upon stores, taverns, mills, shops and such places. In this company all such property is rejected positively, by LETTING THEM ALONE.

Farmers, look to your own interest, and insure in a Farmer's Company.

We have been doing business a little over three years, and we have not been obliged to assess our premium notes, and for the last fourteen months we have not had a single dollar loss, though doing a large and prosperous business, which we believe to be without a parallel in the history of insurance.

The best of references given as to the responsibility of the company.

TRAVELING AGENTS Wanted for Wisconsin, Iowa, Minnesota, Illinois, Indiana and Michigan.  
N. W. DEAN, President.  
B. F. HOPKINS, Secretary.  
C. C. OLIN, Gen. Agent.  
L. J. FARWELL, Treasurer.

**FANNING MILLS.**  
MADE by the Subscriber, which draw the MILL PREMIUM from the New York State Fair, and improved so as to separate Oats from Wheat, which are WARRANTED SUPERIOR to any in use in the United States.

Will be sold from his shop at RACINE and also at JANESVILLE, near the Stevens House, on the west side of the river, where he believes to be without a parallel in the history of insurance.

Fanning Mills on hand at all times and sold Cheap for Cash or produce of any kind.

Also delivered to any point within 80 miles when ordered.

Capt. H. BRACE acts as Agent in selling from Janesville, to any extent.

The subscriber has now invested a large amount of Capital in his operations, and has spared no expense in perfecting his works, and will give careful attention to the preparation of his materials. His location and the convenience of easy access to his Mill and Quarry, together with the superior character of his Materials, induces him to believe that he can give satisfaction to all who employ him.

JANESVILLE, Jan. 30, 1854.

**FORD'S HISTORY OF ILLINOIS**  
Just received and for sale at  
SUTHERLAND'S BOOKSTORE.  
June 12, 1854.

## Chicago Advertisements.

**R. D. ADAMS & Co.,**  
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN  
Straw, Leghorn & Fancy Bonnets,  
Flowers, Ribbons, Millinery Goods,  
Hats, Caps, &c.,  
157 SOUTH WATER STREET,  
(Corner of La Salle Street),  
Chicago, Illinois.

**NEW PAPER WAREHOUSE.**  
THE Subscribers having opened a Warehouse in this city would respectfully call the attention of Printers, Publishers, Stationers & COUNTRY MERCHANTS, TO THEIR STOCK.

Our long experience in the business and connection with Eastern Manufacturers, enables us to present a  
**STOCK UNEQUALLED**  
in quality and price.

500 Tons Rag wanted.  
WARREN & CO.  
20 La Salle Block, No. 2 La Salle St., Chicago.

**FIELD, BENEDICT & Co.**  
Wholesale Dealers  
IN IMPORTED AND AMERICAN  
**BROADCLOTHS,**  
Black & Fancy Cassimeres & Doe Skins,  
LONDON AND PARIS VESTINGS,  
HEAVY WOOLENS AND SUMMER STUFFS,  
Furnishing Goods & Tailors Trimmings,  
171 South Water St., Chicago, Ill.  
HENS. M. FIELD, AMZ. BENEDICT, PETER W. FIELD.

**Wholesale Hardware House.**  
NO 176 LAKE STREET, CHICAGO.

**WILLIAM BLAIR & Co.**  
IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE DEALERS  
in Foreign and American HARDWARE, TIN PLATE, &c., have in Store a large and complete stock of goods, received direct from the Manufacturers in this country and England.

Our stock may be found the following, to which we invite the attention of dealers.

400 doz. Axes—Collins, Simmons, and others.  
500 Shovels—Ames, Rowlands do  
100 Spades do do do  
400 Grass Scythes—Blood's, Harris, do  
300 Scythe Stems—Lambson's Patent.  
200 gross Saws—Indian and Pond, &c.  
400 doz. Cast Steel Hoes.  
6000 do Hay Forks.  
2000 Table Cutlery, assorted.  
2000 Pockets do do  
1000 Locks and Latches, assorted.  
1200 Files do do  
10000 Bright Oil Chain.  
15000 Black Oil Chain.  
500 pair Bright Traces.  
600 boxes Tin Plate, 16, 18, and extra sizes.  
800 bundles Sheet Iron.  
500 Assorted Wire.  
6000 lbs. Sheet Zinc.  
20 set Japanned and Pressed Tin Ware, full assortment.

WILLIAM BLAIR, C. B. NEWMAN.

**G. H. & L. LAFLIN,**  
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,  
AND MANUFACTURERS' AGENTS.  
175 SOUTH WATER STREET,  
CHICAGO. : : : ILLINOIS.

**SOLE AGENTS FOR LAPIN BROTHER'S**  
Laid and Wove Letter, Cap, Flat-Cap, Medium, Demi and other Papers;  
CRANE & Co.'s Superior Colored Medium, Bond, Twelve and Envelope papers;  
SMITH & Co.'s Printing Cards, and Card Board;  
LOOMIS & Co.'s Domestic and Imported Cigars;  
THOS. C. MILLER & Co.'s Tobaccos;  
Westfield Whips and Lashes;  
LAPIN & Co.'s Celebrated Gun Powder and Safety Fuse, &c.

**Sky-Light Daguerreotypes.**  
GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICE.  
75 Cents to \$5.00.

MR. J. E. POWERS, lately from Troy, (N. Y.) respectfully informs the Ladies and Gentlemen of this place and vicinity that he has made a permanent location in Janesville, and has taken rooms over FIDLEY'S JEWELRY STORE, where he is prepared to take  
**Daguerreotype Likenesses.**

Either single or in groups, not to be surpassed in Wisconsin. Miniatures taken in as good style as the Art can produce, having all the improved chemicals of the age, which, together with the advantages of a superior light, enable him to give a clear, bold and life-like picture.

Miniatures taken in all weathers equally well, and warranted not to fade in the least, from 75 cents to \$1. Pictures taken over for 50 cents.

Ladies and fancy cases of all styles furnished to order, and also miniatures in Pin and Bracelets.

Miniatures of sick or diseased persons taken at their residences if required.

Portraits of Children of any age correctly taken at very low rates.

His Room will be open from 7 A. M. to 5 P. M., and he invites all those that wish to see GOOD Pictures, to call and examine his Specimens, whether they wish likenesses or not.

Among these specimens are Miniatures of Henry Clay, John P. Hale, Jenny Lind and General Tom Thumb.

Instructions given in the art on reasonable terms.  
JANESVILLE, Dec. 1, 1852.

**TO BUILDERS.**  
Materials Furnished.

THE SUBSCRIBER is now prepared to furnish BUILDING MATERIALS in any quantity, and CHEAPER than can be sold any where else in this vicinity. Working one of the very best Quarries in the State, and possessing superior facilities for getting Out and Dressing Stone, manufacturing himself Quick Lime, and having put in perfect operation his MILL for the manufacture of Water Lime, he can offer superior inducements to builders for the purchase of these articles. His

Has been fully tested, and found to be of an excellent quality, and he is now prepared to WARRANT it in all cases, and offer it at a price making it an object to buy in bulk.

**Building Stone.**  
It is not too much to say he is in advance of all competitors. He can furnish them in the rough, or dressed, in any quantity, or of any size, and cheaper than can be found elsewhere.

**Quick Lime.**  
Always on hand, and orders can be filled at all times, and to any extent.

The subscriber has now invested a large amount of Capital in his operations, and has spared no expense in perfecting his works, and will give careful attention to the preparation of his materials. His location and the convenience of easy access to his Mill and Quarry, together with the superior character of his Materials, induces him to believe that he can give satisfaction to all who employ him.

JANESVILLE, Jan. 30, 1854.

**FORD'S HISTORY OF ILLINOIS**  
Just received and for sale at  
SUTHERLAND'S BOOKSTORE.  
June 12, 1854.

## RAILROADS.

**Summer Arrangement.**  
1854 MILWAUKEE 1854  
And Mississippi Railroad.  
NOW in operation from Milwaukee to Madison, about 100 miles.  
On and after May 20th, 1854, the trains will run as follows, except Sundays:

**GOING WESTWARDLY.**  
A passenger train will leave Milwaukee at 7:30 A. M., on the arrival of the boat from Chicago, and reach Janesville and Madison the same evening.

A passenger train will also leave Milwaukee at 5:15 P. M., on the arrival of the boat from Chicago, and reach Janesville and Madison the same evening.

**GOING EASTWARDLY.**  
A passenger train will leave Madison for the present at 3 A. M., and Janesville at 3:30 P. M., and arrive at Milwaukee at 8:30 A. M., in time to connect with the morning boat to Chicago.

A passenger train will also leave Madison at 1:30 P. M., and Janesville at 2:30 P. M., and arrive at Milwaukee at 7:15 P. M., in time to connect with the evening boat for Chicago.

Freight trains run each way every day the entire length of the line.



# Janesville Daily Gazette.

VOLUME 1.

JANESVILLE, WISCONSIN, JULY 27, 1854.

NUMBER 16.

## THE DAILY GAZETTE

Is published every morning, Sundays excepted, in the third story of Bennett & Clapp's Empire Block, Main street, by  
**LEVI ALDEN & CHAS. HOLT.**

### TERMS:

Five Dollars a year, payable quarterly in advance.

### RATES OF ADVERTISING:

1 square, 3 weeks, \$3 50  
1 " 6 months, 6 00  
1 " 1 year, 10 00  
1 " 2 years, 18 00  
1 " 3 years, 25 00  
Cards in "Business Directory" inserted at 75 cent per year.

Special notices immediately after reading matter, fifty per cent above common rates of advertising.

## OFFICIAL DIRECTORY.

### UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT.

President.....FRANKLIN PIERCE.  
Secretary of State.....WILLIAM L. MARCY.  
Secretary of the Treasury.....JAMES GUTHRIE.  
Secretary of the Interior.....ROBERT MCLELLAND.  
Secretary of the Navy.....JAMES C. DOBBS.  
Postmaster General.....JAMES CAMPBELL.  
Attorney General.....CALEB CUSHING.  
Vice President.....DAVID A. RICHMOND.  
Speaker of the House.....LYNN BOYD.

### UNITED STATES SUPREME COURT.

Chief Justice.....ROBERT B. TANEY.  
Associate Justice.....JOHN MCLEAN.  
do do.....JAMES M. WAYNE.  
do do.....JOHN CATLER.  
do do.....JOHN A. CAMPBELL.  
do do.....PETER V. DANIEL.  
do do.....SAMUEL NELSON.  
do do.....BENJAMIN R. CURTIS.  
Reporter.....BENJAMIN C. HOWARD.

### UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR WISCONSIN.

U. S. Judge for the District of Wisconsin, A. G. MILLER.  
U. S. District Attorney.....JOHN E. SAWYER.  
U. S. Marshal.....S. V. R. ARLEMAN.

### UNITED STATES SENATORS.

HENRY DODGE, of Dodgeville, Iowa County.  
ISAAC P. WALKER, of Waukegan.

### REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS.

First District.....DANIEL WELLS, Jr., of Milwaukee.  
Second District.....BEN. C. BARTMAN, of Platteville.  
Third District.....JOHN B. MACY, of Fond du Lac.

### LAND OFFICERS.

Register.....J. H. KIMBALL.  
Receiver.....J. H. KIMBALL.  
Register.....JOHN C. SQUIRE.  
Receiver.....HENRY O. PLOWMAN.  
Register.....LA CROIX.  
Receiver.....CYRUS K. LOMB.  
Register.....MENASHA.  
Receiver.....JOHN A. BRYAN.  
Register.....B. H. MOORE.  
Register.....JOHN O. HENNING.  
Receiver.....OTIS HOTT.  
Register.....STEVENS POINT.  
Receiver.....ABRAHAM BRADLEY.  
Receiver.....A. G. ELLIS.

### WISCONSIN STATE OFFICERS.

Governor.....WM. A. BARSTOW.  
Private Secretary.....E. M. HUNTER.  
Secretary of State.....J. R. T. LEWIS.  
Assistant Sec'y of State.....ALEX. T. GRAY.  
Treasurer.....JOHN W. HUNT.  
Attorney General.....EDWARD H. JANSSEN.  
Superintendent Public Instruction.....WM. M. DENNIS.  
Bank Commissioner.....H. M. DENNIS.  
Deputy Bank Commissioner.....A. MERRIS.  
State Prison Commissioner.....W. STUBBS.  
State Librarian.....A. KREIER.

### WISCONSIN SUPREME COURT.

Chief Justice.....J. R. T. LEWIS.  
Associate Justices.....A. D. SMITH, SAM. CRAWFORD.

### CIRCUIT JUDGES.

First District.....LEWIS HUBBELL, Milwaukee.  
Second District.....CHARLES H. LARABEE, Oshkosh.  
Third District.....TIMOTHY O. HOWE, Green Bay.  
Fourth District.....M. M. COVENEY, Mineral Point.  
Fifth District.....W. E. KNOWLTON, Prairie du Chien.  
Sixth District.....GEORGE W. CATTE, Portage.

### OFFICERS OF STATE AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.

President.....E. W. EDWARDS.  
Secretary.....A. C. INGHAM.

### OFFICERS OF ROCK COUNTY.

County Judge.....J. R. PRICHARD.  
Clerk of the Court.....GEORGE W. CHASE.  
Sheriff.....WILLIAM H. HOWARD.  
Under Sheriff.....JEROME B. DAVIS.  
District Attorney.....WILLIAM S. ROCKWELL.  
Register.....S. A. MARTIN.  
Treasurer.....R. F. FRASER.  
Clerk of the Board of Supervisors.....CHARLES P. KING.  
Surveyor.....PETER MCNEAL.  
Coroner.....CALVIN CHAPIN.

### OFFICERS OF THE CITY OF JANESVILLE.

Mayor.....J. BOWELL DOR.  
President of the Board.....JOHN J. R. PRASE.  
Clerk.....JAMES PRICHARD.  
Marshal.....CHARLES YATES.  
Treasurer.....JOHN W. WHITE.  
School Superintendent.....JAMES BUTLER.  
Surveyor.....JOHN L. KIMBALL.  
First Ward.....B. F. PIXLEY, JAMES H. OLLIVE, R. B. TRAY.  
Second Ward.....J. R. PRASE, E. L. DUNOCH, TIMOTHY JACMAN.  
Third Ward.....A. HOWLAND, L. E. STONE, H. O. CLARK.  
Fourth Ward.....G. H. WILLISTON, IRA MILITON, WM. P. COBB.

### JUSTICES OF THE PEACE.

First Ward.....R. J. BELTON.  
Second Ward.....A. C. BATES.  
Third Ward.....L. F. FIELD.  
Fourth Ward.....N. M. CARRIER.

### CITY PHYSICIANS.

E. LEWIS, R. B. TRAY, O. P. ROBINSON.

## CABINET AND FURNITURE WARE HOUSE.

THE SUBSCRIBER is prepared to furnish all kinds of Cabinet Ware and Furniture, of the latest styles and at the most reasonable prices.  
His Shop is in Richardson's Block, where he invites the public to CALL and EXAMINE HIS GOODS. All kinds of Cabinet Work done to order, on short notice.  
J. F. MORE.  
Janesville, August 20, 1858.

## Just Arrived.

20,000 FEET of heavy squared timber consisting of Oak, Elm and Maple choice quality, lying on the ground east of the Distillery, for purchase. Terms—CASH. Enquire at Jackson & Co's store of  
J. KERR.  
Janesville, June 24, 1854

## Janesville Mill to Let.

THE Property known as the JANESVILLE MILL, will be leased for one or more years from the 1st of August next.  
This mill has 6 run of stone, and is capable of making 300 barrels of flour per day. Apply to  
J. B. DOE.

## WATER LIME.—Best Buffalo Lime

For Sale by quantity. I. M. SMITH.

## BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

**FARWELL & BRO.,**  
Wholesale and Retail Druggists, Excelsior Block, Milwaukee street.

**TREAT & EVANS,**  
Physicians and Surgeons. Office in Empire Block, Janesville, Wisconsin.

**JAMES SUTHERLAND,**  
Wholesale and Retail Bookseller and Stationer—Lapin's new brick block, east side the river, Janesville.

**H. S. SHELTON,**  
Dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Crockery, &c., east side the river, Main-st., Janesville.

**JANESVILLE FOUNDRY AND MACHINE SHOP,**  
A short distance north of the Stevens House, J. H. BUDD, Proprietor.

**DR. M. H. BUTLER,**  
Physician and Accoucher, Plymouth, Rock county, Wis. Office and residence convenient to Barlow's Hotel, Plymouth.

**G. W. CHITTENDEN, M. D.,**  
Homeopathic Physician and Surgeon. Office at his residence—Brick Cottage, west of the Episcopal Church.

**F. W. EHRLICH,**  
Confectioner, Ice Cream Saloon, &c., Main street, opposite the Post Office, Janesville. Every attention paid to customers.

**E. B. & J. F. DRAKE,**  
Have for sale a large stock of Fruit and Ornamental Trees, Flowering Shrubs, &c., at the Janesville Nursery, 1/2 mile west of the river.

**TRUSDELL, JORDAN & BENNETT,**  
Attorneys at Law and Real Estate Agents. Office in Empire Block, Janesville.

**SANFORD A. HUDSON,**  
Attorney and Counselor at Law and Solicitor in Chancery. Office in Lapin's Block, over the Bookstore, Janesville Wisconsin.

**CASE & ARMSTRONG,**  
Attorneys and Counselors at Law and Solicitors in Chancery. Office in the Empire Block, Janesville.

**DOTY & BURNHAM,**  
Sash, Door and Blind Manufacturers, one door north of Doty's Mechanic's Block, Main-st., Janesville, Wis., where at all times a complete assortment of the above articles may be found.

**DR. JOSEPH S. LANE,**  
Resident Physician and Surgeon, in the village of Janesville. Office at his dwelling, west side of the river, near the Baptist Church, where he may be found at all times when not professionally absent.

**JACKMAN, PARKER & CO.,**  
Wholesale and Retail Merchants. Dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Crockery, Boots, Shoes, &c. Store corner of Main and Milwaukee streets, Janesville.

**A. B. MILLER,**  
Surveyor and Civil Engineer, and Notary Public. Surveys, leveling, drafting, &c., promptly attended to. Office west side the river, in the R. V. U. R. R. of. Janesville, March 24, 1852.

**HOLDEN, KEMP & CO.,**  
Druggists and Apothecaries. Dealers in Paints, Oils, Glass and Groceries. General Agents for the most approved Patent Medicines.

**J. B. DOE,**  
Banker and Exchange Broker—Office in Tallman's Block, Janesville, Wisconsin.

**SLOAN & PATTEN,**  
Attorneys and Counselors at Law and Solicitors in Chancery. Main street, Janesville, Wisconsin.

**O. F. MEYER'S TOBACCO & CIGAR STORE,**  
Main street, Janesville, keeps always on hand a variety of Cigars, Loose Chewing, Smoking and Plug Tobacco. A superior article of Wine and Liquors also always on hand.

**J. DEWITT REXFORD,**  
Attorney and Counselor at Law and Solicitor in Chancery. Also, agent for the Continental Insurance Company of New York City, having a cash capital of Half a million dollars. Office over the store of Cooley & Babcock, Janesville, Wisconsin.

**T. B. WOOLSCROFT,**  
Baker and Confectioner, No. 1, Lapin's Block, corner of Main and Milwaukee streets. All kinds of Cakes, Pies, Crackers, Breads, Candies, Syrups, Ice Cream, and all other kinds of eatables served up on the shortest notice.

**PIXLEY & KIMBALL,**  
Sign of the Big Bear, Richardson's Block, Main-st., Dealers in Heavy and Soft Hardware, Stoves, Tin Iron, Steel, Nails, &c., and Manufacturers of Tin Sheet Iron and Copper Ware. [Janesville, May 24, 1854.]

**NEW YORK CASH STORE,**  
M. C. SMITH & Co., Wholesale and Retail dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Saddlery, Crockery, Shoes, Iron, Steel, Nails, &c., and Manufacturers of Ready-Made Clothing, Paints, Oils, and every kind of Merchandise, at the very lowest cash prices.

**MERCHANTS' HOTEL,**  
La Salle-st., between Lake and South Water, Chicago, Ill.

**E. MOORE,** proprietor, (late of Syracuse, N. Y.) This House has been thoroughly renovated and newly furnished. Omnibuses wait in attendance to convey passengers to and from the house. Baggage free. Board \$1 00 per day.

**W. H. WATERMAN,**  
Storage, Forwarding and Commission Merchant, South Pier, Racine, Wis. Particular attention paid to the Purchase and Shipment of Produce.

**REYNOLDS, McCrea, Bell & Ullman, Lee & Dickinson,**  
S. T. Richmond, Isaac Taylor, Racine; Jackson & Smith, Lawrence, Strong & Co., H. O. Wilson, J. L. Kimball & Co., Holden, Kemp & Co., Janesville.

**ELDRIDGE & PEASE,**  
Attorneys, Counselors and Solicitors, will attend to the prosecution and settlement of all claims. Bounty Land and other claims against the United States obtained by them promptly, having an agent in Washington to prosecute them in person. Also, General Land and Loan Agents, Notaries, &c. Office in Empire Block, Janesville, Wis.

**OGILVIE & BARROWS,**  
Philadelphia Drug Store, Janesville.

**DR. B. F. PENDLETON,**  
Surgeon Dentist, is prepared to operate in every branch of his profession. Chloroform administered when desired. Office corner Main and Milwaukee streets, over Eble & Co's Jewelry Store.

**DR. L. ARNOLD,**  
DENTIST,  
Exchange Block, West end upper bridge, Milwaukee st. Janesville, April 28, 1853.

**50 BARRELS NEW SALT for sale**  
Low. [40] I. M. SMITH.

## INSURANCE.

**Dodge's Insurance Agency,**  
CAPITAL \$1,500,000 00!!!

ATNA INSURANCE COMPANY, HARTFORD CONNECTICUT.  
HARTFORD INSURANCE COMPANY, HARTFORD, CONN.  
PROTECTION INSURANCE COMPANY, HARTFORD, CONN.  
CITY FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, HARTFORD, CONN.

**LIFE, FIRE, LIVE STOCK AND MARINE**  
RISKS negotiated to any amount.  
Refer to over \$10,000 00 Losses paid in Rock county.

Office with Sleeper & Norton, Exchange Block, West side of River, Janesville, Wisconsin.  
J. DEWITT REXFORD, Agent.

**Fire Insurance Agency.**  
CONTINENTAL INSURANCE COMPANY OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK.—Capital a half million of Dollars, all paid in cash and safely invested.

HOME INSURANCE COMPANY, Office No. 10, Wall street, New York, Cash Capital \$500,000.

The above are the most sound and reliable stock companies now doing business, and the subscriber is prepared to take risks in them at such rates as make it an object for persons desiring to be safely insured to take policies in these companies.

May 30th, 1851. J. DEWITT REXFORD, Agent.

**Life, Fire & Marine Ins. Agency.**  
THE subscriber is now prepared to negotiate insurance on Stocks of Goods, Stores, Dwellings and Household Furniture to any amount in the best New England and New York City companies. Marine risks taken at equitable rates.

**Milwaukee, Refer to**  
A. WHITMORE, firm of A. Whitmore & Co.  
C. T. BRADLEY, do Bradley & Metcalf.  
G. D. NORRIS, do G. D. Norris.  
J. NARRO, do H. Narro & Co.  
MARSHALL & LUSLEY, Bankers.

**Holden, Kemp & Co., A. W. WHEELOCK, H. WOODRUFF, CHAS. PULKER,**  
Office in Wheelock's Store.

**New England Mutual Life Ins.,**  
Of Boston, Mass., Chartered in 1843.  
Capital and accumulation, \$650,000.

THIS Company is one of the oldest, and among the most prudently and successfully conducted in the country. The primary object in conducting its business has been to provide perfect security under all conceivable circumstances, for the payment of its losses under its policies, and to return to the insured the surplus at stated periods, and strict economy is observed.

Every insured person is a member of the company and shares in the profits of the business, and is subject to no liability or assessments beyond his premium.

The directors are required to be peculiarly interested in the company, and they give their personal attention; and bonds of sufficient security are given by its officers for the faithful performance of their duties.

Insurance may be effected for the benefit of the wife, which is secured to her by law beyond the reach of a husband's creditors; and creditors may insure the lives of debtors.

WILLARD PHILLIPS, President; B. F. STEVENS, Sec'y; O. P. ROBINSON, Examining Physician.

**Fire, Marine & Life Insurance**  
NEW YORK CITY INSURANCE COMPANY, Capital, \$500,000.

NATIONAL PROTECTION, SARATOGA SPRINGS, Capital \$200,000.

NORTHERN NEW YORK INS. CO., PLATTSBURGH, N. Y., Capital \$200,000.

AMERICAN INSURANCE CO., UTICA, N. Y., Capital \$200,000.

DODGE COUNTY MUTUAL, WAUWAT, Wis., Capital \$150,000.

MILWAUKEE MUTUAL, MILWAUKEE, Wis., Capital \$150,000.

BELOIT INSURANCE COMPANY, ROCK COUNTY, Wis., Capital \$150,000.

BOON COUNTY INSURANCE COMPANY, ILLINOIS, Capital \$100,000.

AMERICAN TEMPERANCE LIFE INSURANCE CO., OF HARTFORD, CT., Capital \$100,000.

NORTHERN NEW YORK LIVE STOCK INS. CO., Capital \$40,000.

COMMERCIAL INSURANCE CO., MILWAUKEE, Wis., Capital \$500,000, (\$100,000 paid in.)

The undersigned has been duly appointed Agent of the above named companies, and is now prepared to take risks and issue policies upon all kinds of insurable property at the lowest rates of premium.

Office at Emerald Grove, Rock Co., Wis., or at the Janesville City Bank of H. B. Bunker.

CHAS. C. CHENEY, Agent for the Northwest.

**Highly Important to Farmers.**  
THE ONLY EXCLUSIVE FARMERS' INSURANCE COMPANY IN THE WEST.

**THE MADISON MUTUAL,**  
LOCATED AT MADISON, WISCONSIN.

THIS Company continues to take risks upon Farm Property only, consisting of buildings of all kinds, belonging to farmers, household furniture, grain in barns, live stock, &c., from one to five years, at lower rates than most other responsible companies.

All losses promptly paid at the office as soon as proof is made there to be for the interest of the farmers to insure by themselves, their property being less hazardous than any other, consequently you will have no losses only your own of the same class, and all will be on an equal footing.

Experience has shown that two-thirds, if not three-fourths of all the fires that occur are upon stores, taverns, mills, shops and such like property. In this company all such property is rejected positively, by LETTING THEM ALONE.

Farmers, look to your own interest, and insure in a Farmers' Company.

We have been doing business a little over three years, and we have not been obliged to assess our premium notes, and for the last fourteen months we have not had a single dollar loss, though doing a large and prosperous business, which we believe to be without a parallel in the history of insurance.

The best of references given as to the responsibility of the company.

TRAVELING AGENTS Wanted for Wisconsin, Iowa, Minnesota, Illinois, Indiana and Michigan.

B. F. HOPKINS, Secretary. C. C. OLIN, Gen. Agent.

L. J. FARWELL, Treasurer.

**FANNING MILLS.**  
MADE by the Subscriber, which drew the PREMIUM at the New York State Fair, and improved so as to SEPARATE SUPERIOR WHEAT from any in use in the United States.

Will be sold from his shop at RACINE and also at JANESVILLE, near the Stevens House, on the west side the river.

Fanning Mills on hand at all times and sold Cheap for Cash or produce of any kind.

Also delivered to any point within 60 miles when ordered.

DR. H. BRACE acts as Agent in selling from Janesville. RACINE, Dec. 20, 1849.

**Contractors for House-Building,**  
IN JANESVILLE, MADISON, BELOIT, and the surrounding country.

ONE of the Firm, an Architect, and Practical Builder in the City of New York for twenty-three years will draw plans, without charge, when the contract is taken by the company, otherwise the usual charges.

JOHN F. RAGUE & CO.  
Janesville, Feb. 2nd, 1854.

DEEDS and MORTGAGES for sale at this Office.

## Chicago Advertisements.

**R. D. ADAMS & Co.,**  
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

**Straw, Ledgehorn & Fancy Bonnets,**  
Flowers, Ribbons, Millinery Goods,  
Hats, Caps, &c.,  
157 SOUTH WATER STREET,  
(Corner of La Salle Street.)  
Chicago, Illinois.

**NEW PAPER WAREHOUSE.**  
THE Subscribers having opened a Warehouse in this city will respectfully call the attention of Printers, Publishers, Stationers & COUNTRY MERCHANTS, TO THEIR STOCK.

Our long experience in the business and connection with Eastern Manufacturers, enables us to present a

**STOCK UNEQUALLED**  
both as regards  
**QUALITY AND PRICE.**

**500 Tons Rags wanted.**  
WARREN & CO.  
20 La Salle Block, No. 2 La Salle St., Chicago.

**FIELD, BENEDICT & Co.**  
Wholesale Dealers  
IN IMPORTED AND AMERICAN

**BROADCLOTHS,**  
Black & Fancy Cassimeres & Doe Skins,  
LONDON AND PARIS VESTINGS,  
HEAVY WOOLENS AND SUMMER STUFFS,  
adapted to Men's wear.

**Furnishing Goods & Tailors Trimmings,**  
171 South Water St., Chicago, Ill.

**Wholesale Hardware House.**  
NO 176 LAKE STREET, CHICAGO.

**WILLIAM BLAIR & Co.**  
IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE DEALERS  
In Foreign and American HARDWARE, TIN PLATE, &c., have in Store a large and complete stock of goods, received direct from the Manufacturers in this country and England.

In our stock may be found the following, to which we invite the attention of dealers.

400 doz. Axes—Collins, Simmons, and others.  
500 Shovels—Ames, Rowlands do  
100 Spades—do do do  
100 Grass Scythes—Blood's, Harris, do  
300 Scythes—Smith—Lambson's Patent.  
200 doz. Scythes—Thomas—Indian Pond, &c.  
400 doz. Cast Steel Hoes.  
600 do Hay Forks.  
800 Table Cutlery, assorted.  
2000 Pocket do.  
1000 Locks and Latches, assorted.  
1200 Files do.  
10000 lbs. Pump Chain.  
10000 Bright Or Chain.  
15000 Black Coll Chain.  
500 pair Bright Traces.  
600 boxes Tin Plate, 1c, 1X, and extra sizes.  
500 bundles Sheet Iron.  
6000 Assorted Wire.  
5000 lbs. Sheet Zinc.  
20 set Japanned and Pressed Tin Ware, full assortment.

**G. H. & L. LAFLIN,**  
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,  
AND MANUFACTURERS' AGENTS,  
175 SOUTH WATER STREET,  
CHICAGO. : : : ILLINOIS.

**SOLE AGENTS FOR LAFLIN BROTHER'S**  
Laid and Wove Letter, Cap, Flat-Cap, Medium, Demi and other Papers;  
CRANE & Co's Superior Colored Medium, Bond, Tissue and Envelope papers;  
SMITH & PETER'S Printers' Cards and Card Board;  
LOOMIS & Co's Domestic and Imported Cigars;  
THOS. C. MILLER & Co's Tobacco;  
Westfield Whips and Lashes;  
LAFLIN & SMITH'S Celebrated Gun Powder and Safety Fuse, &c.

**Sky-Light Daguerreotypes.**  
GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICE.  
75 Cents to \$5.00.

MR. J. E. POWERS, lately from Troy, (N. Y.) respectfully informs the Ladies and Gentlemen of this place and vicinity that he has made a permanent location in Janesville, and has taken rooms over EHLE'S JEWELRY STORE, where he is prepared to take

**Daguerreotype Likenesses.**  
Either single or in groups, not to be surpassed in Wisconsin. His room is in the best of style, and the artist can produce, having all the improved chemicals of the age, light, together with the advantages of a superior light, enable him to give a clear, bold and life-like picture.

Miniatures taken in all weathers equally well, and warranted not to fade in the least, from 75 cents to \$1. Pictures taken over for 50 cents.

Lockets and fancy cases of all styles furnished to order, and also superior facilities for getting Out and Dressing Stone, manufacturing himself Quick Lime, and having put in perfect operation his Mill for the manufacture of Water Lime, he can offer superior inducements to builders for the purchase of these articles. His

Minutaries taken in all weathers equally well, and warranted not to fade in the least, from 75 cents to \$1. Pictures taken over for 50 cents.

Lockets and fancy cases of all styles furnished to order, and also superior facilities for getting Out and Dressing Stone, manufacturing himself Quick Lime, and having put in perfect operation his Mill for the manufacture of Water Lime, he can offer superior inducements to builders for the purchase of these articles. His

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Lockets and fancy cases of all styles furnished to order, and also superior facilities for getting Out and Dressing Stone, manufacturing himself Quick Lime, and having put



# JANESVILLE DAILY GAZETTE.

VOLUME 1.

JANESVILLE, WISCONSIN, JULY 27, 1854.

NUMBER 16.

## THE DAILY GAZETTE

Is published every morning, Sundays excepted, in the third story of Bennett & Clapp's Empire Block, Main street, by  
**LEVI ALDEN & CHAS. HOLT.**

### TERMS:

Five Dollars a year, payable quarterly in advance.

### RATES OF ADVERTISING:

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1 " 3 months, 6 00  
1 " 1 month, 2 00  
1 " 1 week, 1 00  
Cards in "Business Directory" inserted at \$3 00 per year.

Special notices immediately after reading matter, fifty per cent above common rates of advertising.

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Secretary of the Treasury.....JAMES GUTHRIE.  
Secretary of the Interior.....ROBERT MCLELLAN.  
Secretary of the Navy.....JAMES C. DOBBS.  
Secretary of War.....JEFFERSON DAVIS.  
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Attorney General.....CALVIN CUSHING.  
Vice President.....DAVID A. RICE.  
Speaker of the House.....LOUIS BRIDGES.

**UNITED STATES SUPREME COURT.**  
Chief Justice.....ROBERT B. TANEY.  
Associate Justice.....JOHN McLEAN.  
do do.....JAMES M. WAYNE.  
do do.....JOHN CATRON.  
do do.....JOHN A. CAMPBELL.  
do do.....PETER V. DANIEL.  
do do.....SAMUEL NELSON.  
do do.....ROBERT C. GRIFFIN.  
do do.....BENJAMIN R. CURTIS.  
Reporter.....BENJAMIN C. HOWARD.

**UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR WISCONSIN.**  
U. S. Judge for the District of Wisconsin, A. C. MILLER.  
U. S. District Attorney.....JOHN R. SWARTZ.  
U. S. Marshal.....S. V. R. ARLEMAN.

**UNITED STATES SENATORS.**  
HENRY DOUGLAS, of Dodgeville, Iowa County.  
ISAAC F. WALKER, of Waubesa.

**REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS.**  
First District.....DANIEL WELLS, Jr., of Milwaukee.  
Second District.....BEN. C. BARTMAN, of Platteville.  
Third District.....JOHN B. MACY, of Fond du Lac.

**LAND OFFICERS.**  
Register.....J. H. KIMBALL.  
Receiver.....JOHN WHITNEY.  
MINERAL POINT.  
Register.....JOHN C. SPOONER.  
Receiver.....HENRY C. FLOWMAN.  
LA CROSSE.  
Register.....CYRUS K. LORD.  
Receiver.....THOMAS RODOLF.  
MENASHA.  
Register.....JOHN A. BRYAN.  
Receiver.....B. H. MOORE.

**WISCONSIN STATE OFFICERS.**  
Governor.....WM. A. BARSTOW.  
Private Secretary.....R. M. HUNTER.  
Lieutenant Governor.....JAB. T. LEWIS.  
Secretary of State.....ALEX. T. GRAY.  
Assistant Secy of State.....JOHN W. HUNT.  
Treasurer.....EDWARD H. JANSSEN.  
Assistant Treasurer.....DAN. M. SEAY.  
Superintendent Public Instruction.....H. A. WRIGHT.  
Bank Commissioner.....WM. M. DENNIS.  
Deputy Bank Commissioner.....A. MENDES.  
State Prison Commissioner.....A. W. STARKES.  
State Librarian.....A. KRAEMER.

**WISCONSIN SUPREME COURT.**  
Chief Justice.....EDWARD V. WHITE.  
Associate Justices.....A. D. SMITH, S. M. CHAPMAN.

**CIRCUIT JUDGES.**  
First District.....JAS. R. DOOLITTLE, Racine.  
Second District.....LEVY HENSLER, Milwaukee.  
Third District.....CHARLES H. LAMAR, Okauchee.  
Fourth District.....THOMAS O. HOWE, Green Bay.  
Fifth District.....M. M. CORNELL, Mineral Point.  
Sixth District.....W. KENYON, Prairie du Chien.  
Seventh District.....GEORGE W. CATS, Portage.

**OFFICERS OF STATE AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.**  
President.....E. W. EMMERTON.  
Secretary.....A. C. INGRAM.  
County Judge.....MOSES S. FRICHARD.  
Clerk of the Court.....GEORGE W. CHASE.  
Sheriff.....WILLIAM H. HOWARD.  
Under Sheriff.....JEROME B. DAVIS.  
District Attorney.....WILLIAM S. ROCKWELL.  
Register of Deeds.....R. F. FRANKLIN.  
Treasurer.....JOHN W. WHITE.  
School Superintendent.....J. C. MERRIN.  
Assessor.....JAMES SUTHERLAND.  
Surveyor.....JOHN L. KIMBALL.  
Coroner.....CALVIN CHAPIN.

**OFFICERS OF THE CITY OF JANESVILLE.**  
Mayor.....J. BOWELL DOLAN.  
President of the Board.....JOHN J. R. PRASE.  
Clerk.....CHARLES YATES.  
Treasurer.....JOHN W. WHITE.  
School Superintendent.....J. C. MERRIN.  
Assessor.....JAMES SUTHERLAND.  
Surveyor.....JOHN L. KIMBALL.  
Coroner.....CALVIN CHAPIN.

**JUSTICES OF THE PEACE.**  
First Ward.....A. J. BELTON.  
Second Ward.....A. C. BATES.  
Third Ward.....L. FIELD.  
Fourth Ward.....N. M. CARRIER.

**CITY PHYSICIANS.**  
E. LEWIS, R. B. TRACY, O. P. ROBINSON.

## CABINET AND FURNITURE WARE HOUSE.

THE SUBSCRIBER is prepared to furnish all kinds of Cabinet Ware and Furniture, of the latest styles and at the most reasonable prices.

His Shop is on  
Main Street, in Richardson's Block, where he invites the public to call and examine his goods. All kinds of Cabinet Work done to order, on short notice.  
J. F. MORSE.  
Janesville, August 20, 1854.

### Just Arrived.

20,000 FEET of heavy squared timber consisting of Oak, Elm and Maple choice quality, lying on the ground east of the City, for purchase. Terms—CASH. Enquire at Jackson & Co's store of  
Janesville, June 24, 1854

## Janesville Mill to Let.

THE Property known as the JANESVILLE MILL, will be leased for one or more years from the 1st of August next.

This Mill has 6 run of stone, and is capable of making 800 barrels of flour per day. Apply to  
J. B. DOE.

## Water Lime.

Best Buffalo Lime For Sale by quantity.  
J. M. SMITH.

## BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

**FARWELL & BRO.**  
Wholesale and Retail Druggists, Excelsior Block, Milwaukee street.

**TREAT & EVANS.**  
Physicians and Surgeons. Office in Empire Block, Janesville, Wisconsin.

**JAMES SUTHERLAND.**  
Wholesale and Retail Bookbinder and Stationer—Lapin's new brick block, east side the river, Janesville.

**H. S. SHELTON.**  
Dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Crockery, &c., east side the river, Main-st., Janesville. 24

**JANESVILLE FOUNDRY AND MACHINE SHOP.**  
A short distance north of the Stevens House, J. H. BUDD, Proprietor.

**DR. M. H. BUTLER.**  
Physician and Accoucheur, Plymouth, Rock county, Wis., Office and residence convenient to Barlow's Hotel, Plymouth.

**G. W. CHITTENDEN, M. D.**  
Homeopathic Physician and Surgeon. Office at his residence—Brick Cottage, west of the Episcopal Church.

**F. W. EHRLICH.**  
Confectioner, Ice Cream Saloon, &c., Main street, opposite the Post Office, Janesville. Every attention paid to customers.

**E. B. & J. F. DRAKE.**  
Have for sale a large stock of Fruit and Ornamental Trees, Flowering Shrubs, &c., at the Janesville Nursery, 1/2 mile west of the river.

**TRUSDELL, JORDAN & BENNETT.**  
Attorneys at Law and Real Estate Agents. Office in Empire Block, Janesville.

**SANFORD A. HUDSON.**  
Attorney and Counselor at Law and Solicitor in Chancery. Office in Lippin's Block, over the Bookstore, Janesville Wisconsin.

**CASE & ARMSTRONG.**  
Attorneys and Counselors at Law and Solicitors in Chancery. Office in the Empire Block, Janesville.

**DOTY & BURNHAM.**  
Sash, Door and Blind Manufacturers, one door north of Doty's Mechanics' Block, Main-st., Janesville, Wis., where at all times a complete assortment of the above articles may be found.

**DR. JOSEPH S. LANE.**  
Resident Physician and Surgeon in the village of Janesville. Office at his dwelling, west side of the river, near the Baptist Church, where he may be found at all times when not professionally absent.

**JACKMAN, PARKER & CO.**  
Wholesale and Retail Merchants. Dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Crockery, Boots, Shoes, &c. Store corner of Main and Milwaukee streets, Janesville.

**A. B. MILLER.**  
Surveyor and Civil Engineer, and Notary Public. Surveying, laying out, &c., promptly attended to. Office west side the river in the R. V. U. R. R. of- fice. Janesville, March 24, 1852.

**HOLDEN, KEMP & CO.**  
Druggists and Apothecaries. Dealers in Paints, Oils, Glass and Groceries. General Agents for the most approved Patent Medicines.

**J. B. DOE.**  
Banker and Exchange Broker—Office in Tallman's Block, Janesville, Wisconsin.

**SLOAN & PATTEN.**  
Attorneys and Counselors at Law and Solicitors in Chancery. Main street, Janesville, Wisconsin.

**O. F. MEYER'S TOBACCO & CIGAR STORE.**  
Main street, Janesville, keeps always on hand a variety of Cigars, Loose Chewing, Smoking and Plug Tobacco. A superior article of Wine and Liquors also always on hand.

**J. DEWITT REXFORD.**  
Attorney and Counselor at Law and Solicitor in Chancery. Also, Agent for the Janesville Insurance Company of New York City, having a cash capital of Half a million dollars. Office over the store of Cooley & Babcock, Janesville, Wisconsin.

**T. B. WOOLSCROFT.**  
Baker and Confectioner, No. 1, Lippin's Block, corner of Main and Milwaukee streets. All kinds of Cakes, Pies, Crackers, Bread, Candies, Oysters, Ice Cream, and all other kinds of confectionery served up on the shortest notice.

**PIXLEY & KIMBALL.**  
Sign of the Big Saw, Richardson's Block, Main-st., Dealers in Heavy and Sheet Hardware, Saws, Bar Iron, Steel, Nails, &c., and Manufacturers of Tin, Sheet Iron and Copper Ware. (Janesville, May 24, 1854.)

**NEW YORK CASH STORE.**  
M. C. Smith & Co., Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Hats and Caps, Bonnets, Ready-Made Clothing, Paints, Oils, and every kind of Merchandise, at the very lowest cash prices.

**MERCHANTS' HOTEL.**  
La Salle-st., between Lake and South Water, CHICAGO, ILL.  
E. MOORE, proprietor, (late of Syracuse, N. Y.) This House has been thoroughly refitted and newly furnished. Omnibuses always in attendance to convey passengers to and from the house. Baggage free.

**W. H. WATERMAN.**  
Storage, Forwarding and Commission Merchant, South Pier, Racine, Wis. Particular attention paid to the forwarding and shipment of Produce.

**REYNOLDS, McCrea, Bell & Ullman, Lee & Dickson, W. T. Richmond, Isaac Taylor, Racine; Jackson & Smith, Lawrence, Strong & Co., H. O. Wilson, J. L. Kimball & Co., Holden, Kemp & Co., Janesville.**

**ELDREDGE & PEASE.**  
Attorneys, Counselors and Solicitors, will attend to the prosecution and settlement of all claims. Bounty desired. Office corner Main and Milwaukee streets, over Ethie & Co's Jewelry Store.

**OGILVIE & BARROWS.**  
Philadelphian Drug Store, Janesville.

**DR. B. F. PENDLETON.**  
Surgeon Dentist, is prepared to operate in every branch of his profession. Chloroform administered when desired. Office corner Main and Milwaukee streets, over Ethie & Co's Jewelry Store.

**DR. L. ARNOLD.**  
DENTIST.  
Exchange Block, West end upper bridge, Milwaukee st. Janesville, April 28, 1853.

**50 BARRELS NEW SALT for sale.**  
Low.  
J. M. SMITH.

## INSURANCE.

### Dodge's Insurance Agency.

CAPITAL \$1,500,000 CO!!!  
TRINITY INSURANCE COMPANY, HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT.  
HARTFORD INSURANCE COMPANY, HARTFORD, CONN.  
PROTECTION INSURANCE COMPANY, HARTFORD, CONN.  
CITY FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, HARTFORD, CONN.

**LIFE, FIRE, LIVE STOCK AND MARINE**  
RISKS negotiated to any amount.  
Refer to over \$10,000 00 Losses paid in Rock county.

**Fire Insurance Agency.**  
CONTINENTAL INSURANCE COMPANY OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK. Capital, a half million of Dollars, all paid in cash and ready invested.

**HOME INSURANCE COMPANY.** Office No. 10, Wall street, New York. Cash Capital \$500,000.

The above are the most sound and reliable stock companies now doing business, and the subscriber is prepared to take risks in them at such rates as make it an object for persons desiring to be safely insured to take policies in these companies.

**Life, Fire & Marine Ins. Agency.**  
THE subscriber is now prepared to negotiate Insurance on Stocks of Goods, Stores, Dwellings and Household Furniture to any amount in the best New England and New York City companies. Marine risks taken at equitable rates.

**Milwaukee Refer to**  
A. WHITNEY, firm of A. Whittemore & Co.  
C. T. BRADLEY, do. Bradley & Metcalf.  
G. D. NORMAN, do. G. D. Norman.  
J. NARRO, do. H. Narro & Co.  
MARSHALL & LEBLANC, do. Marshall & Leblanc.

**HOLDEN, KEMP & CO., A. W. WHEELER, H. WOODRUFF.**  
CHAS. PULKER.  
Office in Wheelock's Store.

**New England Mutual Life Ins.,**  
Of Boston, Mass., Chartered in 1843.  
Capital and accumulation, \$650,000.

THIS Company is one of the oldest, and among the most prudently and successfully conducted in the country. The primary object in conducting this company has been to provide perfect security under all conceivable circumstances, for the payment of its losses under its policies, and to return to the insured the surplus at stated periods, and strict economy is observed.

Every insured person is a member of the company and shares in the profits of the business, and is subject to no liability or assessments beyond his premium.

The directors are required to be peculiarly interested in the company, and they give it their personal attention; and bonds of sufficient security are given by its officers for the faithful performance of their duties.

Insurance may be effected for the benefit of the wife, which is secured to her by law beyond the reach of a husband's creditors; and creditors may insure the lives of debtors.

WILLIAM PHILLIPS, President; B. F. STEVENS, Sec'y; O. P. ROBINSON, Examining Physician.

**Fire, Marine & Life Insurance.**  
NEW YORK CITY INSURANCE COMPANY, Capital, \$500,000.

**NATIONAL PROTECTION, SAUTOGA SPRINGS.**  
NORTHERN NEW YORK INS. CO., PLATTSMOUTH, N. Y., Capital \$200,000.

**AMERICAN INSURANCE CO., UTICA, N. Y.**  
Capital \$200,000.

**DODGE COUNTY MUTUAL, WAUWAT, WIS.**  
Capital \$150,000.

**BELOIT INSURANCE COMPANY, ROCK COUNTY, WIS.**  
Capital \$100,000.

**BOON COUNTY INSURANCE COMPANY, ILLINOIS.**  
Capital \$100,000.

**AMERICAN TEMPERANCE LIFE INSURANCE CO., OF HARTFORD, CT.**  
Capital \$100,000.

**NORTHERN NEW YORK LIVE STOCK INS. CO., CAPITAL \$40,000.**

**COMMERCIAL INSURANCE CO., MILWAUKEE, WIS.**  
Capital \$500,000, (\$100,000 paid in.)

The undersigned has been duly appointed Agent of the above company, and is now prepared to take risks and issue policies upon all kinds of insurable property at the lowest rates of premium.

Office at Emerald Grove, Rock Co., Wis., or at the Janesville City Bank of H. B. DUNSTER.

**Highly Important to Farmers.**  
THE ONLY EXCLUSIVE FARMERS' INSURANCE COMPANY IN THE WEST.

**THE MADISON MUTUAL,**  
LOCATED AT MADISON, WISCONSIN.

THIS Company continues to take risks upon 1. Farm Property only, consisting of buildings of all kinds, (belonging to farmers,) household furniture, grain in barns, live stock, &c., from one to five years, at lower rates than most other responsible companies.

All losses promptly paid at the office as soon as proof is made thereon.

We believe it to be for the interest of the farmers to insure by themselves, their property being less hazardous than any other, consequently you will have no losses on your own of the same class, and all will be on an equal footing.

Experience has shown that two-thirds, if not three-fourths of all the fires that occur are upon stores, taverns, mills, shops and such like property. In this company all such property is rejected positively, by LETTING THEM ALONE.

Farmers, look to your own interest, and insure in a Farmers' Company.

We have been doing business a little over three years, and we have not been obliged to assess our premium notes, and for the last fourteen months we have not had a single dollar loss, though doing a large and prosperous business, which we believe to be without a parallel in the history of insurance.

The best of references given as to the responsibility of the company.

**TRAVELING AGENTS** Wanted for Wisconsin, Iowa, Minnesota, Illinois, Indiana and Michigan.  
N. W. DEAN, President.  
B. F. HOPKINS, Secretary.

**L. J. FARWELL, Treasurer.**

## Chicago Advertisements.

### R. D. ADAMS & Co.,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN  
Straw, Leghorn & Fancy Bonnets,  
Flowers, Ribbons, Millinery Goods,  
Hats, Caps, &c.,  
157 SOUTH WATER STREET,  
(Corner of La Salle Street.)  
Chicago, Illinois.

### NEW PAPER WAREHOUSE.

THE Subscribers having opened a Warehouse in this city would respectfully call the attention of Printers, Publishers, Stationers & COUNTRY MERCHANTS, TO THEIR STOCK.

Our long experience in the business and connection with Eastern Manufacturers, enables us to present a

**STOCK UNEQUALLED**  
in quality and price.

**500 Tons Rags wanted.**  
WARREN & CO.  
20 La Salle Block, No. 2 La Salle St., Chicago.

### FIELD, BENEDICT & Co.

Wholesale Dealers  
IN IMPORTED AND AMERICAN  
**BROADCLOTHS,**  
Black & Fancy Cassimeres & Doe Skins,  
LONDON AND PARIS VESTINGS,  
HEAVY WOOLLEN AND SUMMER STUFFS,  
adapted to Men's wear.

**Furnishing Goods & Tailors Trimmings,**  
171 South Water St., Chicago, Ill.  
BFS, M. FIELD, AMZ BENEDICT, PETER W. FIELD.

### Wholesale Hardware House.

NO 176 LAKE STREET, CHICAGO.

**WILLIAM BLAIR & Co.**  
IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE DEALERS  
in Foreign and American HARDWARE, TIN PLATE, &c., have in Store a large and complete stock of goods, received direct from the Manufacturers in this country and England.

Our stock may be found the following, to which we invite the attention of dealers.

400 doz. Axes—Collins, Simmons, and others.  
1000 Shovels—Ames, Rowlands do  
500 Spades do do do  
400 Grass Scythes—Blood's, Harrie, do  
300 Scythes—Smiths—Lambson's Patent.  
200 gross Scythes—Indian Pond, &c.  
400 doz. Cast Steel Hoes.

5000 Table Cutlery, assorted.  
2000 Pocket do do  
1000 Locks and Latches, assorted.  
12000 lbs. Fine Chain, do do  
10000 Bright Oil Chain.  
15000 Black Oil Chain.

600 pair Sheet Traces.  
6000 lbs. Steel IX, and extra sizes.  
500 bundles Sheet Iron.  
500 " Assorted Wire.  
6000 lbs. Sheet Zinc.

20 set. Smeeth and Pressed Tin Ware, full assortment.  
WILLIAM BLAIR, C. E. NELSON.

### G. H. & L. LAFLIN,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,  
AND MANUFACTURERS' AGENTS.  
175 SOUTH WATER STREET,  
CHICAGO. : : : ILLINOIS.

**SOLE AGENTS FOR LAFLIN BROTHER'S**  
Laid and Wave Letter, Cap, Flat-Cap, Medium, Demi and other Papers;

CRANE & Co's Superior Colored Medium, Bond, and Fine Paper.

SMITH & PETERS' Printers' Cards and Card Board; LOMIS & Co's Domestic and Imported Cigars; THOS. C. MILLER & Co's Tobacco; Westfield Whips and Lashes;

LAFLIN & SMITH'S Celebrated Oat Powder and Safety Fuse, &c.

### Sky-Light Daguerreotypes.

**GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICE.**  
75 CENTS to \$5.00.

**MR. J. E. POWERS,** lately from Troy, (N. Y.) respectfully informs the Ladies and Gentlemen of this place and vicinity that he has made a permanent location in Janesville, and has taken rooms over ELLIS'S JEWELRY STORE, where he is prepared to take

**Daguerreotype Likenesses.**  
Either single or in groups, not to be surpassed in Wisconsin. Miniatures taken in as good style as the Art can produce, having all the improved chemicals of the day, together with the advantages of a superior light, enable him to give a clear, bold and life-like picture.

Miniatures taken in all weathers equally well, and warranted not to fade in the least, from 75 cents to \$1. Pictures taken over 50 cents.

Sockets and fancy cases of all styles furnished to order, and also miniatures in Pin and Bracelets.

Miniatures of sick or diseased persons taken at their residences if required.

Picture of Children of any age correctly taken at very low rates.

His Room will be open from 1 A. M. to 5 P. M., and he invites all those that wish to see GOOD PICTURES, to call and examine his Specimens, whether they wish likenesses or not.

Picture of Henry Clay, John P. Hale, Jenny Lind and General Tom Thumb.

Instructions given in the art on reasonable terms.  
Janesville, Dec. 1, 1852.

### TO BUILDERS.

**Materials Furnished.**  
THE SUBSCRIBER is now prepared to furnish BUILDING MATERIALS in any quantity, and CHEAPER than can be sold anywhere else in this vicinity. Working one of the very best Quarries in the State, and possessing superior facilities for getting Out and Dressing Stone, manufacturing himself Quick Lime, and having put in perfect operation his Mill for the manufacture of Water Lime, he can offer superior inducements to builders for the purchase of these articles.

**Water Lime.**  
Has been fully tested, and found to be of an excellent quality, and is now prepared to WARRANT it in all cases, and offer it at a price making it an object to buy. In furnishing

**Building Stone,**  
It is not too much to say he is in advance of all competitors. He can furnish them in the rough, or dressed, in any quantity, or of any size, and cheaper than can be found elsewhere.

**Quick Lime,**  
Always on hand, and orders can be filled at all times, and to any extent.

The subscriber has now invested a large amount of Capital in his operations, and has spared no expense in perfecting his works, and will give careful attention to the preparation of his materials. His location and the convenience of easy access to his Mill and Quarry, together with the superior character of his Materials, induce him to believe that he can give satisfaction to all who call upon him.

Janesville, Jan. 10, 1854.

**FORD'S HISTORY OF ILLINOIS**  
Just received and for sale at  
SUTHERLAND'S BOOKSTORE.

## RAILROADS.

### Summer Arrangement.

**1854 MILWAUKEE 1854**  
And Mississippi Railroad.

NOW in operation from Milwaukee to Madison, about 100 miles.

On and after May 29th, 1854, the trains will run as follows, except Sundays:

**GOING WESTWARDLY.**  
A passenger train will leave Milwaukee at 7.30 A. M. arrive at Janesville at 11 A. M., at Madison, the capital of the State, at 12.40 P. M.

A passenger train will also leave Milwaukee at 5.15 P. M., on the arrival of the boat from Chicago, and reach Janesville at 8.30 P. M., and arrive at Madison at 7 P. M., in time to connect with the evening boat for Chicago.

**GOING EASTWARDLY.**  
A passenger train will leave Madison for the present at 3 A. M., and Janesville at 5 A. M., and arrive at Milwaukee at 8.20 A. M., in time to connect with the morning boat to Chicago.

A passenger train will also leave Madison at 1.30 P. M., and Janesville at 3.30 P. M., and arrive at Milwaukee at 7 P. M., in time to connect with the evening boat for Chicago.

Freight trains run each way every day the entire length of the route.

Stages will run in connection with the cars to and from the Forest House and Whitewater, to Watertown, Fort Winnebago, Fond du Lac, Beaver Dam, Horicon, Waubesa and Berlin, which will commence running on and after June 1st.

Also from Janesville and Madison, to Sauk, Baraboo, Dodgeville, Mineral Point, Florence, Galena, Dubuque and to various other portions of the State.

Passengers are directed to call on Madison to Chicago at \$2.00; and to and from Janesville to Chicago at \$3.00.

N. B. The price from Milwaukee to all eastern points is the same as from Chicago, which makes the Milwaukee route the cheapest of the route.

**GOING EASTWARDLY.**  
A passenger train will leave Milwaukee at 7.30 A. M. arrive at Janesville at 11 A. M., at Madison, the capital of the State, at 12.40 P. M.

A passenger train will also leave Milwaukee at 5.15 P. M., on the arrival of the boat from Chicago, and reach Janesville at 8.



The Free Democrat copies a notice of ours approving the decision of the supreme court as to the constitutionality of the fugitive slave law and ordering the discharge of Mr. Booth, and appends the following comment:

"The above notice has reference to the supreme court's decision that the fugitive act of 1850 is unconstitutional and void and not to their last decision, which denies us the benefits of their first decision."

That Mr. Booth may have no misapprehension as to our position, we say that we sustain the last as we did the first decision of the supreme court. We believe that court acted upon its convictions of duty, with at least as competent a knowledge of the law as Mr. Booth, and that its decision in both cases had sole reference to a principle, and no thought of the individual bearings of the case. We can well understand why Mr. Booth should feel dissatisfied with a refusal to grant his last demand, but we can see no reason why the court should be censured because he is disappointed. If Mr. Booth is wise, he will not press an issue between himself and the court. The latter has quite as much of the public confidence as the editor of the Free Democrat.

The Madison Argus gives the following as the grounds upon which the supreme court denied the application of Mr. Booth to be discharged from arrest under the warrant issued by the United States court:

The grounds upon which the writ was refused were, that the prisoner was under the exclusive jurisdiction of the United States court, and that the rule of judicial comity would prevent interference by this court, as such interference must necessarily produce a conflict, which it is the duty of both courts to avoid. The law of this state was also cited, which would compel the court to remand the prisoner as soon as it was ascertained that he was held by United States process. It was further stated, that the case could not be heard till the prisoner was in custody of this court, into which he could not be brought without a direct conflict between the state and the United States officers.

Chief Justice Whiton and Justice Smith, concurred in drawing a wide distinction between the case of a prisoner held by the warrant of a commissioner or inferior magistrate, and one held by the judge or court. The former they did not consider in the custody of the court, and consequently, the taking of him by this court to decide his application, did not involve a conflict of jurisdiction. Justice Crawford had held differently in his opinion previously delivered, and repeated the positions there assumed.

The writ was denied by the unanimous decision of the court.

RECREANT DEMOCRATS.—The Detroit Free Press gives the ear marks of recreant democrats in Maine and Michigan, and as other localities and latitudes are infested with similar politicians it may be well to hold up the mirror, that all such may see their pictures. "When we hear a democrat," says the Free Press, "condemning the action of the party on the Nebraska bill, or on some other question, in nine cases out of ten on inquiry, we find that his head is sore—that his 'claims' have been recognized—that he has been disappointed in respect to some office he was anxious to obtain. And, perhaps on further inquiry we find that he has been an office-holder for a quarter of a century or less, and can't stomach the doctrine of rotation, though in his case it has been too tardily applied. Such men's democracy is only skin deep, and if in Maine or Michigan, they are found in coalition with abolitionists, why, it can't be helped. The democratic party will live without them."

We find the above paragraph in the Milwaukee Morning News. We were not aware before that so large and respectable a portion of the democratic party are now acting in opposition to the Nebraska swindle, were nine-tenths of them office seekers. It shows that the list of applicants must have been exceedingly large, and it is no wonder that Frank Pierce has found so much difficulty in satisfying them all. The same rule will undoubtedly work the other way, namely, that "when we hear a democrat approving the action of the party on the Nebraska bill, in nine cases out of ten, on inquiry, we find that his head is not sore—that his claims have been recognized—that he has been appointed to some office he was anxious to obtain." Seriously, this rule has the advantage of the one given by the Free Press, because it is literally true, and the writer in the Morning News would be no exception to it, while its opposite plainly admits of question. It is generally those who are entirely indifferent, or actually do not want office, that dare to take ground against the powers that be, and the powers that appoint to office. When the president adopted the Nebraska bill as a test of democracy, those who held offices which they were anxious to retain, would be quite likely to adopt it too, as also would those who were anxiously seeking such favors at his hands.

AN EYE TO THE MAIN CHANCE.—The New York Sunday Times says a clergyman of Brooklyn, named Johnson, a large property holder, appeared before the board of health in that city last week, and objected to the publication of cholera cases, on the ground that property was depreciated in value by such reports being made public! The reverend speculator would have the community surrounded by danger and kept in ignorance, lest his property should depreciate in value.—Buff. Com. Adv.

Upon the same principle that an abandoned woman will distance the male sex in a course of profligacy and shame, we suppose a minister of the gospel is more than a match for the keenest sharper when his avarice overcomes the restraints of his profession. It was remarked of a couple of clergymen of this character in a neighboring town in this state, who had kept at least one eye on the "main chance," that if they should go into a brokerage business they would drive all others from it, and that in ten years they would be richer than the old U. S. bank. Perhaps in this last instance the capacity for business may have been overrated, but the spirit of the men was probably correctly appreciated. The worshippers of Mammon are not all outside the church.

THE FIGURES.—A correspondent of the Free Democrat sends that paper some statistics compiled from the annual reports of the postmaster general, showing the comparative cost of the mail service in the free and slave states, and the payment into the department from each. After giving the tables for 1852-53, the correspondent continues:

These tables show that the amount collected for postages in the free states exceeded the amount paid for the transportation of the mails, \$1,745,953 44; while in the slave states the amount paid for transporting the mails exceeded the amount collected for postages \$363,788 93.

That, in other words, the free states paid into the treasury a surplus, after deducting the cost of transporting the mails, of \$1,745,953.45; while the slave states drew out \$363,788.93 more than they paid in.

The tables for 1853-54 are then given, and the following result is found:

The above tables show that the amount collected for postages in the free states, exceeds the amount paid for transporting the mails, \$1,540,506 91; the surplus being less than that of the year previous by but \$205,446.94.

Now let us look at the result in the slave states. In these states the amount paid for transporting the mails exceeds the amount collected for postages, \$736,399 71; the deficiency being more than double what it was the year previous.

The writer then goes on to make some comparisons, which we commend to the attention of the people of the west, who are experiencing under the present head of the department some of the benefits of an administration of its affairs in which the party (and the smallest fraction at that) is the primary and the people the secondary consideration:

New-York and Virginia. \$720,496.30  
New-York yields a surplus of 139,762.53  
In Virginia the deficiency is 129,762.53  
(Last year there was a surplus in Virginia of \$24,411.78; now there is a deficiency of \$129,762.53.)

Massachusetts and North Carolina.

In Massachusetts the surplus is \$338,849.67  
In North Carolina the deficiency is 114,878.08

Maine and Alabama.

In Maine the surplus is \$72,524.06  
In Alabama the deficiency is 82,451.50

Indiana and Georgia.

In Indiana the surplus is \$27,946.47  
In Georgia the deficiency is 72,438.64

Wisconsin and Texas.

In Wisconsin the surplus is 26,962.83  
In Texas the deficiency is 92,197.73

The whole amount of postages collected in the slave states is \$1,322,021.95; showing the receipts to be \$12,284.08 less than those of the year preceding. In the free states the whole amount of postages collected is \$3,709,051.17; showing the receipts to be \$96,635.32 greater than for the previous year.

The receipts for postage in New York alone are nearly equal to the entire receipts for the fifteen slave states.

In 1853-54, but two slave states, in the entire number, paid a surplus into the department. These were Delaware, \$6,898.71, and Louisiana, \$37,749.45. Only three free states receive more in service than they pay in revenue, and these are Illinois \$6,264.36, Michigan \$39,502.95, California \$51,091.02.

These facts need no comment, and we only add one more stated by the correspondent in question. In Texas there is expended for transporting the mails, \$139,362.19, and in Wisconsin but \$46,608.00. Texas draws out of the treasury \$96,197.73 more than she pays in, while Wisconsin yields a surplus of \$26,962.83.

Is not this a beautiful state of things? And to improve it, the service on several important routes in this state has been reduced from a third to a half, and much of what is performed is done in a way that renders it nearly useless. But who hears of any reduction in Texas?

TO THE POINT.—A petition to Gov. Matteson, of Illinois, has been circulated and numerously signed in La Salle, of which the following is a copy:

DEAR SIR: The undersigned, citizens of La Salle county and state of Illinois, having heard with deep regret that you have interposed your executive power to defeat the ends of justice, and have, without any show of reason, justice or humanity, pardoned the murderers of Albert Story, who have been convicted of a most horrid murder in two fair and impartial trials by jury, and in a court far away from any prejudice that was supposed to exist in this county, to which they had appealed, and by which they were condemned to be hung. The supreme court affirmed said judgment. These trials have been attended with great labor and expense to our county, and we fondly hoped that, at least, in this instance we should see one law honored and obeyed, and that no more premiums or inducements might be held out to the lawless to commit the murders, thefts and robberies, riots, etc., with which our county has been pestered for the past two years, and yet the criminals have gone unwhipped of justice. And now, to our utter astonishment, we learn that you, the governor and executive of our state, have by your arbitrary power repealed the decisions of our courts and stayed the hand of justice, and for no other reason, as we verily believe, than to gain patronage from that class of citizens to which the criminals belonged.

But fearing as we do that murder and rioting will be more frequent on account of your subverting and annulling the laws of our land, we therefore petition you and pray that in future, you will not condescend to use in similar cases the power you have vested in you to pardon, for any such base and mean purpose as popular patronage; and we will pledge ourselves, that in case you in future do not stoop so low as to commit such treasonable acts, disgraceful to yourself as well as to our state, that we will with all our influence, votes, and all fair and honorable means, try to make up to you as many votes as you would probably lose by letting the laws of our state and land be justly executed.

The Chicago Democratic Press of Tuesday says: "We learn from very good authority that parties in Mineral Point and Galena have been Schuylerized in large sums—the loss of one gentleman in the former place we have heard estimated as high as \$200,000."

The Press also states that a citizen of Illinois is a loser to the amount of \$25,000 by the same individual.

The grass on Boston Common is entirely dead in many places in consequence of the protracted drought.

SNAKE FASCINATION.—We have occasionally read accounts of persons having been fascinated or spell-bound by snakes, but never knew of an instance occurring in our vicinity until a day or two since, and one that we know to be a fact. A man by the name of O'Mara had a small child, a little girl about thirteen years of age, who came to her death through the influence of a snake, one day last week, under the following circumstances: O'Mara resides on Copperas Creek, in Franklin county, and but a short distance from the Pacific railroad depot. Some nine months ago, early last fall his family noticed the little girl to be pining away, and becoming very weak and pale although she had been very fleshy and hearty, and apparently without any cause or complaint of sickness. By the time winter had fairly set in, she was wasted away to a mere skeleton, but as soon as weather became cold she again seemed to revive. She never complained of being unwell, and in reply to all their inquiries in regard to her health, she invariably said she felt very well, only a little weak. As summer arrived, she could not be prevailed upon to eat any victuals in her father's house, but would take a piece of bread and butter, or a piece of meat, and go out to the edge of the creek to eat it. The family noticed her regularly, always going precisely to the same place, and invariably complaining of being hungry after her return, when if more victuals were given her, she would again return to the creek, as they thought, to eat.

Finally, some of the neighbors having heard of the circumstances of the child's extraordinary conduct, and also of her wasted appearance, suggested to her father to watch her movements, which he did last Friday. The child had been sitting on the bank of the creek nearly all the forenoon, until near dinner time, when she got up and went to her father's house, asked for a piece of bread and butter, and again returned to the same place she had been. Her father kept behind her without making any noise. As soon as the child was seated, the father saw a huge black snake slowly raise its head into her lap, and receive the bread and butter from her hand; and when she would attempt to take a bite of the bread, the snake would commence hissing and become apparently very angry, when the child, trembling like a leaf, would promptly return the bread to the monster. The father was completely paralyzed, not being able to move hand or foot; entertaining, as most Irish persons do, a dread of snakes, he felt alarmed for the safety of his child, not knowing the nature of the snake, or the extent of the influence on his child. His blood became almost clogged in his veins, and he groaned in perfect agony, which caused the snake to become alarmed, and glide away into the creek. The child then immediately sprang to her feet and ran home, apparently much frightened. Her father followed her, but she refused to answer any questions, and he then resolved to detain his child at home, but he was advised to permit her to go again next day to the creek, and to follow her and kill the snake. Next morning she took a piece of bread and went out to the creek; her father followed her with his gun in his hand, and as soon as the snake made his appearance, shot him through the head. The child swooned; the snake squirmed and worked himself around awhile, and then died; the child in the meantime recovered from her swoon, but was immediately seized with spasms, acting in a manner resembling the writhing of the snake, and finally died at the same moment the snake died, apparently in the greatest agony.

This horrible and at the same time melancholy occurrence, is the first we have heard of for a long time, and in fact the first we ever knew of where we could positively vouch for its truthful correctness. We know there are persons who doubt the reality of snake fascination, but if they entertain any doubts on the subject hereafter, the relatives of this unfortunate little girl can be found ready and willing to corroborate our statement. This should serve as a warning to parents who live in the country to be more careful in watching their children.

We had almost forgot to mention that it was a black snake, generally supposed to be harmless, that is not poisonous, 7 feet 6 inches in length, that fascinated the little girl.—St. Louis Herald, July 12.

A man named James Howe, was killed in Lowell, in this county, on Wednesday evening last, during the heavy thunder storm of that evening, supposed at first to have been by lightning, but upon examination there were signs of murder. He was on his return from a neighbor's, and was found in the middle of the road, a whip in his hand, with which he had been driving oxen, his skull broken, and a hole cut in his hat.—Columbus Rep.

OUR NEAREST NEIGHBOR.—The nearest fixed star has been discovered very recently, to be Alpha in the constellation of the Centaur. The sun is ninety-five millions of miles from the earth, and this star, which we feel a certain degree of friendship for, because it is our nearest neighbor, is two hundred and six thousand times the distance of the sun from the earth. Light, which travels one hundred and ninety-two thousand miles a second, would require more than three years to reach us from that star.

CURE FOR THE VENOM OF SNAKES, &c.—An old physician writes to the New York Tribune that ammonia is an antidote for the venom of snakes. He says:

Alcoholic stimulants cannot be depended on to cure any poisonous bites. In nearly all parts of the country where venomous snakes are known, there are to be found persons who can cure their poisons. I will not detail these various cures, but will give a perfect cure for the poisons of venomous reptiles and insects, first giving the reason why the remedy I shall mention is an unfailing cure. From years of investigation and inquiry I am quite positive that the poisonous principle in the virus of snakes, &c., is prussic acid; somewhat modified, no doubt, but essentially identical with it, and what will neutralize this acid is an antidote to the poison. This antidote is the volatile alkali, ammonia. It is found in the shops, and called volatile salts, used in ladies' smelling-bottles, also, the aqua ammonia and spirits of ammonia.

As soon as possible after the bite, apply a few drops of aqua ammonia to the wound, and put 20 drops in a little water, or whisky and water, if you please, and drink it. Take this dose every 10 to 30 minutes, until there is profuse perspiration and all symptoms of poisoning disappear. The salts of ammonia, such as found in smelling-bottles, should be dissolved in a little water, and used as the aqua ammonia, but in larger doses, as they are usually much weaker. The same remark applies to the spirits of harts-horn, which is usually of less strength than the ammonia. Ammonia is in no respect poisonous, and if sufficiently diluted may be taken freely without injury. The rule is to give enough to induce free perspiration.

DEATH OF GEN. TOWNSON.—A despatch from Washington, dated July 21st, states that Gen. Townson, brigadier-general of the army, died in that city the day previous, of apoplexy, aged 55 years. Gen. Townson was a veteran and distinguished officer, and his death will be sincerely lamented by his old companions in arms and his countrymen generally.

DESCRIPTION OF IOWA AND OTHER INDIAN NAMES.—Mr. McClaire, of Davenport, so long the Indian interpreter of the government, at a late interview gave the following interpretation of several Indian names:

Iowa—means literally; "Here is the place." Driven, as were the Iowas and Sac from Wisconsin and Illinois beyond the Mississippi, they exclaimed, "Here is the place" for us to live unmolested; and so it measurably proved for many years. This etymology differs somewhat from the significance given by senator Dodge, which is "none such," as well as from that of Washington Irving, or some romantic writer, who represents an Indian on an high Illinois bluff, overlooking Iowa, Iowa, beautiful, beautiful. The idea conveyed by LaClaire, is that of a place of retreat, or a happy refuge from enemies.

Kookuk—means the "Watchful Fox." Kookuk being a Fox Indian, or "he that goes everywhere."—Iowa State Jour.

MONUMENT OF A PAST RACE.—The Waupaca Spirit has the following curious account of a memorial left by some former inhabitants of this vast land:

Three miles north of this town on the northern road, is a large rock, weighing from four to six tons, resting upon another large rock, with three small stones between them, thus raising the upper one about three inches from the lower. It stands in an open, rocky place and is visible for some distance.

Beyond question human hands placed this boulder, (which is nearly round) in its elevated and conspicuous location. To substantiate the opinion that it was moved there by aborigines, is the fact that Indians who pass there till this day, make some trifling tribute, such as depositing tobacco, arrows, bullets, &c., between the rocks.

MIRAGE.—This peculiar species of optical illusion was beautifully perceptible on Sunday evening. Looking upon the lake, towards the north, vessels were reflected giving the appearance of two, one above the other. At Two Rivers, two piers, each with white rows of coal wood, piles of lumber and a warehouse, were distinctly visible for half an hour. The village and objects contiguous, were also duplicated. A dark line was visible in the eastern horizon, which might have been in Michigan—but unlike our Kenosha neighbors, we were unable to detect the halloo of the Wolverines.—Manitowish Herald.

MILWAUKEE AND WATERTOWN RAILROAD.—The New York Tribune of Friday last, publishes in its money article the following card:

A CARD.—An erroneous statement having appeared in one of the city papers, that the Milwaukee and Watertown railroad company of the state of Wisconsin was among the sufferers by the failure of Messrs. R. & G. L. Schuyler, the undersigned takes this method of assuring the friends of the railroad, and all others interested, that the company will not have sustained any loss by the failure of those gentlemen; every dollar of the bonds which the Messrs. Schuyler held in trust for this company shortly previous to their failure, amounting to \$113,000, having been restored to us on the 19th inst.

JOHN S. ROCKWELL,  
President of the Milwaukee and Watertown railroad Co. New York July 24th, 1884.

TOWNS ON LAKE SUPERIOR.—We learn from W. R. Williams, who returned on the 14th inst., from Lake Superior, that Endaia is building up with great rapidity. He informs us that there are already twenty-five houses built, and fifty more in process of construction. The general health of the settlers is excellent, and the towns had every appearance of prosperity in the highest degree. He also informs us that a number of specimens of copper have been found in that vicinity, of superior quality. Endaia is the name selected for this commencement of a future city.

Superior city is also rapidly building up, and has the same indications of rapid progress as the town of Endaia. Claims are advancing in value very fast, and prospects are that settlers will receive a full compensation for the privations they have undergone in making their claims.—St. Pauls Pioneer, 17th inst.

WHAT CONGRESS SHOULD PAY FOR THE FRANKING PRIVILEGE.—Taking the month of January as an average of the letters and documents franked by members of congress, and deposited in the Washington city postoffice, the whole amount for twelve months at pre-paid rates, would be:

For letters, : : : : \$55,963 35  
For documents, : : : : 1,381,543 40  
It should be borne in mind that this takes no account of the enormous number of letters received by members of congress.

A PLEASANT INCIDENT.—Some weeks since Rev. Mr. Fleming, of the Presbyterian church at West Union, Marshall, went to Grave Creek, with a committee, to use what influence they could to prevent the county court from granting licenses in that region for the sale of whiskey. They succeeded. As a reward some of the liquor men set fire to his stable, in the night which was burned to the ground. At the same time they left the following elegant note: "This is for your trip to Grave Creek, God bless you!" On Thursday afternoon the young men of his congregation assembled, went into the woods, cut timber and shingles, and before sunset had him an excellent stable completed, and left him \$70 for a carriage. On the fourth of July they had a grand temperance jubilee and picnic of the Sunday school children, with refreshments and temperance speeches.—Wheeling Times.

HURRAH FOR BABIES.—The Stark county (O.) agricultural society are offering premiums for the finest specimen of young Americans. Here is the list:

For prettiest baby, \$5 and diploma to mother; for second prettiest baby, \$3 and diploma to mother; for third prettiest, \$2 and diploma to mother; for largest and heaviest child under 12 months old, age to be considered, \$5 and diploma to mother; for second ditto, \$3 and diploma to mother; for third ditto, \$2 and diploma to mother. The above is not a fair list; all the rewards go to the mothers—no encouragement to fathers.

The cost of cleaning the streets of New York city during the three months of July 1st, was \$88,804.77. The commission asks for an appropriation of \$100,000 to carry him through the year.

SINGULAR MODE OF INFLECTING VENOM.—A Mr. G. Lynch has suffered intensely during the week, from the effects of venomous matter thrown into his face, last Monday, by an insect called the Armadillo. The worm was lying on the ground coiled up, and he perceiving it, held down his head and spitted some tobacco juice upon it, when it immediately threw up its tail, emitting at the same time a small quantity of juicy matter which lodged upon Mr. Lynch's face, when the flesh around the eyes instantly commenced to swell, and the pain was so intense that it produced temporary aberration of vision. The venom, however, was speedily extracted by a physician, and we are happy to state that he is now rapidly recovering.—Calaveras (Cal.) Chronicle.

MORE DAMAGE BY THE STORM.—We learn that the building occupied as the office of the "Herald," the Norwegian paper published at Janesville, was partly blown down during the heavy wind of Monday evening, and much damage done to the material of the office. The roof and one gable were blown down, upsetting the cases of type and scattering and destroying a large quantity of the unbound pages of a hymn book which had been printed and were ready for the bindery. The damage is estimated at from \$1,500 to \$2,000. Considerable damage was also done to the other buildings in the neighborhood. We hear also of damage done to buildings in Shopiere, but are not informed of the particulars.

The dogs are showing proper resentment at the recent ordinance of the common council diminishing their "area of freedom." The other day two of the aldermen, who were taking a walk in the vicinity of Monterey, were fiercely beset by an incensed cur, that had probably just read the ordinance, and they had to apply their official canes most vigorously in self protection. Let them growl and bark while they can; the days of such recreations to them are numbered.

The Burr Oak (the democratic paper in Dodge county which dressed its columns in mourning on the passage of the Nebraska bill,) publishes the resolutions adopted at the Madison convention, and adds:

"Aside from the men who composed this convention there is no doubt but that the sentiment of this state is overwhelmingly strong against the enactment upon freedom, as manifested in the abrogation of the Missouri compromise. Democrats of this state, look well to it, and see that you 'clear your skirts' of this iniquity."

Immediately following it has this paragraph: "The Sentinel wants to know if it can count upon the Burr Oak in the approaching contest between freedom and slavery. We have spoken plainly on the Nebraska question. We are prepared to act in accordance with our well known sentiments and hope to find that there will be little diversity of sentiment upon this absorbing political question, in the state."

PASSAGE OF THE HOMESTEAD BILL.—The homestead bill passed the senate on Friday, by a vote of 36 to 11. The title of the bill was so amended as to read, "A bill to reduce and graduate the price of the public lands to purchasers and actual settlers, and to grant pre-emption privileges in certain cases, and for other purposes."

THE SICKNESS AT PORT WASHINGTON.—The Milwaukee Sentinel of yesterday learns from Dr. Garner who returned to Milwaukee the day before, that, owing to the prompt treatment and the restoration of confidence, the disease, which he pronounces to be Asiatic cholera, had sensibly abated. A very large number of persons were suffering under the early symptoms of the disease, not only in the village, but in families and settlements in the vicinity. Dr. Porter, an old physician and a valued citizen, had died. Dr. McKnight, who went up with this city with Dr. Garner, remained at Port Washington. Dr. G. went back to Port Washington in the evening.

TRUSDELL, JORDAN & BENNETT,  
Attorneys at Law

Having completed an accurate abstract of the TITLE, TAX and JUDGMENT RECORDS of Rock County, are prepared to furnish full and reliable information respecting the ownership of Real Estate in said county, and all liens on such estate by Judgment, Mortgage or otherwise.

They will attend to the purchase and sale of Real Estate, the negotiation of Loans, payment of Taxes, and the redemption of land from Tax Sales, and generally to all such business as properly belongs to a REAL ESTATE OFFICE.

Business in the courts of this and the adjoining counties will be promptly attended to.

Office—Second Story of Empire Block.  
89 Janesville, Wis., May 28th, 1881.

BADGER STATE BANK,

MAIN STREET, JANESVILLE, WIS.

Particular attention paid to collections.

SIGHT DRAFTS on the principal cities of the Union constantly for sale, and also Drafts on Great Britain, in sums to suit purchasers.

September 1st 1858.

Exchange Bank of W. J. Bell & Co., Milwaukee.

J. B. Kellogg, Cashier.

Bank of Racine, Racine, W. J. ULMAN, Cashier.

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1854. L. J. HIGBY, 1854.

Forwarding, Commission and Produce MERCHANT,

Will contract to forward Goods or Produce to or from any ports East or West, by responsible lines by Railroad or Canal, will attend to selling grain or other produce at the Railroad Depot here; all which, with my NEW WAREHOUSE at the Depot, and Mammoth Pier, give me advantages more convenient to country merchants than any other house here.

Milwaukee, March 20th, 1854. 30m6

JANESVILLE CITY BANK,

MAIN STREET, JANESVILLE.

Drafts for Sale on all the principal cities of the Union and Great Britain.

This Bank will purchase Notes, Drafts, Certificates of Deposit, County Orders, &c. &c.

For our customers, approved paper discounted to any amount.

Bills, Notes &c., received for collection without charge—proceeds remitted immediately, less current rate of exchange.

HENRY B. BUNSTER, Pres't.  
J. H. VERNILY, Cashier.

BOARD WANTED.—By a Gentleman and Wife in a private family. Prefer to furnish room. Address "X" this office. Janesville, July 26th. 8t

LOST.—A small Pocket Diary, bound in black morocco and gilt. Any person having found the same will be liberally rewarded on leaving it at the office of Sloan and Paton. Jy26th

NEW ARRANGEMENT.

ON and after this date a Messenger of the AMERICAN EXPRESS COMPANY, will leave this city daily for Milwaukee, Madison and intermediate points on the M. & M. Railroad, for the purpose of carrying Gold, Silver, Bank Notes and Express matter generally. Patronage respectfully solicited. W. W. HOLDEN, Agent. Janesville, July 26, 1884. Jy26d.

BOSTON STORE.

Choice Liquors!

The Proprietor of the Boston Store would inform the public, that he has now on hand the largest and best assortment of Liquors ever offered for sale in Rock county, which he will sell at

WHOLESALE OR RETAIL

At a small profit for Cash.

Those wishing a choice article for Medicinal and Family purposes, will find it for their interest to purchase of him.

In his stock may be found the following varieties:

Brandy.

Otard, Dupuy & Co. Pale and Dark; Old Martell; Pinet, Cantillon & Co. Hennessy; Old London Dock; A. Seignett, Pale and Dark; Pilsener; Rastau; Old Cherry; Raspberry; Imperial Blackberry.

Wines.

London Dry Port; Burgundy Port; Pure Port Juice; Old Madeira; Sicily; Woodhouse; Florio; Sweet Malaga and Malmsey; Old Brown and Pale Sherry.

Champagne.

Heidsieck; Crown; Eagle; Tiger and Anchor.

Gin.

Triple Pine Apple; Meder's Swan; Palm Leaf; Old Holland; Schiedam.

Rum.

Old Jamaica; St. Croix; New England.

Whisky.

Old Scotch; Irish; Ohio; Belvidere.

London Porter and Scotch Ale.

A. W. WHEELOCK,  
Jy22 Main street, opposite the old Stage House.

DISSOLUTION.—The Copartnership

heretofore existing under the name and firm of HOTT & STROCK, is hereby dissolved by mutual consent.

JOHN P. HOTT,  
B. U. STROCK.

Janesville, July 10th, 1884. 43w

COPARTNERSHIP.—The undersigned



# Janesville Daily Gazette.

VOLUME 1.

JANESVILLE, WISCONSIN, JULY 27, 1854.

NUMBER 16.

## THE DAILY GAZETTE.

Is published every morning, Sundays excepted, in the third story of Bennett & Clapp's Empire Block, Main street, by  
**LEVI ALDEN & CHAS. HOLT.**

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Associate Justice.....JOHN McLEAN.  
do do.....JOHN CATRON.  
do do.....JOHN CAMPBELL.  
do do.....PETER V. DANIEL.  
do do.....SAMUEL NELSON.  
do do.....ROBERT O. GRIER.  
do do.....BENJAMIN R. CURTIS.  
Reporter.....BENJAMIN C. HOWARD.

**UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR WISCONSIN.**  
U. S. Judge for the District of Wisconsin, A. G. MILLER.  
U. S. District Attorney.....JOHN R. SARGENT.  
U. S. Marshal.....S. V. R. ABLEMAN.

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Fifth District.....W. K. KOWLES, Prairie du Chien.  
Sixth District.....W. KOWLES, Prairie du Chien.  
Seventh District.....GEORGE W. CATE, Portage.

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Sheriff.....JEROME B. DAVIS.  
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Third Ward.....J. C. MERRIMAN.  
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THE SUBSCRIBER is prepared to furnish all kinds of Cabinet Ware and Furniture, of the latest styles and at the most reasonable prices.

His Shop is on  
Main Street, in Richardson's Block,  
where he invites the public to CALL and EXAMINE  
HIS GOODS. All kinds of Cabinet Work done to order,  
on short notice.  
J. F. MORSE.  
Janesville, August 20, 1853.

## Just Arrived.

20,000 FEET of heavy squared timber consisting of Oak, Elm and Maple of quality, lying on the ground east of the Distillery, for purchasers. Terms—CASH. Enquire at Jackson & Co's store of  
J. KERR.  
Janesville, June 24, 1854.

## Janesville Mill to Let.

The Property known as the JANESVILLE MILL, will be leased for one or more years from the 1st of August next.

This Mill has 8 run of stone, and is capable of making 800 barrels of flour per day. Apply to  
J. B. DOE.  
4928.

## WATER LIME.—Best Buffalo Lime

For Sale by quantity,  
J. M. SMITH.

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**FARWELL & BRO.**  
Wholesale and Retail Druggists, Excelsior Block, Milwaukee street.

**TREAT & EVANS.**  
Physicians and Surgeons. Office in Empire Block, Janesville, Wisconsin.

**JAMES SUTHERLAND.**  
Wholesale and Retail Bookseller and Stationer—Lepin's new brick block, east side the river, Janesville.

**H. S. SHELTON.**  
Dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Crockery, &c., east side the river, Main-st., Janesville. 24

**JANESVILLE FOUNDRY AND MACHINE SHOP.**  
A short distance north of the Stevens House, J. H. BUDD, Proprietor. 15

**DR. M. H. BUTLER.**  
Physician and Surgeon. Plymouth, Rock county, Wis. Office and residence convenient to Barton's Hotel, Plymouth.

**G. W. CHITTENDEN, M. D.**  
Homeopathic Physician and Surgeon. Office at his residence—Brick Cottage, west of the Episcopal Church. 52

**F. W. BEHRICH.**  
Confectioner, Ice Cream Saloon, &c., Main street, opposite the Post Office, Janesville. Every attention paid to customers. 85

**E. B. & J. F. DRAKE.**  
Have for sale a large stock of Fruit and Ornamental Trees, Flowering Shrubs, &c., at the Janesville Nursery, 24 mile west of the river. 4

**TRUSDELL, JORDAN & BENNETT.**  
Attorneys at Law and Real Estate Agents. Office in Empire Block, Janesville.

**WM. TRUSDELL, CHAS. S. JORDAN, JNO. R. BENNETT.**

**SANFORD A. HUDSON.**  
Attorney and Counsellor at Law and Solicitor in Chancery. Office in Lappin's Block, over the Bookstore, Janesville Wisconsin. 52

**CASE & ARMSTRONG.**  
Attorneys and Counsellors at Law and Solicitors in Chancery. Office in the Empire Block, Janesville. 52

**JOHN M. CASE, JAMES ARMSTRONG.**

**DOTY & BURNHAM.**  
Sash, Door and Blind Manufacturers, one door north of Doty's Mechanics' Block, Main-st., Janesville, Wis., where at all times complete assortment of the above articles may be found. 10

**DR. JOSEPH S. LANE.**  
Resident Physician and Surgeon, in the village of Janesville. Office at his dwelling, west side of the river, near the Baptist Church, where he may be found at all times when not professionally absent.

**JACKMAN, PARKER & CO.**  
Wholesale and Retail Merchants. Dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Crockery, Boots, Shoes, &c. Store corner of Main and Milwaukee streets, Janesville.

**A. B. MILLER.**  
Surveyor and Civil Engineer, and Notary Public. Surveying, leveling, drafting, &c., promptly attended to. Office west side the river, in the R. V. C. R. R. office, Janesville, March 24, 1853. 26

**HOLDEN, KEMP & CO.**  
Druggists and Apothecaries. Dealers in Patent, Oils, Glass and Chemicals. Wholesale and Retail Agents for the State of Wisconsin. 24

**W. M. HOLDEN, WM. KEMP, WM. L. TALLMAN.**

**J. B. DOE.**  
Banker and Exchange Broker—Office in Tallman's Block, Janesville, Wisconsin.

**SIGHT DRAFTS** for sale on any of the principal cities of the Union. Particular attention paid to collections, and money promptly remitted. 6

**SLOAN & PATTEN.**  
Attorneys and Counsellors at Law and Solicitors in Chancery. Main street, Janesville, Wisconsin. 11

**O. F. MEYER'S TOBACCO & CIGAR STORE.**  
Main street, Janesville, keeps always on hand a variety of Cigars, Loose Chewing Smoking and Plug Tobacco. A superior article of Wine and Liquors also always on hand. 26

**J. DEWITT REXFORD.**  
Attorney and Counsellor at Law and Solicitor in Chancery. Also, agent for the Continental Insurance Company of New York City, having a cash capital of Half a million dollars. Office over the store of Geo. W. & Babcock, Janesville, Wisconsin. 1

**T. B. WOOLSCROFT.**  
Baker and Confectioner, No. 1, Lappin's Block, corner of Main and Milwaukee streets. All kinds of Cakes, Pies, Crackers, Bread, Candies, Oysters, Ice Cream, and all other kinds of eatables served up on the shortest notice.

**PICKLEY & KIMBALL.**  
Sign of the Big Saw, Richardson's Block, Main-st., Dealers in Heavy and Shelf Hardware, Stores, Bar Iron, Sheet, and Copper Ware. [Janesville, May 24, 1854.] 38

**B. F. PICKLEY, F. A. KIMBALL.**

**NEW YORK CASH STORE.**  
M. C. Smith & Co., Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Canned Goods, Bonnets, Ready-Made Clothing, Paints, Oils, and every kind of Merchandise, at the very lowest cash prices.  
M. C. SMITH, J. C. BENNETT.

**MERCHANTS' HOTEL.**  
Le Salomon, between the State and Main Water, CHICAGO, ILL.

**E. MOORE, proprietor.** (Late of Syracuse, N. Y.) This House has been thoroughly refitted and newly furnished. Quaintness and elegance in accordance to contemporary taste, and at the lowest rates. Baggage free, 30¢ per day \$1.00 per day. 9

**W. H. WATERMAN.**  
Storage, Forwarding and Commission Merchant, South Pier, Racine, Wis. Particular attention paid to the Purchase and Shipment of Produce.

**Representatives:**—McGraw, Bell & Gilman, Lee & Dickson, W. F. Richmond, Isaac Taylor, Ziebach, Jackson & Smith, Lawrence, Strong & Co., H. O. Wilson, J. L. Kimball & Co., Holden, Kemp & Co., Janesville.

**BLDREDGE & PEASE.**  
Attorneys, Counsellors and Solicitors, will attend to the prosecution and settlement of all claims. County Land and other claims against the United States obtained by them promptly, having an agent in Washington to prosecute them in person. Also, General Land and Loan Agents, Notaries, &c. Office in Empire Block, Janesville, Wis. 50

**B. S. BLDREDGE, J. R. PEASE.**

**OGILVIE & BARROWS.**  
Philadelphia Drug Store, Janesville.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Foreign and Domestic Drugs, French, English and American Chemicals, Paints, Oils and Dyes, Painters' and Artists' Materials and Colors, Wines and Liquors for Medicinal Uses, Druggists' Glass Ware, Surgical Instruments, Dental Instruments, Fancy Articles, Perfumery, Patent Medicines, etc. etc. etc. 48

**JAS. E. OGILVIE, L. J. BARROWS, M. D.**

## DENTISTRY.

**DR. B. F. PENDLETON,**  
Surgeon Dentist, is prepared to operate in every branch of his profession. Chloroform administered when desired. Office corner Main and Milwaukee streets, over Ellis & Co's Jewelry Store. 51

**DR. L. ARNOLD,**  
DENTIST,  
Exchange Block, West end upper bridge, Milwaukee st. Janesville, April 28, 1853. 54

**50 BARRELS NEW SALT for sale**  
Low. 100 J. M. SMITH.

## INSURANCE.

**Dodge's Insurance Agency.**  
CAPITAL \$1,500,000 00!!!

Extra Insurance Company, Hartford Connecticut.  
Hartford Insurance Company, Hartford, Conn.  
Fire Insurance Company, Hartford, Conn.  
City Fire Insurance Company, Hartford, Conn.

**LIFE, FIRE, LIVE STOCK AND MARINE**  
RISKS negotiated at any amount.  
Refer to over \$10,000 00 Losses paid in Rock county.

Office with Siegel & Norton, Exchange Block, West side of River, Janesville, Wisconsin.  
J. L. GEO. S. DODGE.

**Fire Insurance Agency.**  
CONTINENTAL INSURANCE COMPANY OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK.—Capital a half million of Dollars, all paid in cash and safely invested.

**HOME INSURANCE COMPANY.** Office No. 10, Wall street, New York, Cash Capital \$500,000.

The above are the most sound and reliable stock companies now doing business, and the subscriber is prepared to take risks in them at such rates as make it an object for persons desiring to be safely insured to take policies in these companies.

**J. DEWITT REXFORD, Agent.**  
May 30th, 1854. 30

**Life, Fire & Marine Ins. Agency.**  
THE subscriber is now prepared to negotiate Insurance on Stocks of Goods, Stores, Dwellings and Household Furniture to any amount in the best New England and New York City companies. Marine risks taken at equitable rates.

**Milwaukee, Refer to**  
A. WATTENBERG, firm of A. Wattenberg & Co.  
C. P. BRADLEY, do Bradley & Metcalf.  
G. D. NORRIS, do G. D. Norris.  
J. NABO, do H. Nabo & Co.  
MARSHALL & ISLER, Bankers, Janesville.

**HOLDEN, KEMP & CO., A. W. WATSON, H. WOODRUFF, CHAS. PULKER.**  
Office in Wheelock's Store. 41

**New England Mutual Life Ins.,**  
Of Boston, Mass., Chartered in 1843,  
Capital and accumulation, \$650,000.

THIS Company is one of the oldest, and among the most prudently and successfully conducted in the country. The primary object in conducting its business has been to provide perfect security under all conceivable circumstances, for the payment of its losses under its policies, and to return to the insured the surplus at stated periods, and strict economy is observed.

Every insured person is a member of the company and shares in the profits of the business, and is subject to no liability or assessments beyond his premium.

The directors are required to be particularly interested in the company, and they give it their personal attention; and bonds of sufficient security are given by its officers for the faithful performance of their duties.

Insurance may be effected for the benefit of the wife, which is secured by her law beyond the reach of a husband's creditors; and creditors may insure the lives of debtors.

**WILLIAM PHILLIPS, President; B. F. STEVENS, Sec'y; CHAS. PULKER, Agent.**  
O. P. ROBINSON, Examining Physician. 41

**June 15th, 1854.**

## Fire, Marine & Life Insurance

**NEW YORK CITY INSURANCE COMPANY,**  
Capital, \$500,000.

**NATIONAL PROTECTION, SARATOGA SPRINGS,**  
Capital, \$200,000.

**NORTHERN NEW YORK INS. CO., PLATTSBURGH, N. Y.,**  
Capital \$200,000.

**AMERICAN INSURANCE CO., UTICA, N. Y.,**  
Capital \$200,000.

**DODGE COUNTY MUTUAL, WAUPES, WIS.,**  
Capital \$100,000.

**MILWAUKEE MUTUAL, MILWAUKEE, WIS.,**  
Capital \$100,000.

**BELOIT INSURANCE COMPANY, ROCK COUNTY, WIS.,**  
Capital \$150,000.

**BOON COUNTY INSURANCE COMPANY, ILLINOIS,**  
Capital \$100,000.

**AMERICAN TEMPERANCE LIFE INSURANCE CO.,**  
of Hartford, Ct., Capital \$100,000.

**NORTHERN NEW YORK LIFE STOCK INS. CO.,**  
Capital \$400,000.

**COMMERCIAL INSURANCE CO., MILWAUKEE, WIS.,**  
Capital \$500,000, (\$100,000 paid in).

The undersigned has been duly appointed Agent of the above named companies, and is now prepared to take risks and issue policies upon all kinds of insurable property at the lowest rates of premium.

Office at Emerald Grove, Rock Co., Wis., or at the Janesville City Bank of J. B. BUNCE.

**CHAS. C. CHENEY,**  
Agent for the Northwest.

## Highly Important to Farmers.

THE ONLY EXCLUSIVE FARMERS' INSURANCE COMPANY IN THE WEST.

**THE MADISON MUTUAL,**  
LOCATED AT MADISON, WISCONSIN.

THIS Company continues to take risks upon Farm Property only, consisting of buildings of all kinds, (belonging to farmers,) household furniture, grain in barns, live stock, &c., from one to five years, at lower rates than most other companies. All losses promptly paid at the office as soon as proof is made thereon.

We believe it to be for the interest of the farmers to insure by themselves, their property being less hazardous than any other, consequently you will have no losses unless your own of the same class, and all will be on an equal footing.

Experience has shown that two-thirds, if not three-fourths of all the fires that occur are upon stores, taverns, mills, shops and such like property. In this company all such property is rejected positively, by the very terms of the policy.

Farmers, look to your own interest, and insure in a Farmers' Company.

We have been doing business a little over three years, and we have not been obliged to assess our premium notes, and for the last fourteen months we have not had a single dollar loss, though doing a large and prosperous business, which we believe to be without a parallel in the history of insurance.

The best of references given as to the responsibility of the company.

**TRAVELING AGENTS** Wanted for Wisconsin, Iowa, Minnesota, Illinois, Indiana and Michigan.  
N. W. DEAN, President.

**B. F. HORNES, Secretary.**

**L. J. FARWELL, Treasurer.** 42

## FANNING MILLS.

MADE by the Subscriber, which drew the PREMIUM at the New York State Fair, and improved so as to separate Oats from Wheat, which are now sold in the United States.

Will be sold from his shop at RACINE and also at JANESVILLE, near the Stevens House, on the west side of the river.

Fanning Mills on hand at all times and sold Cheap for Cash or produce of any kind.

Also delivered to any point within 80 miles when ordered.

**Capt. H. BRACE** acts as Agent in selling from Janesville. 25

**A. P. DICKEY,**  
Racine, Dec. 20, 1849.

## Contractors for House-Building,

IN JANESVILLE, MADISON, BELOIT, and the surrounding country.

ONE of the Firm, an Architect, and Practical Builder in the City of New York for twenty-three years will draw plans, without charge, (when the contract is taken by the company,) otherwise the usual charges.

**JOHN F. RAGGE & CO.**  
Janesville, Feb. 28th, 1854. 25

DEEDS and MORTGAGES for sale at this Office.

## Chicago Advertisements.

**R. D. ADAMS & Co.,**  
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

Straw, Leghorn & Fancy Bonnets,  
Flowers, Ribbons, Millinery Goods,  
Hats, Caps, &c.,  
157 SOUTH WATER STREET,  
(Corner of La Salle Street.)  
Chicago, Illinois.

## NEW PAPER WAREHOUSE.

THE Subscribers having opened a Warehouse in this city would respectfully call the attention of Printers, Publishers, Stationers & COUNTRY MERCHANTS, to THEIR STOCK.

Our long experience in the business and connection with Eastern Manufacturers, enables us to present a

**STOCK UNEQUALLED**  
both as regards  
**QUALITY AND PRICE.**

**500 Tons Rags wanted.**  
WARREN & CO.  
20 La Salle Block, No. 2 La Salle St., Chicago.

## FIELD, BENEDICT & Co.

Wholesale Dealers  
IN IMPORTED AND AMERICAN

**BROADCLOTHS,**  
Black & Fancy Cassimeres & Dees Skins,  
LONDON AND PARIS TRIMMINGS,  
HEAVY WOOLLEN and SUMMER STUFFS,  
Furnishing Goods & Tailors Trimmings,  
171 South Water St., Chicago, Ill.  
DESI. M. FIELD, ASST. BENEDICT, PETER W. FIELD.

## Wholesale Hardware House.

NO 176 LAKE STREET, CHICAGO.

## WILLIAM BLAIR & Co.

IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE DEALERS  
in Foreign and American HARDWARE, TIN PLATE, &c., have in Store a large and complete stock of goods, received direct from the Manufacturers in this country and England.

In our stock may be found the following, to which we invite the attention of Dealers.

400 doz. Axes—Collins, Simmons, and others.  
500 Shovels—Ames, Rowlands do  
1000 Spades do do  
400 Grass Scythes—Bloody's, Harris, do  
300 Scythe Snaths—Lambson's Patent.  
200 gross Scythes—Indian Pond, &c.  
400 doz. Knives—do do  
8000 Table Cutlery, assorted.  
2000 Bright Ox Chains, do  
1000 Locks and Latches, assorted.  
1200 Files do  
10000 lbs. Pump Chain.  
10000 Bright Ox Chains, do  
15000 Black Ox Chain.  
500 pair Bright Traces.  
900 boxes Tin Plate, in, IX, and extra sizes.  
200 bundles Sheet Iron, assorted.  
500 Assorted Wire.  
6000 lbs. Sheet Zinc.  
20 set Japanned and Pressed Tin Ware, full assortment.

**WILLIAM BLAIR, C. B. NELSON.**

## G. H. & L. LAFLIN,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,  
AND MANUFACTURERS' AGENTS.

175 SOUTH WATER STREET,  
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS.

**SOLE AGENTS** for LAFLIN BROTHER'S  
Lard and Waxed Letter Paper, Flat-Cap, Medium, Demi and other Papers;  
CHAS. E. CO. Superior Colored Medium, Bond, Tissue and Envelope papers;  
SMITH & PETERS' Printers' Cards and Card Boards;  
LOOMIS & Co's Domestic and Imported Cigars;  
GEORGE C. SMITH & Co's Tobaccos;  
Weekfield Wines and Lashes;  
LAFLIN & SMITH'S Celebrated Gun Powder and Safety Fuse, &c.

## Sky-Light Daguerreotypes.

**GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICE.**  
75 CENTS to \$5.00.

**MR. J. E. POWERS,** lately from Troy, (N. Y.) respectfully informs the Ladies and Gentlemen of this place and vicinity that he has made a permanent location in Daguerreotype Likenesses.

Either single or in groups, not to be surpassed in Wisconsin. Miniatures taken in as good style as the Art can produce, having all the improved chemicals of the age, which, together with the advantages of a superior light, enable him to give a clear, bold and life-like picture.

Miniatures taken in all weathers equally well, and warranted not to fade in the least, from 75 cents to \$1. Pictures taken over for 50 cents.

Lockets and fancy articles of all styles furnished to order, and also miniatures in Pins and Bracelets.

Minutiae given for diseased persons taken at their residences if required.

Pictures of Children of any age correctly taken at very low rates.

Goodly will be open from 7 A. M. to 8 P. M., and he invites all those that wish to see GOOD Pictures, to Call and Examine his Specimens, whether







The Free Democrat copies a notice of ours approving the decision of the supreme court as to the constitutionality of the fugitive slave law and ordering the discharge of Mr. Booth, and appends the following comment:

"The above notice has reference to the supreme court's decision that the fugitive act of 1850 is unconstitutional and void and not to their last decision, which denies us the benefits of their first decision."

That Mr. Booth may have no misapprehension as to our position, we say that we sustain the last as we did the first decision of the supreme court. We believe that court acted upon its convictions of duty, with at least as competent a knowledge of the law as Mr. Booth, and that its decision in both cases had sole reference to a principle, and no thought of the individual bearings of the case. We can well understand why Mr. Booth should feel dissatisfied with a refusal to grant his last demand, but we can see no reason why the court should be censured because he is disappointed. If Mr. Booth is wise, he will not press an issue between himself and the court. The latter has quite as much of the public confidence as the editor of the Free Democrat.

The Madison Argus gives the following as the grounds upon which the supreme court denied the application of Mr. Booth to be discharged from arrest under the warrant issued by the United States court:

The grounds upon which the writ was refused were, that the prisoner was under the exclusive jurisdiction of the United States court, and that the rule of judicial comity would prevent interference by this court, as such interference must necessarily produce a conflict, which it is the duty of both courts to avoid. The law of this state was also cited, which would compel the court to remand the prisoner as soon as it was ascertained that he was held by United States process. It was further stated, that the case could not be heard till the prisoner was in custody of this court, into which he could not be brought without a direct conflict between the state and the United States officers. Chief Justice Whiton and Justice Smith, concurred in drawing a wide distinction between the case of a prisoner held by the warrant of a commissioner or inferior magistrate, and one held by the judge or court. The former they did not consider in the custody of the court, and consequently, the taking of him by this court to decide his application, did not involve a conflict of jurisdiction. Justice Crawford held differently in his opinion previously delivered, and repeated the positions there assumed.

The writ was denied by the unanimous decision of the court.

**RECENT DEMOCRATS.**—The Detroit Free Press gives the car marks of recent democrats in Maine and Michigan, and as other localities and latitudes are infested with similar politicians it may be well to hold up the mirror, that all such may see their pictures. "When we hear a democrat," says the Free Press, "condemning the action of the party on the Nebraska bill, or on some other question, in nine cases out of ten on inquiry, we find that his head is sore—that his 'claims' have been recognized—that he has been disappointed in respect to some office he was anxious to obtain. And, perhaps on further inquiry we find that he has been an office-holder for a quarter of a century or less, and can't stomach the doctrine of rotation, though in his case it has been too tardily applied. Such men's democracy is only skin deep, and if in Maine or Michigan, they are found in coalition with abolitionists, why, it can't be helped. The democratic party will live without them."

We find the above paragraph in the Milwaukee Morning News. We were not aware before that so large and respectable a portion of the democratic party as are now acting in opposition to the Nebraska bill, were nine-tenths of them office seekers. It shows that the list of applicants must have been exceedingly large, and it is no wonder that Frank Pierce has found so much difficulty in satisfying them all. The same rule will undoubtedly work the other way, namely, that "when we hear a democrat approving the action of the party on the Nebraska bill, in nine cases out of ten, on inquiry, we find that his head is not sore—that his claims have been recognized—that he has been appointed to some office he was anxious to obtain." Seriously, this rule has the advantage of the one given by the Free Press, because it is literally true, and the writer in the Morning News would be no exception to it, while its opposite plainly admits of question. It is generally those who are entirely indifferent, or actually do not want office, that dare to take ground against the powers that be, and the powers that appoint to office. When the president adopted the Nebraska bill as a test of democracy, those who held offices which they were anxious to retain, would be quite likely to adopt it too, as also would those who were anxiously seeking such favors at his hands.

**AN EYE TO THE MAIN CHANCE.**—The New York Sunday Times says a clergyman of Brooklyn, named Johnson, a large property holder, appeared before the board of health in that city last week, and objected to the publication of cholera cases, on the ground that property was depreciated in value by such reports being made public! The reverend speculator would have the community surrounded by danger and kept in ignorance, lest his property should depreciate in value.—*Buff. Com. Adv.*

Upon the same principle that an abandoned woman will distance the male sex in a course of profligacy and shame, we suppose a minister of the gospel is more than a match for the keenest sharper when his avarice overcomes the restraints of his profession. It was remarked of a couple of clergymen of this character in a neighboring town in this state, who had kept at least one eye on the "main chance," that if they should go into a brokerage business they would drive all others from it, and that in ten years they would be richer than the old U. S. bank. Perhaps in this last instance the capacity for business may have been overrated, but the spirit of the men was probably correctly appreciated. The worshippers of Mammon are not all outside the church.

**THE FIGURES.**—A correspondent of the Free Democrat sends that paper some statistics compiled from the annual reports of the postmaster general, showing the comparative cost of the mail service in the free and slave states, and the payment into the department from each. After giving the tables for 1852-53, the correspondent continues:

These tables show that the amount collected for postage in the free states exceeded the amount paid for the transportation of the mails, \$1,743,953.44; while in the slave states the amount paid for transporting the mails exceeded the amount collected for postage \$363,788.93.

That, in other words, the free states paid into the treasury a surplus, after deducting the cost of transporting the mails, of \$1,743,953.44; while the slave states drew out \$363,788.93 more than they paid in.

The tables for 1853-54 are then given, and the following result is found:

The above tables show that the amount collected for postage in the free states, exceeds the amount paid for transporting the mails, \$1,540,606.91; the surplus being less than that of the year previous by but \$203,446.94.

Now let us look at the result in the slave states. In these states the amount paid for transporting the mails exceeds the amount collected for postage, \$738,399.71; the deficiency being more than double what it was the year previous.

The writer then goes on to make some comparisons, which we commend to the attention of the people of the west, who are experiencing under the present head of the department some of the benefits of an administration of its affairs in which the party (and the smallest fraction at that) is the primary and the people the secondary consideration:

New-York and Virginia. New-York yields a surplus of \$720,496.30. In Virginia the deficiency is 129,762.53. (Last year there was a surplus in Virginia of \$2,441.78; now there is a deficiency of \$129,762.53.)

Massachusetts and North Carolina. In Massachusetts the surplus is \$333,849.67. In North Carolina the deficiency is \$14,878.08.

Maine and Alabama. In Maine the surplus is \$72,524.06. In Alabama the deficiency is \$2,451.50.

Indiana and Georgia. In Indiana the surplus is \$27,946.47. In Georgia the deficiency is 72,488.64.

Wisconsin and Texas. In Wisconsin the surplus is 26,962.83. In Texas the deficiency is 92,197.73.

The whole amount of postage collected in the slave states is \$1,322,021.95; showing the receipts to be \$12,284.08 less than those of the year preceding. In the free states the whole amount of postage collected is \$3,709,051.17; showing the receipts to be \$96,685.82 greater than for the previous year.

The receipts for postage in New York alone are nearly equal to the entire receipts for the fifteen slave states.

In 1853-54, but two slave states, in the entire number, paid a surplus into the department. These were Delaware, \$6,898.71, and Louisiana, \$37,749.45. Only three free states receive more in service than they pay in revenue, and these are Illinois \$6,264.36; Michigan \$39,502.95, California \$51,091.02.

These facts need no comment, and we only add one more stated by the correspondent in question. In Texas there is expended for transporting the mails, \$189,392.19, and in Wisconsin but \$46,608.00. Texas draws out of the treasury \$96,197.73 more than she pays in, while Wisconsin yields a surplus of \$26,962.83.

Is not this a beautiful state of things? And to improve it, the service on several important routes in this state has been reduced from a third to a half, and much of what is performed is done in a way that renders it nearly useless. But who hears of any reduction in Texas?

**TO THE POINT.**—A petition to Gov. Matteson, of Illinois, has been circulated and numerously signed in La Salle, of which the following is a copy:

DEAR SIR: The undersigned, citizens of La Salle county and state of Illinois, having heard with deep regret that you have interposed your executive power to defeat the ends of justice, and have, without any show of reason, justice or humanity, pardoned the murderers of Albert Story, who have been convicted of a most horrid murder in two fair and impartial trials by jury, and in a court far away from any prejudice that was supposed to exist in this county, to which they had appealed, and by which they were condemned to be hung. The supreme court affirmed said judgment. These trials have been attended with great labor and expense to our county, and we fondly hoped that, at least, in this instance we should see one law honored and obeyed, and that no more premiums or inducements might be held out to the lawless to commit the murders, thefts and robberies, riots, etc., with which our county has been pestered for the past two years, and yet the criminals have gone unpunished of justice. And now, to our utter astonishment, we learn that you, the governor and executive of our state, have by your arbitrary power repealed the decisions of our courts and stayed the hand of justice, and for no other reason, as we verily believe, than to gain patronage from that class of citizens to which the criminals belonged.

But fearing as we do that murder and rioting will be more frequent on account of your subverting and annulling the laws of our land, we therefore petition you and pray that in future, you will not condescend to use in similar cases the power you have vested in you to pardon, for any such base and mean purpose as popular patronage; and we will pledge ourselves, that in case you in future do not stoop so low as to commute such treasonable acts, disgraced to yourself as well as to our state, that we will with all our influence, votes, and all fair and honorable means, try to make up to you as many votes as you would probably lose by letting the laws of our state and land be justly executed.

The Chicago Democratic Press of Tuesday says: "We learn from very good authority that parties in Mineral Point and Galena have been Schuylerized in large sums—the loss of one gentleman in the former place we have heard estimated as high as \$200,000."

The Press also states that a citizen of Illinois is a loser to the amount of \$25,000 by the same individual.

The grass on Boston Common is entirely dead in many places in consequence of the protracted drought.

**SNAKE FASCINATION.**—We have occasionally read accounts of persons having been fascinated or spell-bound by snakes, but never knew of an instance occurring so near our vicinity until a day or two since, and one that we know to be a fact. A man by the name of O'Mara had a small child, a little girl about thirteen years of age, who came to her death through the influence of a snake, one day last week, under the following circumstances: O'Mara resides on Copperas Creek, in Franklin county, and but a short distance from the Pacific railroad depot. Some nine months ago, early last fall his family noticed the little girl to be pining away, and becoming very weak and pale although she had been very fleshy and hearty, and apparently without any cause or complaint of sickness. By the time winter had fairly set in, she was wasted away to a mere skeleton, but as soon as weather became cold she again seemed to revive. She never complained of being unwell, and in reply to all their inquiries in regard to her health, she invariably said she felt very well, only a little weak. As summer arrived, she could not be prevailed upon to eat any victuals in her father's house, but would take a piece of bread and butter, or a piece of meat, and go out to the edge of the creek to eat it. The family noticed her regularly, always going precisely to the same place, and invariably complaining of being hungry after her return, when if more victuals were given her, she would again return to the creek, as they thought, to eat.

Finally, some of the neighbors having heard of the circumstances of the child's extraordinary conduct, and also of her wasted appearance, suggested to her father to watch her movements, which he did last Friday. The child had been sitting on the bank of the creek nearly all the forenoon, until near dinner time, when she got up and went to her father's house, asked for a piece of bread and butter, and again returned to the same place she had been. Her father kept behind her without making any noise. As soon as the child was seated, the father saw a huge black snake slowly raise its head into her lap, and receive the bread and butter from her hand; and when she would attempt to take a piece of the bread, the snake would commence hissing and become apparently very angry, when the child, trembling like a leaf, would promptly return the bread to the monster. The father was completely paralyzed, not being able to move hand or foot; entertaining, as most Irish persons do, a dread of snakes, he felt alarmed for the safety of his child, not knowing the nature of the snake, or the extent of the influence on his child. His blood became almost clogged in his veins, and he groaned in perfect agony, which caused the snake to become alarmed, and glide away into the creek. The child then immediately sprang to her feet and ran home, apparently much frightened. Her father followed her, but she refused to answer any questions, and he then resolved to detain his child at home, but he was advised to permit her to go again next day to the creek, and to follow her and kill the snake. Next morning she took a piece of bread again and went out to the creek; her father followed her with his gun in his hand, and as soon as the snake made his appearance, shot him through the head. The child swooned; the snake squirmed and worked himself around awhile, and then died; the child in the meantime recovered from her swoon, but was immediately seized with spasms, acting in a manner resembling the writhing of the snake, and finally died at the same moment the snake did, apparently in the greatest agony.

This horrible and at the same time melancholy occurrence, is the first we have heard of for a long time, and in fact the first we ever knew of where we could positively vouch for its truthful correctness. We know there are persons who doubt the reality of snake fascination, but if they entertain any doubts on the subject hereafter, the relatives of this unfortunate little girl can be found ready and willing to corroborate our statement. This should serve as a warning to parents who live in the country to be more careful in watching their children.

We had almost forgot to mention that it was a black snake, generally supposed to be harmless, that is not poisonous, 7 feet 6 inches in length, that fascinated the little girl.—*St. Louis Herald, July 12.*

A man named James Howe, was killed in Lowell, in this county, on Wednesday evening last, during the heavy thunder storm of that evening, supposed at first to have been by lightning, but upon examination there were signs of murder. He was on his return from a neighbor's, and was found in the middle of the road, a whip in his hand, with which he had been driving oxen, his skull broken, and a hole cut in his hat.—*Columbus Rep.*

**OUR NEAREST NEIGHBOR.**—The nearest fixed star has been discovered very recently, to be Alpha in the constellation of the Centaur. The sun is ninety-five millions of miles from the earth, and this star, which we feel a certain degree of friendship for, because it is our nearest neighbor, is two hundred and six thousand times the distance of the sun from the earth. Light which travels one hundred and ninety-two thousand miles a second, would require more than three years to reach us from that star.

**CURE FOR THE VENOM OF SNAKES, &c.**—An old physician writes to the New York Tribune that ammonia is an antidote for the venom of snakes. He says:

Alcoholic stimulants cannot be depended on to cure any poisonous bites. In nearly all parts of the country where venomous snakes are known, there are to be found persons who can cure their poisons. I will not detail these various curatives, but will give a perfect cure for the poisons of venomous reptiles and insects, first giving the reason why the remedy I shall mention is an infallible curative. From years of investigation and inquiry I am quite positive that the poisonous principle in the virus of snakes, &c., is prussic acid; somewhat modified, no doubt, but essentially identical with it, and what will neutralize this acid is an antidote to the poison. This antidote is the volatile alkali, ammonia. It is found in the shops, and called volatile salts, used in ladies' smelling-bottles, also, the aqua ammonia and spirits of ammonia.

As soon as possible after the bite, apply a few drops of aqua ammonia to the wound, and put 20 drops in a little water, or whisky and water, if you please, and drink it. Take this dose every 10 to 30 minutes, until there is profuse perspiration and all symptoms of poisoning disappear. The salts of ammonia, such as found in smelling-bottles, should be dissolved in a little water, and used as the aqua ammonia, but in larger doses, as they are usually much weaker. The same remark applies to the spirits of hartshorn, which is usually of less strength than the ammonia. Ammonia is in no respect poisonous, and if sufficiently diluted may be taken freely without injury. The rule is to give enough to induce free perspiration.

**DEATH OF GEN. TOWSON.**—A despatch from Washington, dated July 21st, states that Gen. Towson, brigadier-general of the army, died in that city the day previous, of apoplexy, aged 55 years. Gen. Towson was a veteran and distinguished officer, and his death will be sincerely lamented by his old companions in arms and his countrymen generally.

**RE-SIGNIFICATION OF IOWA AND OTHER INDIAN NAMES.**—Mr. McClaire, of Davenport, so long the Indian interpreter of the government, at a late interview gave the following interpretation of several Indian names: "Here is the place," Iowa, means literally; "Here is the place," Drives, as were the Iowas and Sacas from Wisconsin and Illinois beyond the Mississippi, they exclaimed, "Here is the place" for us to live unmolested; and so it measurably proved for many years. This etymology differs somewhat from the signification given by senator Dodge, which is, "none such," as well as from that of Washington Irving, or some romantic writer, who represents an Indian on an high Illinois bluff, overlooking Iowa, beautiful, beautiful. The idea conveyed by McClaire, is that of a place of retreat, or a happy refuge from enemies.

**KOOKUK.**—means the "Watchful Fox," Kookuk being a Fox Indian, or "he that goes everywhere."—*Iowa State Jour.*

**MONUMENT OF A PAST RACE.**—The Waupaca Spirit has the following curious account of a memorial left by some former inhabitants of this vast land:

Three miles north of this town on the northern road, is a large rock, weighing from four to six tons, resting upon another large rock, with three small stones between them, thus raising the upper one about three inches from the lower. It stands in an open, rocky place and is visible from some distance.

Beyond question human hands placed this boulder, (which is nearly round) in its elevated and conspicuous location. To substantiate the opinion that it was moved there by aborigines, is the fact that Indians who pass there till this day, make some trifling tribute, such as depositing tobacco, arrows, bullets, &c., between the rocks.

**MIRAGE.**—This peculiar species of optical illusion was beautifully perceptible on Sunday evening. Looking upon the lake, towards the north, vessels were reflected giving the appearance of two, one above the other. At two rivers, two piers, each with white rows of coal wood, pikes of lumber and a warehouse, were distinctly visible for half an hour. The village and objects contiguous, were also duplicated. A dark line was visible in the eastern horizon, which might have been in Michigan—but unlike our Kenosha neighbors, we were unable to detect the halloo of the Wolverines.—*Manitowish Herald.*

**MILWAUKEE AND WATERTOWN RAILROAD.**—The New York Tribune of Friday last, publishes in its money article the following card:

A CARD.—An erroneous statement having appeared in one of the city papers, that the Milwaukee and Watertown railroad company of the state of Wisconsin was among the sufferers by the failure of Messrs. R. & G. L. Schuyler, the undersigned takes this method of assuring the friends of the railroad, and all others interested, that the company will not have sustained any loss by the failure of those gentlemen; every dollar of the bonds which the Messrs. Schuyler held in trust for this company shortly previous to their failure, amounting to \$113,000, having been restored to us on the 19th inst.

JOHN S. ROCKWELL.  
President of the Milwaukee and Watertown railroad co. New York July 20th, 1854.

**TOWNS ON LAKE SUPERIOR.**—We learn from W. R. Williams, who returned on the 14th inst., from Lake Superior, that Endeian is building up with great rapidity. He informs us that there are already twenty-five houses built, and fifty more in process of construction. The general health of the settlers is excellent, and the towns had every appearance of prosperity in the highest degree. He also informs us that a number of specimens of copper have been found in that vicinity, of superior quality. Endeian is the name selected for this commencement of a future city.

Superior city is also rapidly building up, and has the same indications of rapid progress as the town of Endeian. Claims are advancing in value very fast, and prospects are that settlers will receive a full compensation for the privations they have undergone in making their claims.—*St. Pauls Pioneer, 11th inst.*

**WHAT CONGRESS SHOULD PAY FOR THE FRANKING PRIVILEGE.**—Taking the month of January as an average of the letters and documents franked by members of congress, and deposited in the Washington city postoffice, the whole amount for twelve months at pre-paid rates, would be:

For letters : : : : \$55,963.35  
For documents : : : : 1,881,549.40  
It should be borne in mind that this takes no account of the enormous number of letters received by members of congress.

**A PLEASING INCIDENT.**—Some weeks since Rev. Mr. Fleming, of the Presbyterian Church at West Union, Marshall, went to Grave Creek, with a committee, to use what influence they could to prevent the county court from granting licenses in that region for the sale of whiskey. They succeeded. As a reward some of the liquor men set fire to his stable, in the night which was burned to the ground. At the same time they left the following elegant note: "This is for your trip to Grave Creek, God bless you!" On Thursday afternoon the young men of his congregation assembled, went into the woods, cut timber and shingles, and before sunset had him an excellent stable completed, and left him \$70 for a carriage. On the fourth of July they had a grand temperance jubilee and picnic of the Sunday school children, with refreshments and temperance speeches.—*Wheeling Times.*

**HURRAH FOR BABIES.**—The Stark county (O.) agricultural society are offering premiums for the finest specimen of young Americans. Here is the list:

For prettiest baby, \$5 and diploma to mother; for second prettiest baby, \$3 and diploma to mother; for third prettiest, \$2 and diploma to mother; for largest and heaviest child under 12 months old, age to be considered, \$5 and diploma to mother; for second ditto, \$3 and diploma to mother; for third ditto, \$2 and diploma to mother. The above is not a fair list; all the rewards go to the mothers—no encouragement to fathers.

The cost of cleaning the streets of New York city during the three months to July 1st, was \$88,804.77. The commission asks for an appropriation of \$100,000 to carry him through the year.

**SINGULAR MODE OF INFLECTING VENOM.**—A Mr. G. Lynch has suffered intensely during the week, from the effects of venomous matter thrown into his face, last Monday, by an insect called the Armadillo. The worm was lying on the ground curled up, and he perceiving it, held down his head and spirited some tobacco juice upon it, when it immediately threw up its tail, emitting at the same time a small quantity of juicy matter, which lodged upon Mr. Lynch's face, where the flesh around the eyes instantly swelled, and the pain was so intense, that it produced temporary aberration of vision. The venom, however, was speedily extracted by a physician, and we are happy to state that he is now rapidly recovering.—*California (Cal.) Chronicle.*

**MORE DAMAGE BY THE STORM.**—We learn that the building occupied as the office of the "Emancipator," the Norwegian paper, published at Janesville, was partly blown down during the heavy wind of Monday evening, and much damage done to the material of the office. The roof and one gable were blown down, upsetting the cases of type and scattering and destroying a large quantity of the unbound pages of a hymn book which had been printed and were ready for the bindery. The damage is estimated at from \$1,500 to \$2,000. Considerable damage was also done to the other buildings in the neighborhood. We hear also of damage done to buildings in Shoptere, but are not informed of the particulars.

The dogs are showing proper resentment at the recent ordinance of the common council diminishing their "area of freedom." The other day two of the aldermen, who were taking a walk in the vicinity of Monterey, were fiercely beset by an incensed cur, that had probably just read the ordinance, and they had to apply their official canes most vigorously in self protection. Let them growl and bark while they can; the days of such recreations to them are numbered.

The Burr Oak (the democratic paper in Dodge county which dressed its columns in mourning on the passage of the Nebraska bill), publishes the resolutions adopted at the Madison convention, and adds:

"Aside from the men who composed this convention there is no doubt but that the sentiment of this state is overwhelmingly strong against the encroachment upon freedom, as manifested in the abrogation of the Missouri compromise. Democrats of this state look well to it, and see that you 'clear your skirts' of this iniquity."

Immediately following it has this paragraph: "The Sentinel wants to know if it can count upon the Burr Oak in the approaching contest between freedom and slavery. We have spoken plainly on the Nebraska question. We are prepared to act in accordance with our well known sentiments and hope to find that there will be little diversity of sentiment upon this absorbing political question, in the state."

**PASSAGE OF THE HOMESTEAD BILL.**—The homestead bill passed the senate on Friday, by a vote of 36 to 11. The title of the bill was so amended as to read, "A bill to reduce and graduate the price of the public lands to purchasers and actual settlers, and to grant pre-emption privileges in certain cases, and for other purposes."

**THE SICKNESS AT PORT WASHINGTON.**—The Milwaukee Sentinel of yesterday learns from Dr. Garner who returned to Milwaukee the day before, that, owing to the prompt treatment and the restoration of confidence, the disease, which he pronounces to be Asiatic cholera, had sensibly abated. A very large number of persons were suffering under the early symptoms of the disease, not only in the village, but in families and settlements in the vicinity. Dr. Porter, an old physician and a valued citizen, had died. Dr. McKnight, who went up from this city with Dr. Garner, remained at Port Washington. Dr. G. went back to Port Washington in the evening.

**TRUSDELL, JORDAN & BENNETT.**

Attorneys at Law  
Having completed an accurate abstract of the TITLE, TAX and JUDGMENT RECORDS of Rock County, are prepared to furnish full and reliable information respecting the ownership of Real Estate in said county, and all liens on such estate by Judgment, Mortgage or otherwise.

They will attend to the purchase and sale of Real Estate, the negotiation of Loans, payment of Taxes, and the redemption of land from Tax Sales, and generally to all such business as properly belongs to a

**REAL ESTATE OFFICE.**

Business in the courts of this and the adjoining counties will be promptly attended to.  
Office—Second Story of Empire Block.  
89 Janesville, Wis., May 28th, 1851.

**BADGER STATE BANK,**

MAIN STREET, JANESVILLE, WIS.  
Particular attention paid to collections.  
SIGHT DRAFTS on the principal cities of the Union constantly for sale, and also Drafts on Great Britain, in sums to suit purchasers.

September 1st 1853.  
E. L. DIMOCK, Cashier.  
Exchange Bank of W. J. Bell & Co., Milwaukee, J. D. KELLOGG, Cashier.

Bank of Racine, Racine.  
Bank of Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.  
A. G. BUTLER, Cashier.

1854. **L. J. HIGBY, 1854.**

Forwarding, Commission and Produce  
**MERCHANT.**

Will contract to forward Goods or Produce to or from any ports East or West, by responsible lines by Railroad or Canal; will attend to selling grain or other produce at the Railroad Depot here; all which, with my NEW WAREHOUSE at the Depot, and Mammoth Pier, give me advantages more convenient to country merchants than any other house here.

Milwaukee, March 20th, 1854. 30m6

**JANESVILLE CITY BANK.**

MAIN STREET, JANESVILLE.  
Drafts for Sale on all the principal cities of the Union and Great Britain.

This Bank will purchase Notes, Drafts, Certificates of Deposit, County Orders, &c. &c.  
For our customers, approved paper discounted to any amount.  
Bills, Notes &c., received for collection without charge—proceeds remitted immediately, less current rate of exchange.  
HENRY B. BUNSTER, Pres't.  
J. H. VERNILY, Cashier.

**BOARD WANTED.**—By a Gentleman and Wife in a private family. Prefer to furnish room. Address: "X" this office.  
Janesville, July 26th.

**LOST.**—A small Pocket Diary, bound in black morocco and gilt. Any person having found the same will be liberally rewarded on leaving it at the office of Sloan and Patten.

L. F. PATTEN.

**NEW ARRANGEMENT.**

ON and after this date a Messenger of the AMERICAN EXPRESS COMPANY, will leave this city daily for Milwaukee, Madison and other points on the M. & M. Railroad, for the purpose of carrying Gold, Silver, Bank Notes and Express matter generally. Patronage respectfully solicited.  
Janesville, July 26, 1854. W. W. HOLDEN, Agent.  
J26d.

**GUM DROPS.**—A full assortment of the different flavors, fresh, for sale by  
J270 HOLDEN, KEMP & CO.

## BOSTON STORE.

### Choice Liquors!

The Proprietor of the Boston Store would inform the public, that he has now on hand the largest and best assortment of Liquors ever offered for sale in Rock county, which he will sell at

**WHOLESALE OR RETAIL**

At a small profit for Cash.

Those wishing a choice article for medicinal and Family purposes, will find it for their interest to purchase of him.

In his stock may be found the following liquors:

**Brandy.**

Otard, Dupuy & Co., Pale and Dark; Old Martell; Pink; Cointreau & Co.; Hennessy; Old London Brandy; Chateau; Pale and Dark; Pilsener Beer; Remy; Old Cherry; Raspberry; Imperial Blackberry.

**Wines.**

London Dry Port; Burgundy Port; Pure Port Juice; Old Madeira; Sillery; Woodhouse; Florida; Sweet Malaga and Malaga; Old Brown and Pale Sherry.

**Champagne.**

Middle; Crown; Eagle; Tiger and Anchor.

**Gin.**

Triple Fine Apple; Mother's Star; Palm Leaf; Old Holland; Scheidein.

**Rum.**

Old Jamaica; St. Croix; New England.

**Whisky.**

Old Scotch; Irish; Ohio; Delaware.

**London Porter and Scotch Ale.**

A. W. WHELOCK.

My22 Main street, opposite the old Stage House.

**DISSOLUTION.**—The Partnership

heretofore existing under the name and firm of HOTT & STRONG, is hereby dissolved by mutual consent. JOHN P. HOTT, J. C. STRONG, J. E. STRONG.

Janesville, July 10th, 1854.

**COPARTNERSHIP.**—The undersigned

will continue the general Merchandising Business at the OLD STAND of HOTT & STRONG, under the name of BRUNN & BACON, and will be happy to wait upon the customers and friends of the old concern.

B. U. STRONG, GEORGE H. BACON.



Holden, Kemp & Co.



The Free Democrat copies a notice of our approving the decision of the supreme court as to the constitutionality of the fugitive slave law and ordering the discharge of Mr. Booth, and appends the following comment:

"The above notice has reference to the supreme court's decision that the fugitive act of 1850 is unconstitutional and void and not to their last decision, which denies us the benefits of their first decision."

That Mr. Booth may have no misapprehension as to our position, we say that we sustain the last as we did the first decision of the supreme court. We believe that court acted upon its convictions of duty, with at least as competent a knowledge of the law as Mr. Booth, and that its decision in both cases had sole reference to a principle, and no thought of the individual bearings of the case. We can well understand why Mr. Booth should feel dissatisfied with a refusal to grant his last demand, but we can see no reason why the court should be censured because he is disappointed. If Mr. Booth is wise, he will not press an issue between himself and the court. The latter has quite as much of the public confidence as the editor of the Free Democrat.

The Madison Argus gives the following as the grounds upon which the supreme court denied the application of Mr. Booth to be discharged from arrest under the warrant issued by the United States court:

The grounds upon which the writ was refused were, that the prisoner was under the exclusive jurisdiction of the United States court, and that the rule of judicial comity would prevent interference by this court, as such interference would necessarily produce a conflict, which it is the duty of both courts to avoid. The law of this state was also cited, which would compel the court to remand the prisoner as soon as it was ascertained that he was held by United States' process. It was further stated, that the case could not be heard till the prisoner was in custody of this court, into which he could not be brought without a direct conflict between the state and the United States officers.

Chief justice Whiton and justice Smith, concurred in drawing a wide distinction between the case of a prisoner held by the warrant of a commissioner or inferior magistrate, and one held by the judge or court. The former they did not consider in the custody of the court, and consequently, the taking of him by this court to decide his application, did not involve a conflict of jurisdiction. Justice Crawford held differently in his opinion previously delivered, and repeated the positions there assumed.

The writ was denied by the unanimous decision of the court.

RECENT DEMOCRATS.—The Detroit Free Press gives the car marks of recent democrats in Maine and Michigan, and as other localities it may be well to hold up the mirror, that all such may see their pictures. "When we hear a democrat," says the Free Press, "condemning the action of the party on the Nebraska bill, or on some other question, in nine cases out of ten on inquiry, we find that his head is sore—that his 'chins' have been recognized—that he has been disappointed in respect to some office he was anxious to obtain. And, perhaps on further inquiry we find that he has been an office-holder for a quarter of a century or less, and can't stomach the doctrine of rotation, though in his case it has been too tardily applied. Such men's democracy is only skin deep, and if in Maine or Michigan, they are found in coalition with abolitionists, why, it can't be helped. The democratic party will live without them."

We find the above paragraph in the Milwaukee Morning News. We were not aware before that so large and respectable a portion of the democratic party are now acting in opposition to the Nebraska swindle, were nine-tenths of them office seekers. It shows that the list of applicants must have been exceedingly large, and it is no wonder that Frank Pierce has found so much difficulty in satisfying them all. The same rule will undoubtedly work the other way, namely, that "when we hear a democrat approving the action of the party on the Nebraska bill, in nine cases out of ten, on inquiry, we find that his head is not sore—that his claims have been recognized—that he has been appointed to some office he was anxious to obtain." Seriously, this rule has the advantage of the one given by the Free Press, because it is literally true, and the writer in the Morning News would be no exception to it, while its opposite plainly admits of question. It is generally those who are entirely indifferent, or actually do not want office, that dare to take ground against the powers that be, and the powers that appoint to office. When the president adopted the Nebraska bill as a test of democracy, those who held offices which they were anxious to retain, would be quite likely to adopt it too, as also would those who were anxiously seeking such favors at his hands.

AN EYE TO THE MAIN CHANCE.—The New York Sunday Times says a clergyman of Brooklyn, named Johnson, a large property holder, appeared before the board of health in that city last week, and objected to the publication of cholera cases, on the ground that property was depreciated in value by such reports being made public! The reverend speculator would have the community surrounded by danger and kept in ignorance, lest his property should depreciate in value.—Buff. Com. Adv.

Upon the same principle that an abandoned woman will distance the male sex in a course of profligacy and shame, we suppose a minister of the gospel is more than a match for the keenest sharper when his avarice overcomes the restraints of his profession. It was remarked of a couple of clergymen of this character in a neighboring town in this state, who had kept at least one eye on the "main chance," that if they should go into a brokerage business they would drive all others from it, and that in ten years they would be richer than the old U. S. bank. Perhaps in this last instance the capacity for business may have been overrated, but the spirit of the men was probably correctly appreciated. The worshippers of Mammon are not all such in the church.

THE FIGURES.—A correspondent of the Free Democrat sends that paper some statistics compiled from the annual reports of the postmaster general, showing the comparative cost of the mail service in the free and slave states, and the payment into the department from each. After giving the tables for 1852-53, the correspondent continues:

These tables show that the amount collected for postages in the free states exceeded the amount paid for the transportation of the mails, \$1,745,953.44; while in the slave states the amount paid for transporting the mails exceeded the amount collected for postages \$363,788.93.

That, in other words, the free states paid into the treasury a surplus, after deducting the cost of transporting the mails, of \$1,745,953.44; while the slave states drew out \$363,788.93 more than they paid in.

The tables for 1853-54 are then given, and the following result is found:

The above tables show that the amount collected for postages in the free states, exceeds the amount paid for transporting the mails, \$1,540,506.91; the surplus being less than that of the year previous by but \$205,446.53.

Now let us look at the result in the slave states. In these states the amount paid for transporting the mails exceeds the amount collected for postages, \$736,399.71; the deficiency being more than double what it was the year previous.

The writer then goes on to make some comparisons, which we commend to the attention of the people of the west, who are experiencing under the present head of the department some of the benefits of an administration of its affairs in which the party (and the smallest fraction at that) is the primary and the people the secondary consideration:

New-York and Virginia. New-York yields a surplus of \$720,406.30 In Virginia the deficiency is 120,762.53 (Last year there was a surplus in Virginia of \$2,441.78; now there is a deficiency of \$120,762.53.)

Massachusetts and North Carolina. In Massachusetts the surplus is \$333,849.67 In North Carolina the deficiency is 114,878.08

Maine and Alabama. In Maine the surplus is \$72,524.06 In Alabama the deficiency is 82,451.50

Indiana and Georgia. In Indiana the surplus is \$27,945.47 In Georgia the deficiency is 72,438.64

Wisconsin and Texas. In Wisconsin the surplus is 26,962.83 In Texas the deficiency is 92,197.73

The whole amount of postages collected in the slave states is \$1,322,021.95; showing the receipts to be \$12,284.08 less than those of the year preceding. In the free states the whole amount of postages collected is \$3,709,051.17; showing the receipts to be \$96,635.32 greater than for the previous year.

The receipts for postage in New York alone are nearly equal to the entire receipts for the fifteen slave states.

In 1853-54, but two slave states, in the entire number, paid a surplus into the department. These were Delaware, \$5,898.71, and Louisiana, \$37,749.45. Only three free states receive more in service than they pay in revenue, and these are Illinois \$6,261.36, Michigan \$39,502.93, California \$51,091.02.

These facts need no comment, and we only add one more stated by the correspondent in question. In Texas there is expended for transporting the mails, \$139,392.19, and in Wisconsin but \$16,608.00. Texas draws out of the treasury \$96,197.73 more than she pays in, while Wisconsin yields a surplus of \$26,962.83.

Is not this a beautiful state of things? And to improve it, the service on several important routes in this state has been reduced from a third to a half, and much of what is performed is done in a way that renders it nearly useless. But who hears of any reduction in Texas?

TO THE POINT.—A petition to Gov. Matteson, of Illinois, has been circulated and numerously signed in La Salle, of which the following is a copy:

DEAR SIR: The undersigned, citizens of La Salle county and state of Illinois, having heard with deep regret that you have interposed your executive power to defeat the ends of justice, and have, without any show of reason, justice or humanity, pardoned the murderers of Albert Story, who have been convicted of a most horrid murder in two fair and impartial trials by jury, and in a court far away from any prejudice that was supposed to exist in this county, to which they had appealed, and by which they were condemned to be hung. The supreme court affirmed said judgment. These trials have been attended with great labor and expense to our country, and we fondly hoped that, at least, in this instance we should see one law honored and obeyed, and that no more premiums or inducements might be held out to the lawless to commit the murders, thefts and robberies, riots, etc., with which our country has been pestored for the past two years, and yet the criminals have gone unwhipped of justice. And now, to our utter astonishment, we learn that you, the governor and executive of our state, have by your arbitrary power repented the decisions of our courts and stayed the hand of justice, and for no other reason, as we verily believe, than to gain patronage from that class of citizens to which the criminals belonged.

But fearing as we do that murder and rioting will be more frequent on account of your subverting and annulling the laws of our land, we therefore petition you and pray that in future, you will not condescend to use in similar cases the power you have vested in you to pardon, for any such base and mean purpose as popular patronage; and we will pledge ourselves, that in case you in future do not stoop so low as to commute such treasonable acts, disgraceful to yourself as well as to our state, that we will with all our influence, votes, and all fair and honorable means, try to make up to you as many votes as you would probably lose by letting the laws of our state and land be justly executed.

The Chicago Democratic Press of Tuesday says: "We learn from very good authority that parties in Mineral Point and Galena have been Schuylerized in large sums—the loss of one gentleman in the former place we have heard estimated as high as \$200,000."

The Press also states that a citizen of Illinois is a loser to the amount of \$25,000 by the same individual.

The grass on Boston Common is entirely dead in many places in consequence of the protracted drought.

SNAKE FASCINATION.—We have occasionally read accounts of persons having been fascinated or spell-bound by snakes, but never knew of an instance occurring in our vicinity until a day or two since, and one that we know to be a fact. A man by the name of O'Mara had a small child, a little girl about thirteen years of age, who came to her death through the influence of a snake, one day last week, under the following circumstances: O'Mara resides on Copperas Creek, in Franklin county, and but a short distance from the Pacific railroad depot. Some nine months ago, early last fall his family noticed the little girl to be pining away, and becoming very weak and pale although she had been very fleshy and hearty, and apparently without any cause or complaint of sickness. By the time winter had fairly set in, she was wasted away to a mere skeleton, but as soon as weather became cold she again seemed to revive. She never complained of being unwell, and in reply to all their inquiries in regard to her health, she invariably said she felt very well, only a little weak. As summer arrived, she could not be prevailed upon to eat any victuals in her father's house, but would take a piece of bread and butter, or a piece of meat, and go out to the edge of the creek to eat it. The family noticed her regularly, always going precisely to the same place, and invariably complaining of being hungry after her return, when if more victuals were given her, she would again return to the creek, as they thought, to eat.

Finally, some of the neighbors having heard of the circumstances of the child's extraordinary conduct, and also of her wasted appearance, suggested to her father to watch her movements, which he did last Friday. The child had been sitting on the bank of the creek nearly all the forenoon, until near dinner time, when she got up and went to her father's house, asked for a piece of bread and butter, and again returned to the same place she had been. Her father kept behind her without making any noise. As soon as the child was seated, the father saw a huge black snake slowly raise its head into her lap, and receive the bread and butter from her hand; and when she would attempt to take a bite of the bread, the snake would commence hissing and become apparently very angry, when the child, trembling like a leaf, would promptly return the bread to the monster. The father was completely paralyzed, not being able to move hand or foot; entertaining, as most Irish persons do, a dread of snakes, he felt alarmed for the safety of his child, not knowing the nature of the snake, or the extent of the influence on his child. His blood became almost clogged in his veins, and he groaned in perfect agony, which caused the snake to become alarmed, and glide away into the creek. The child then immediately sprang to her feet and ran home, apparently much frightened. Her father followed her, but she refused to answer any questions, and he then resolved to detain his child at home, but he was advised to permit her to go again next day to the creek, and to follow her and kill the snake. Next morning she took a piece of bread again and went out to the creek; her father followed her with his gun in his hand, and as soon as the snake made his appearance, shot him through the head. The child swooned; the snake squirmed and worked himself around awhile, and then died; the child in the meantime recovered from her swoon, but was immediately seized with spasms, acting in a manner resembling the writhing of the snake, and finally died at the same moment the snake did, apparently in the greatest agony.

This horrible and at the same time melancholy occurrence, is the first we have heard of for a long time, and in fact the first we ever knew of where we could positively vouch for its truthful correctness. We know there are persons who doubt the reality of snake fascination, but if they entertain any doubts on the subject hereafter, the relatives of this unfortunate little girl can be found ready and willing to corroborate our statement. This should serve as a warning to parents who live in the country to be more careful in watching their children.

We had almost forgot to mention that it was a black snake, generally supposed to be harmless, that is not poisonous, 7 feet 6 inches in length, that fascinated the little girl.—St. Louis Herald, July 12.

A man named James Howe, was killed in Lowell, in this county, on Wednesday evening last, during the heavy thunder storm of that evening, supposed at first to have been by lightning, but upon examination there were signs of murder. He was on his return from a neighbor's, and was found in the middle of the road, a whip in his hand, with which he had been driving over, his skull broken, and a hole cut in his hat.—Columbus Rep.

OUR NEAREST NEIGHBOR.—The nearest fixed star has been discovered very recently, to be Alpha in the constellation of the Centaur. The sun is ninety-five millions of miles from the earth, and this star, which we feel a certain degree of friendship for, because it is our nearest neighbor, is two hundred and six thousand times the distance of the sun from the earth. Light, which travels one hundred and ninety-two thousand miles a second, would require more than three years to reach us from that star.

CURE FOR THE VENOM OF SNAKES, &c.—An old physician writes to the New York Tribune that ammonia is an antidote for the venom of snakes. He says:

Alcoholic stimulants cannot be depended on to cure any poisonous bites. In nearly all parts of the country where venomous snakes are known, there are to be found persons who can cure their poisons. I will not detail these various curatives, but will give a perfect cure for the poisons of venomous reptiles and insects, first giving the reason why the remedy I shall mention is an unfailing curative.—From years of investigation and inquiry I am quite positive that the poisonous principle in the virus of snakes, &c., is prussic acid; somewhat modified, no doubt, but essentially identical with it, and what will neutralize this acid is an antidote to the poison. This antidote is the volatile alkali, ammonia. It is found in the shops, and called volatile salts, used in ladies' smelling-bottles, also, the aqua ammonia and spirits of ammonia.

As soon as possible after the bite, apply a few drops of aqua ammonia to the wound, and put 20 drops in a little water, or whiskey and water, if you please, and drink it. Take this dose every 10 to 30 minutes, until there is profuse perspiration and all symptoms of poisoning disappear. The salts of ammonia, such as found in smelling-bottles, should be dissolved in a little water, and used as the aqua ammonia, but in larger doses, as they are usually much weaker. The same remark applies to the spirits of hartshorn, which is usually of less strength than the ammonia. Ammonia is in no respect poisonous, and if sufficiently diluted may be taken freely without injury. The rule is to give enough to induce free perspiration.

DEATH OF GEN. TOWSON.—A despatch from Washington, dated July 21st, states that Gen. Towson, brigadier-general of the army, died in that city the day previous, of apoplexy, aged 75 years. Gen. Towson was a veteran and distinguished officer, and his death will be sincerely lamented by his old companions in arms and his countrymen generally.

SIGNIFICATION OF IOWA AND OTHER INDIAN NAMES.—Mr. LeClaire, of Davenport, so long the Indian interpreter of the government, at a late interview gave the following interpretation of several Indian names:

Iowa—means literally, "Here is the place." Driven, as were the Iowas and Sacs from Wisconsin and Illinois beyond the Mississippi, they exclaimed, "Here is the place" for us to live unmolested; and so it measurably proved for many years. This etymology differs somewhat from the signification given by senator Dodge, which is "none such," as well as from that of Washington Irving, or some romantic writer, who represents an Indian on an high Illinois bluff, overlooking Iowa, Iowa, beautiful, beautiful. The idea conveyed by LeClaire, is that of a place of retreat, or a happy refuge from enemies.

Kookuk—means the "Watchful Fox," Kookuk being a Fox Indian, or "he that goes everywhere."—Iowa State Jour.

MONUMENT OF A PAST RACE.—The Waupaca Spirit has the following curious account of a memorial left by some former inhabitants of this vast land:

Three miles north of this town on the northern road, is a large rock, weighing from four to six tons, resting upon another large rock, with three small stones between them, thus raising the upper one about three inches from the lower. It stands in an open, rocky place and is visible for some distance.

Beyond question human hands placed this boulder, (which is nearly round) in its elevated and conspicuous location. To substantiate the opinion that it was moved there by aborigines, is the fact that Indians who pass there till this day, make some trilling tribute, such as depositing tobacco, arrows, bullets, &c., between the rocks.

MIRAGE.—This peculiar species of optical illusion was beautifully perceptible on Sunday evening. Looking upon the lake, towards the north, vessels were reflected giving the appearance of two, one above the other. At two Rivers, two piers, each with white rows of cord wood, piles of lumber and a warehouse, were distinctly visible for half an hour. The village and objects contiguous, were also duplicated. A dark line was visible in the eastern horizon, which might have been in Michigan—but unlike our Kenosha neighbors, we were unable to detect the halloo of the Wolverines.—Mantowee Herald.

MILWAUKEE AND WATERTOWN RAILROAD.—The New York Tribune of Friday last, publishes in its money article the following card:

A CARD.—An erroneous statement having appeared in one of the city papers, that the Milwaukee and Watertown railroad company of the state of Wisconsin was among the sufferers by the failure of Messrs. R. & G. L. Schuyler, the undersigned takes this method of assuring the friends of the railroad, and all others interested, that the company will not have sustained any loss by the failure of those gentlemen; every dollar of the bonds which the Messrs. Schuyler held in trust for this company shortly previous to their failure, amounting to \$115,000, having been restored to us on the 19th inst.

JOHN S. ROCKWELL, President of the Milwaukee and Watertown railroad Co. New York July 20th, 1854.

TOWNS ON LAKE SUPERIOR.—We learn from W. R. Williams, who returned on the 14th inst., from Lake Superior, that Endaian is building up with great rapidity. He informs us that there are already twenty-five houses built, and fifty more in process of construction. The general health of the settlers is excellent, and the towns had every appearance of prosperity in the highest degree. He also informs us that a number of specimens of copper have been found in that vicinity, of superior quality. Endaian is the name selected for this commencement of a future city.

Superior city is also rapidly building up, and has the same indications of rapid progress as the town of Endaian. Claims are advancing in value very fast, and prospects are that settlers will receive a full compensation for the privations they have undergone in making their claims.—St. Pauls Pioneer, 17th inst.

WHAT CONGRESS SHOULD PAY FOR THE FRANKING PRIVILEGE.—Taking the month of January as an average of the letters and documents franked by members of congress, and deposited in the Washington city postoffice, the whole amount for twelve months at pre-paid rates, would be:

For letters, : : : : \$55,963.45  
For documents, : : : : 1,381,643.40  
It should be borne in mind that this takes no account of the enormous number of letters received by members of congress.

A PLEASING INCIDENT.—Some weeks since Rev. Mr. Fleming, of the Presbyterian church at West Union, Marshall, went to Grave Creek, with a committee, to use what influence they could to prevent the county court from granting licenses in that region for the sale of whiskey. They succeeded. As a reward some of the liquor men set fire to his stable, in the night which they left the following elegant note: "This is for your trip to Grave Creek, God bless you!" On Thursday afternoon the young men of his congregation assembled, went into the woods, cut timber and shingles, and before sunset had him an excellent stable completed, and left him \$70 for a carriage. On the fourth of July they had a grand temperance jubilee and picnic of the Sunday school children, with refreshments and temperance speeches.—Wheeling Times.

HERRAN FOR BAKERS.—The Stark county (O.) agricultural society are offering premiums for the finest specimen of young Americans. Here is the list:

For prettiest baby, \$5 and diploma to mother; for second prettiest baby, \$3 and diploma to mother; for third prettiest, \$2 and diploma to mother; for largest and heaviest child under 12 months old, age to be considered, \$5 and diploma to mother; for second ditto, \$3 and diploma to mother; for third ditto, \$2 and diploma to mother. The above is not a fair list; all the rewards go to the mothers—no encouragement to fathers.

The cost of cleaning the streets of New York city during the three months to July 1st, was \$88,804.77. The commission asks for an appropriation of \$100,000 to carry him through the year.

SINGULAR MODE OF INFLECTING VENOM.—A Mr. G. Lynch has suffered intensely during the week, from the effects of venomous matter thrown into his face, last Monday, by an insect called the Armadillo. The worm was lying on the ground coiled up, and he perceiving it, held down his head and spirted some tobacco juice upon it, when it immediately threw up its tail, emitting at the same time a small quantity of juicy matter which lodged upon Mr. Lynch's face, when the flesh around the eyes instantly commenced to swell, and the pain was so intense, that it produced temporary aberration of mind. The venom, however, was speedily extracted by a physician, and we are happy to state that he is now rapidly recovering.—Columbian (Cal.) Chronicle.

MORE DAMAGE BY THE STORM.—We learn that the building occupied as the office of the "Emigrant," the Norwegian paper published at Immansville, was partly blown down during the heavy wind of Monday evening, and much damage done to the material of the office. The roof and one gable were blown down, upsetting the cases of type and scattering and destroying a large quantity of the unbound pages of a hymn book which had been printed and were ready for the bindery. The damage is estimated at from \$1,500 to \$2,000. Considerable damage was also done to the other buildings in the neighborhood. We hear also of damage done to buildings in Shopiere, but are not informed of the particulars.

The dogs are showing proper resentment at the recent ordinance of the common council diminishing their "area of freedom." The other day two of the aldermen, who were taking a walk in the vicinity of Montarey, were fiercely beset by an incensed cur, that had probably just read the ordinance, and they had to apply their official canes most vigorously in self protection. Let them growl and bark while they can; the days of such recreations to them are numbered.

The Burr Oak (the democratic paper in Dodge county which dressed its columns in mourning on the passage of the Nebraska bill), publishes the resolutions adopted at the Madison convention, and adds:

"Aside from the men who composed this convention there is no doubt that the sentiment of this state is overwhelmingly strong against the encroachment upon freedom, as manifested in the abrogation of the Missouri compromise. Democrats of this state, look well to it, and see that you 'clear your skirts' of this iniquity."

Immediately following it know this paragraph: "The Sentinel wants to know if it can count upon the Burr Oak in the approaching contest between freedom and slavery. We have spoken plainly on the Nebraska question. We are prepared to act in accordance with our well known sentiments and hope to find that there will be little diversity of sentiment upon this absorbing political question, in the state."

PASSAGE OF THE HOMESTEAD BILL.—The homestead bill passed the senate on Friday, by a vote of 30 to 11. The title of the bill was so amended as to read, "A bill to reduce and graduate the price of the public lands to purchasers and actual settlers, and to grant pre-emption privileges in certain cases, and for other purposes."

THE SICKNESS AT PORT WASHINGTON.—The Milwaukee Sentinel of yesterday learns from Dr. Garner who returned to Milwaukee the day before, that, owing to the prompt treatment and the restoration of confidence, the disease, which he pronounces to be Asiatic cholera, had sensibly abated. A very large number of persons were suffering under the early symptoms of the disease, not only in the village, but in families and settlements in the vicinity. Dr. Porter, an old physician and a valued citizen, had died. Dr. McKnight, who went up from this city with Dr. Garner, remained at Port Washington. Dr. G. went back to Port Washington in the evening.

TRUSDELL, JORDAN & BENNETT, Attorneys at Law

Having completed an accurate abstract of the TITLE, TAX and JUDGMENT RECORDS of Rock County, are prepared to furnish full and reliable information respecting the ownership of Real Estate in said county, and all liens on such estate by Judgment, Mortgage or otherwise.

They will attend to the purchase and sale of Real Estate, the negotiation of Loans, payment of Taxes, and the redemption of land from Tax Sales, and generally to all such business as properly belongs to a REAL ESTATE OFFICE.

Business in the courts of this and the adjoining counties will be promptly attended to. Office—Second Story of Empire Block. 89 Janesville, Wis., May 25th, 1854.

BADGER STATE BANK, MAIN STREET, JANESVILLE, WIS.

Particular attention paid to collections. SIGHT DRAFTS on the principal cities of the Union constantly for sale, and also Drafts on Great Britain, in sums to suit purchasers.

September 1st 1853. E. L. DIMOCK, Cashier. Exchange Bank of W. J. Bell & Co., Milwaukee, J. B. KELLOGG, Cashier.

Bank of Racine, Racine, II. J. CULMAN, Cashier. Bank of Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac, A. G. BRYAN, Cashier.

1854. L. J. HIGBY, 1854. Forwarding, Commission and Produce MERCHANT,

Will contract to forward Goods or Produce to or from any ports East or West, by responsible lines by Railroad or Canal, will attend to selling grain or other produce at the Railroad Depot here; all which, with my NEW WAREHOUSE at the Depot, and Mammoth Pier, give me advantages more convenient to country merchants than any other house here.

Milwaukee, March 20th, 1854. 30m0

JANESVILLE CITY BANK, MAIN STREET, JANESVILLE.

Drafts for Sale on all the principal cities of the Union and Great Britain. This bank will purchase Notes, Drafts, Certificates of Deposit, County Orders, &c. &c. For our customers, approved paper discounted to any amount. Bills, Notes &c., received for collection without charge—proceeds remitted immediately, less current rate of exchange.

HENRY B. BUNSTER, Pres't. J. H. VERMILYE, Cashier.

BOARD WANTED.—By a Gentleman and Wife in a private family. Prefer to furnish room. Address "X" this office. Janesville, July 20th.

LOST—A small Pocket Diary, bound in black morocco and gilt. Any person having found the same will be liberally rewarded on leaving it at the office of Sloan and Patten.

NEW ARRANGEMENT. ON and after this date a Messenger of the AMERICAN EXPRESS COMPANY, will leave this city daily for Milwaukee, Madison and intermediate points on the M. & W. Railroad, for the purpose of carrying Gold, Silver, Bank Notes and Express matter generally. Patronage respectfully solicited.

W. W. HOLDEN, Agent. Janesville, July 26, 1854. Jy26d.

GUM DROPS.—A full assortment of the different flavors, fresh, for sale by HOLDEN, KEMP & CO. Jy10

BOSTON STORE. Choice Liquors! THE Proprietor of the Boston Store would inform the public, that he has now on hand the largest and best assortment of Liquors ever offered for sale in Rock county, which he will sell at WHOLESALE OR RETAIL At a small profit for Cash.

Those wishing a choice article for Medicinal and Family purposes, will find it for their interest to purchase of him. In his stock may be found the following varieties:

Brandy. Otard, Dupuy & Co., Pale and Dark; Old Martell; Pinet, Castillon & Co., Hennessy; Old London Dock; A. Schenect, Pale and Dark; Bellevue; Rastau; Old Cherry; Raspberry; Imperial Blackberry.

Wines. London Dry Port; Burgundy Port; Pure Port Juice; Old Madeira; Sillery; Woodhouse; Florio; Sweet Malaga and Malaga; Old Brown and Pale Sherry.

Champagne. Heidsieck; Crown; Eagle; Tiger and Anchor. Trilphie Pine Apple; Meder's Swan; Palm Leaf; Old Holland; Scheidau.

Rum. Old Jamaica; St. Croix; New England. Whisky. Old Scotch; Irish; Ohio; Belvidere. London Porter and Scotch Ale. A. W. WHELOCK, Jy22 Main street, opposite the old Stage House.

DISSOLUTION.—The copartnership heretofore existing under the name and firm of HOLT & STONE, is hereby dissolved, and all claims of the partners, and all business, to be settled by mutual consent.

JOHN P. HOLT, D. U. STRONG, Jy22 Janesville, July 10th, 1854.

COPARTNERSHIP.—The undersigned will continue the general Merchandising business at the OLD STAND of HOLT & STRONG, under the name of STRONG & BACON, and will be happy to wait upon the customers and friends of the old concern. D. U. STRONG, GEORGE H. BACON, Jy22 Janesville, July 10th, 1854.

5 CARBOYS White Nitric Acid, expressly for Telegraph use, for sale by Jy15 FARWELL & BRO.

4 CARBOYS Aqua Ammonia for sale by Jy15 FARWELL & BRO.

3 CARBOYS Spts. Nitre Dule., for sale by Jy15 FARWELL & BRO.

1 CARBOY Muritic Acid, 1 do. Sulphuric do., for sale by Jy15 FARWELL & BRO.

300 LBS. GUM SHELLAC, Orange, for sale by Jy15 FARWELL & BRO.

8 BBLs. VARNISHES just received, and for sale by Jy15 FARWELL & BRO.

2 BBLs. JAPAN, 1 do. Dimar Varnish, 10 do. Alcohol, 5 do. Camphine, 4 do. Burning Fluid, 5 do. Spts. Argentine, 5 do. Linseed Oil, just received and for sale by Jy15 FARWELL & BRO.

1 BALE LIQUORICE, Ball and Root, for sale by Jy15 FARWELL & BRO.

BALM of a THOUSAND FLOWERS for sale by Jy15 FARWELL & BRO.

BUCHAN'S HUNGARIAN BALSAM—TOWNSEND'S Sarsaparilla—for sale by Jy15 FARWELL & BRO.

50 BOXES CASTILE SOAP for sale by Jy15 FARWELL & BRO.

VERMICELLI and MACCARONI for sale by Jy15 FARWELL & BRO.

IRISH MOSS.—3 bbls. just received at FARWELL'S. Jy15

HOUGHTON'S PERSIN for DYSPEPSIA at Jy15 FARWELL & BRO'S.

DR. EVERT'S EXPECTORANT SYRUP, for coughs, colds, croup, whooping cough, and every variety of disease affecting the throat or bronchial tubes, prepared and sold by FARWELL & BRO., Jy15

AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL.—20 dozen just received at FARWELL'S. Jy15

1 CASE PULV. RHET, 1 CASE BAUMEY BARK Pulv., for sale by FARWELL & BRO. Jy15

PRESTON'S CHOCOLATE, BROMA and Cocoa, a very superior article for summer beverage, for sale by Jy15 FARWELL & BRO.

1 BBL JUNIPER BERRIES for sale by Jy15 FARWELL & BRO.

INDIA RUBBER TOILETTE COMBS at FARWELL'S. Jy15

PATENT MEDICINES of all popular kinds at Jy15 FARWELL'S.

SURGICAL INSTRUMENTS.—A full assortment from the celebrated manufactory of Goringham, New York, for sale by Jy15 FARWELL & BRO.

CAMPHENE & BURNING FL



We were informed by a farmer, day before yesterday, that the wheat had commenced sprouting in the sheaves, and in some instances, upon the stacks. This is what might be expected from the continued rains, but we hope with extra care a large portion of the crop may yet be saved in tolerably good condition. The weather now is admirable for it, and not only that, but is more comfortable for the harvesters, enabling them to perform much more labor than through the scorching weather of last week.

The present cool, bracing weather must put an effectual stopper to the cholera in our neighboring cities. It will be a most welcome exemption. The loss of valuable citizens, the stagnation of business and the natural depression of spirits consequent upon the presence of so dire a disease, are consequences which to be freed from is no trifling immunity.

**THE PROSPECT.**—Those who are lamenting the passage of the Nebraska bill, because it is a violation of pledged faith, and because it is calculated to extend slavery over a vast territory now free, would do well to contemplate the measures which are in progress for the still further extension of slavery. From the avowals of the official organ of the president, and from private advices from Washington, we have no doubt that plans are now on foot to bring Cuba into the Union as a slave state, before the close of the present congress. The administration is aware that there is a spirit abroad, which will fill the next house of representatives with a majority against slavery propagandism, and hence they are determined to seize the present moment, when they have a majority. We may therefore expect that, by fair means or by foul, President Pierce, if possible, will perform this act of subservience to the slave power before the 4th of March next.

We are aware that some will look upon this as merely conjectural, and regard us as a mere alarmist. But we feel conscious that we are not obnoxious to that charge. We think we have good data on which to found an opinion. We have no doubt of this design on the part of the administration; and we are satisfied that nothing but fear will restrain them. Nor is this design confined to Cuba. The administration have their eye upon another portion of Mexico, and some of the presses in pay of the administration have already recommended an alliance with Brazil, and the re-establishment of the African slave trade. Let the president avow this design openly, and all his pensioned presses, from the Washington Union to the New Hampshire Patriot, would advocate the measure. And we venture to predict, that presses in our own commonwealth would attempt to justify, on some pretext or other, what is now regarded as piracy by civilized nations.

We would not judge others severely, but men who will not keep faith at home, cannot be trusted abroad; and those who are willing to curse soil now free with slaves, would naturally be willing to increase them on soil where they already exist. Let the friends of freedom look to these things. There is ten times the danger to-day of these abominations being committed, than there was six months ago, that congress would disgrace itself by repealing the Missouri Compromise.—*Boston Atlas.*

**SHE'S THE SORT.**—As an evidence of what the girls can do if they have the mind, a Cincinnati press states that three years ago a poor orphan girl applied and was admitted to set type for that paper. She worked two years during which time she earned \$200; and availing herself of the facilities which the printing office afforded, acquired a good education. She is now associate editor of a popular paper, and is engaged to be married to one of the smartest lawyers in Ohio. Such a girl is bound to shine and eclipse tens of thousands who are educated in the lap of luxury and taught all the "accomplishments" of a boarding school. Such a wife will be a jewel to her husband, an ornament to society, and an honor to her sex and her country.

**Secretary Guthrie's surplus funds** seem in a fair way of being reduced without the aid of any special legislation on the subject. The house of representatives last week passed the Army bill appropriating \$10,000,000; the civil and diplomatic appropriation bill, \$21,000,000; the bill providing for the improvement of rivers and harbors, \$2,500,000; and the Lighthouse bill, \$1,250,000—total, \$25,750,000. Add the ten millions for the Gadsden stipulations and it makes quite an imposing array of figures.

**THE TRAVELLER.**—A second attempt to raise this steamer on Saturday was rendered inefficient by the unfortunate giving away of the deck, owing to great pressure of water from the outside. Preparations are now making to raise the hull until the main deck shall be above water, when little difficulty is anticipated to setting her fairly afloat.—*Chicago Press 21st inst.*

**LIGHTNING.**—A gentleman informs us that while travelling from Shullsburg to this place, on Wednesday evening, he met or overtook a man and team which had been struck by lightning. The horses were both down and the man insensible in the wagon. The lightning appears to have struck the man on the head or shoulder and passed down his right side, burning and tearing the clothes from that side of his body. Our informant, discovering that the horses were not dead, immediately released them from the wagon and then conveyed the man to the Light house, where we have no doubt he received every attention. At last accounts he was alive and hopes were entertained of his recovery.—*We did not hear his name.*

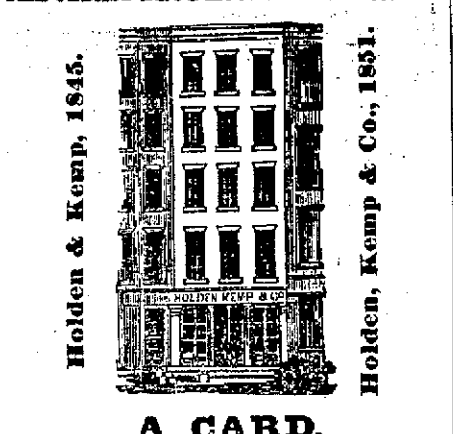
A valuable span of horses belonging to Wm. Robinson, were instantly killed by lightning, on Thursday night of last week. They were grazing in a pasture but a short distance from his house.

The crops are said to be remarkably good throughout this county. There may be an occasional piece of wheat injured, but the harvest will be abundant.—*Platteville American, 17th.*

**THE MOCKING BIRD.**—In the court yard of the Buffington house, with his cage suspended in the shade of a "Pride of India" there is a specimen of this bird coming up fully to what many have believed the fabled standard of the romantic ornithologist, in both composition and imitation. The crow of the majestic Shanghai, the cackle of the hen, the chirp of the distressed chick, the mew of the kitten, the squeal of the infantile porker, are successively and successfully imitated; and these sounds, not very musical in the original, become charming in his correct but modulated rendition of them.

There is one thing, however, in the vicinity of his quarters in which our inimitable imitator, evidently much to his chagrin, has failed, and that is the sound of the dinner bell, his repeated attempts generally ending in a whistle of contempt at the impracticability of his subject.—*Florida paper.*

**The Empire Drug Warehouse.**  
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL  
ESTABLISHED 1845!  
THE OLDEST DRUG HOUSE IN WISCONSIN!



**A CARD.**  
HOLDEN, KEMP & CO.,  
PROPRIETORS OF  
The Empire Drug Store,  
BEG to inform the Citizens of Wisconsin generally and of the interior of the state in particular, that they have now received their Spring purchase of

**DRUGS, MEDICINES, DYE-WOOD, PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, &c.,**  
Making our Stock complete in every department,  
**THE WHOLESALE TRADE.**  
Our business connections afford us facilities for

**JOBING GOODS AT ABOUT NEW YORK RATES,**  
decidedly lower than any concern in this state. Merchants wishing to replenish their stock of

**STAPLE DRUGS**  
will of course bear this fact in mind and get our prices. To our large and increasing stock in this city for the last Nine Years without the slightest accident or mistake, is a sufficient guarantee that future commands will be as well attended to. All orders shall receive our prompt attention, and goods packed and forwarded with care and dispatch.  
Janesville, July 1854. Jy24

**T. B. Woolliscroft's**  
OYSTER, ICE CREAM AND REFRESHMENT  
**SALON.**  
No. 1, Lappin's Block, Corner Main & Milwaukee-Sts.  
THE SUBSCRIBER would call the attention of the public to his

**New Bakery and Ice Cream Salon.**  
Which he has fitted up at great expense for the comfortable accommodation of the public. His Salon will at all times be supplied with all kinds of  
BREAD, PASTRY, CAKES, CONFECTIONERY, BEERS, &c.  
Also Bread, and Buns, Soda and Butter Crackers, which he will furnish to families on the shortest notice and at the lowest price for Cash.

**Special attention will be given to the ACCOMMODATION OF LADIES.**  
T. B. WOOLLISCROFT.  
Janesville, June 24, 1854.

**New Tin Shop.**  
HAVING secured the services of an experienced workman from the East, and procured an entire new set of Machinery and Tools, with all modern improvements, we are prepared to execute all orders for TIN, COPPER AND SHEET IRON WORK, in the best manner and at reduced prices. We shall keep constantly on hand a full assortment of

**Tin Ware, Store Trimmings, Hollow Ware, Stove Pipe, &c.,**  
TO LIVE TROUSERS AND GUTTERS  
made to order, and put up with neatness and despatch Shop in the basement.  
H. S. SHELTON & CO.

**MADISON MUSIC STORE.**  
THE undersigned has in his Ware Room, in Drue's Model Block, a good assortment of **Pianos, Organs, Melodeons, and MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS** generally. Some of the best manufactured in the Union have samples of their work there. Chickering, Mallet & Davis, Leland Gilbert, Woodward & Brown, Lorenz Marts of Boston, and Hall & Son of New York, are all contributors to his stock of Pianos.

Princes & Co., Bishop & Child, and S. D. & H. W. Smith's Melodeons are there also. These instruments are not found in auction rooms and other places where they are sold to raise money for the makers, for their reputation alone can be placed on the manufacturers own terms. They are all for sale at factory prices, and warranted satisfactory. Pianos from other manufacturers can be furnished if desired.

An experienced and disinterested agent in New York selects for the subscriber any style and priced instrument desired—in whose judgment, musical skill and taste in the Union have samples of their work there. Chickering, Mallet & Davis, Leland Gilbert, Woodward & Brown, Lorenz Marts of Boston, and Hall & Son of New York, are all contributors to his stock of Pianos.

**MADISON MUSIC STORE,**  
for, depend upon it, there is no use in it.  
D. HOLT.  
Madison, May 21st, 1854.

**OIL MILL.**  
THE OIL MILL of the Subscribers is now in operation. They are prepared to furnish Oil, and ready to buy any quantity of Seed offered to them. Farmers can be supplied with seed for planting the coming spring.

Purchasers can rely with confidence on getting a PURE ARTICLE OF LINED OIL, as we use nothing but Good Seed, and no adulteration is allowed.  
WM. SHORES.  
Janesville, Feb. 15th, 1854.

**Crayon, Pencil, Leather R. lievo and Paper, Macho Work.**  
**MRS. L. DOW AND MISS WINTERS**  
have taken rooms for a few days at Mr. Sutherland's residence, on Main street, one door above the corner of Milwaukee street, and will give lessons in the above branches of useful and ornamental work.

Pupils will be received and thoroughly instructed in either or all of these acquirements, on such terms as will be satisfactory. Materials furnished, and pupils allowed to retain the pieces upon which they are instructed. Usually, these pieces will of themselves, if sold, more than pay the cost of tuition.  
An examination of specimen work is respectfully invited.  
Janesville, July 11, 1854. dlw

**2d SERIES OF FERN LEAVES**  
Just received and for sale at  
SUTHERLAND'S BOOKSTORE.  
June 12th, 1854. 41

**MAPS OF THE SEAT OF WAR**  
just received and for sale at  
SUTHERLAND'S.

**FORD'S HISTORY OF ILLINOIS**  
for sale at  
SUTHERLAND'S BOOKSTORE.

**A NEW supply of WALL PAPER AND WINDOW SHADES** just received and for sale at  
SUTHERLAND'S BOOKSTORE.

**4 BLS. PURE CREAM TARTAR.**  
Nathaniel, but a pure article is ever sold at as low a price as persons who buy Cream Tartar of us, are saved the trouble of returning it. HOLDEN, KEMP & CO.

**CANARY BIRD Fountains, Bathing Dishes, Nets and Mixed Seed in pound packages.**  
Jy19 HOLDEN, KEMP & CO.

**1854.**  
**PIXLEY & KIMBALL,**  
DEALERS IN  
**HARDWARE,**  
Wholesale & Retail.

**SIGN OF THE SAW, MAIN STREET, JANEVILLE**  
THE SUBSCRIBERS, in returning their thanks to their numerous patrons for past favors, and soliciting a continuance of the same, would respectfully inform the people of Central and Western Wisconsin, that they have now in store, and offer for sale, at the lowest cash prices; a larger and better selected stock of

**Heavy and Shelf Hardware,**  
**Bar Iron, Steel, Nails, Stoves, &c.,**  
than can be found in any other establishment in the interior of the State.

The attention of Consumers and Country Dealers is particularly invited to our immense stock of **AMERICAN, ENGLISH, SWEDISH IRON, CAST IRON, ENGLISH & AMERICAN DISTILLERS, TOOL, CALK, SPRING, COIL & CAST PLOW STEEL,** of all sizes.

Also to the almost endless variety of superior **Carpenter, Joiner, Cooper, Blacksmith, Wagon-making and Farming TOOLS, House Trimming, Chain and Chain Pumps, Lead Pipe, Cut and Wrought Nails and Spikes, Tin Ware, Turners Stock, and all the articles of Central and Western Wisconsin, and Pocket Cutlery, Shears, Scissors, Razors, &c.**  
Our stock of

**Cook and Parlor Stoves** was never larger than at present, and comprises some forty different patterns selected from great care, having been procured from the best makers in the country, and of the best manufacturers in Troy and Albany. Having bought our Stoves on long time, without interest, and at a great discount, we are enabled to compete successfully with those who sell them on "easy terms for cash," of which we will convince all who may give us a trial.

**STOVE FURNITURE, STOVE PIPE, and all kinds of IRON WARE** constantly on hand, or manufactured to order.  
We are agents for the sale of Duryee & Forsyth's celebrated Fire Proof Safes and Platform and Counter Scales, and also for the sale of Yale's Magic Lock and Store Scales.

**B. F. PIXLEY, [2] P. A. KIMBALL.**

**AGAIN & AGAIN**  
**THE BOSTON STORE.**

**Let the Horn be Blown!!**  
"Sound the loud timbrel o'er land and o'er sea,"  
WHEELLOCK'S triumph, and ever shall be.

**THIS** is the middle of the nineteenth century, the first half of which has produced more change and onward movement than any fifty years of our Christian Era.

The great controlling power of this age is its commerce—indeed, this may be truly called the commercial age.

It has been well said by an ancient writer that "Man wants but little here below," and to supply these wants

**WHEELLOCK**  
Announces to every people and every tongue, to both sexes, to all nations, and to all climes, all ages, that finding his old store entirely

**TOO SMALL!**  
He has been compelled, in order to be able to supply the immense call for goods at his establishment, to

**Double the capacity of his Store Rooms!**  
Having purchased this spring, for this market, to be sold this season,

**\$39,000 00 Worth of Goods**  
But who can expect to read in the brief space of one life all the articles that the

**BOSTON STORE CONTAINS.**  
Indeed, history must fail to give the searcher of knowledge any accurate idea of his immense

**STOCK OF SUMMER GOODS,**  
His inimitable selection of

**Fancy Dress Goods!**  
He has over

**10,000 Yards of Silk Hargenes,**  
of every style, and price, and it is with no great difficulty that the fair dancers of this fair valley can select

**FRONT, ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS**  
Or all patterns and ranging in price from SIX CENTS Per Yard to Twenty-Eight Cents, such dresses as will add to their exquisite beauty, though it may as a general thing be as difficult to add to that beauty as it is to give refined gold, paint the lily, or add perfume to the violet.

It must not be inferred that we offer only these and the many other articles for outer apparel, such as Chamois and Foulard Silks, but all manner of

**Cotton, Grass & Linen Goods**  
are on change, so that every one may be entirely accommodated with every article of female apparel.—Evel French red for the season, and do woiled do

**LADIES' MOROCCO POLKAS,**  
And all the articles manufactured of the best styles.—So that of this store, so far as articles which adorn La Belle sexe are concerned, it may be truly said

**"CUSTOM cannot stale the infinite variety."**  
While the Boston Store has made provision to protect the feet, it can also boast that it has all sorts of

**GLOVES,**  
by which hands can be protected and retain "The white wonder of fair Juliet's hand."

And in taking leave of those of whom it is no exaggeration to say they are

**"Heaven's last, best gift to man,"**  
the Nymphs of beauty, the Bachelors of perfection, Mr. Wheellock assures his fair customers that his assistants and auxiliaries are those who unite great knowledge of the business, fine personal presence and ability of manner to a determination to discharge conscientiously their several and respective duties; that while they may have the proper desire to effect sales, they will never in imitation of many of our contemporaries attempt to accomplish that object by equivocalness of exchange, or by fraud, or by tergiversation, fabrication, or by direct lying.

And now to the wants of the

**COARSE HAND SEX.**  
Mr. Wheellock has every kind of material to make those articles of dress that give to man his individuality—

**PANTALOONS,**  
CALF "BEWTS," COW HIDE CO., GAZELLE, &c., PATENT LEATHER CO., GIRAFFE, &c.,

**HATS**  
That fit every head from the Websterian brow to the country politician's scone, from the size of cup of him who is closely shorn after the Liberatorian fashion to that of him who wears the well-pomaded, ambrosialized, elongated Hyperion curls.

And to the spectator who buys to sell again,

**The Boston Store**  
Can, at lower rates of usance than any other establishment west of the Alleghany mountains, furnish that class of exchanges to their riches will fill their pockets as water fills the sea. And to them we offer

**DOMESTIC GLASSWARE, WORSTED, Pocket Handkerchiefs, Inkstands, Cotton Yarn, Bed and Table Linens, Groceries, Razors, Flat Irons and Cotton Battering, Lanterns, Stovehills, which the whining school-boy with shining morning face hears in his arm, Chests, Norwegian Bandboxes and Hair Trunks, Tea, Tobacco and Wicking.**  
In the

**CROCKERY**  
Line may be found the

**BENNINGTON, the PARIAN and the LAVA** Manufacture, Pitchers for milk or water, Tea Pots, Spittoons, Bowls, wash basins, and all the articles of the domestic class, children's Toys and Flower Pots, MAINE LIQUOR LAW VOLUMES and Lager Beer Mugs.

And in fine, the proprietor of this establishment can with all confidence assure those who have been in the habit of trading at Janesville that, although they have

**"Often seen corruption boil and bubble till 'Tis o'errun the ale,"**  
they will find that the representations which shall be made to them by that proprietor or his clerks will not

**"Stand like forfeits in a Barber shop, More in mock than mark."**  
Janesville, June 18, 1854. A. W. WHEELLOCK. 41

**MILTON ACADEMY.**  
Prof. A. C. SPICER, Principal.  
Mrs. S. M. SPICER, Preceptress.

**OTHER competent and experienced Teachers** are to be engaged immediately.

**Calendar for 1854-55.**  
First Term opens Wednesday Sept. 8th—closes Wednesday Dec. 6th.  
Second Term opens Wednesday Dec. 13th—closes Wednesday March 21st, 1855.  
Third Term opens Wednesday March 28th—closes Wednesday July 4th, 1855.

**EXPENSES.**  
Tuition per Term, from \$2.50 to \$8.00  
Music, Piano Forte or Seraphine, extra 10 00  
Oil Painting 10 00  
Peniciling 2 00  
Crayon Painting 2 00  
Water Color Painting 2 00  
Text-books may be used, and many in English and five per cent will be deducted for ADVANCE PAYMENT.

**BOARD.**  
Board may be obtained in private families, or with the Principal and family, at the lowest possible price for which board can at the time be afforded. We advertise no stated price for board, hoping that there may be a fall from the present price of board before our fall term opens.

Rooms in which students may board themselves may be obtained at varying prices, according to the quality and capacity of the accommodation.

**BUILDING, &c.**  
A commodious and elegant Academic edifice, constructed of white brick and in the best style, is in progress of erection by the Trustees of the Academy, and is to be completed for the use of the Fall Term.

Philosophical, Chemical, Physiological, Anatomical, and Astronomical apparatus is to be immediately purchased. A Library is in progress of collection for the Academy.

Let every student be present from the first to the last day of each term.

The course of instruction will aim at absolute thoroughness of scholarship and mental discipline, while the health, manners and morals of students will be carefully regarded.

**L. P. MAXSON, President.**  
A. C. SPICER, Secretary.  
Milton, June 20th, 1854. 43

**OFFICE ROCK RIVER VALLEY UNION RAIL ROAD CO.,**  
No. 16, Exchange Place.  
NEW YORK, July 15th, 1854.

**STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING.**—A meeting of the Stockholders of the Rock River Valley Union Rail Road Company will be held at the office of the company, No. 16, Exchange Place, in the city of New York, on Wednesday, the 15th day of August, next at 12 o'clock M. to act upon the following business:

1st. To hear reports of the board of directors, and to examine the statements of the affairs of the company as made up by the treasurer.

2d. To consider and action they will adopt to increase the subscription to the capital stock of the company.

3rd. To adopt a revised code of by-laws.

4th. To elect a board of directors not exceeding five.

5th. To consider and transact any other business that may legally come before them.

per order of the Executive Committee.  
Jy24d J. W. CURRIER, Secretary.

**KIER'S ROCK OIL,**  
FROM A Well 400 feet deep, Near Pittsburgh,

Pa., is offered to the public as a Natural Medicine of no equal value.

It is offered to the public as a Natural Medicine of no equal value. It is offered to the public as a Natural Medicine of no equal value.

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**GRAND ENLARGEMENT**  
OF THE ORIGINAL STORE!  
**One Price Cash Store!**  
**COOLEY & BABCOCK,**  
WEST SIDE OF THE RIVER, JANEVILLE.

**ARE GRATEFUL** to announce to the Trading Community that they have now received a large and improved stock of Goods, and are prepared to exhibit, with great convenience to customers, and sell at PRICES UNQUALIFIED IN WISCONSIN for

**Cheapness and Perfect Uniformity,**  
A Stock of Goods undoubtedly surpassing in Variety, Extent, and Real Value, any other in Janesville; containing

**Staple & Fancy DRY GOODS,**  
CLOTHES of all qualities, some of superior fabric, and others of the most durable and durable.

Casement and vestings, DRESS GOODS and Dress Trimmings, EMBROIDERIES in great variety & of rich patterns, PARASOLS, Gingham Laces, &c., &c., &c.

Also, a large stock of English and Dotted Muslins, GLOVES, Hosiery, &c., &c., much below the usual asking or selling prices.



In this department they possess unusual facilities, being importers of Cut Glass, Plate and Ironstone Liverpool Ware, and are now receiving in Store, and design to maintain, a Stock capable of fully supplying this Market.

Their Wares will be warranted of

**UNIFORM AND THE BEST MANUFACTURE,** and of the highest quality, and are prepared to receive in this country—the usual assortment of those not exclusively in that trade. Their best

**WHITE CRYSTAL IRONSTONE** is universally admitted by importers as entirely superior to all other wares in durability, and the best of its kind of shape, which, however, they will sell at less prices than inferior wares can be afforded in this State.

**GLASS WARE** in endless variety purchased directly from factories.

**FINCH & ENGLISH PORCELAIN, VASES,** Gilt and decorated Coffee Cups.

**SOLAR LAMPS, CAMPBELL and FLUID Lamps, PAPER HANGINGS,** Please Examine them.

**WINDOW SHADES—New Designs** very cheap. Patent and Brass Curtain Trimmings, &c.

The Subscribers have also just arranged a Spacious SALEROOM on the 2d Floor in which they are now receiving in complete stock the largest assortment of

**CARPETINGS** ever seen in Central Wisconsin. Please look at them. Also, OIL CLOTHS, from 3 to 8 quarts inclusive. MATTINGS—Main and Checked, Druggists.

**LOOKING GLASSES** of every size and style, in fully saleable in price and reflection.

**Looking Glass Plates, and FLUID Lamps, PAPER HANGINGS,** Please Examine them.

**WINDOW SHADES—New Designs** very cheap. Patent and Brass Curtain Trimmings, &c.

The Subscribers have also just arranged a Spacious SALEROOM on the 2d Floor in which they are now receiving in complete stock the largest assortment of

**GROCERIES, FEATHER AND FINDINGS, FISHES AND SPOONS, Shelf Hardware, Tin Ware, Window Glass, Stone Ware, &c., &c.,**

The **NEW PRICE SYSTEM**, originally introduced into this community and strictly adhered to by this Establishment, has won for it a reputation far more valuable than the Stagnant Self-puffings, quarterly renewed, of a large number of competitors, who are discredited, which many modern shop keepers deem indispensable to success.

The system will of course be continued—admitting no variation or improvement—to the satisfaction undoubtedly of all who are not desirous of being deceived, although at the sacrifice probably of the steady patronage of inconsiderate biglers and those who inherit the belief that all Salesmen will cheat them if possible.

Respectfully,  
COOLEY & BABCOCK.  
Janesville, June 24th, 1854. 42

**JANESVILLE CLOTHING EMPORIUM.**  
**WM. ADDY,**  
Merchant Tailor, & Dealer in Ready Made Clothing and Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods.

HAS received his Spring and Summer STOCK, consisting of the very Best and Fashionable CLOTHES, CASIMERE, DOESKIN AND VESTINGS, of English, French and American manufacture.



# The Daily Gazette.

THURSDAY MORNING, JULY 27, 1854.

The Free Democrat copies a notice of ours approving the decision of the supreme court as to the constitutionality of the fugitive slave law and ordering the discharge of Mr. Booth, and appends the following comment:

"The above notice has reference to the supreme court's decision that the fugitive act of 1850 is unconstitutional and void and not to their last decision, which denies us the benefits of their first decision."

That Mr. Booth may have no misapprehension as to our position, we say that we sustain the last as we did the first decision of the supreme court. We believe that court acted upon its convictions of duty, with at least as competent a knowledge of the law as Mr. Booth, and that its decision in both cases had sole reference to a principle, and no thought of the individual bearings of the case. We can well understand why Mr. Booth should feel dissatisfied with a refusal to grant his last demand, but we can see no reason why the court should be censured because he is disappointed. If Mr. Booth is wise, he will not press an issue between himself and the court. The latter has quite as much of the public confidence as the editor of the Free Democrat.

The Madison Argus gives the following as the grounds upon which the supreme court denied the application of Mr. Booth to be discharged from arrest under the warrant issued by the United States court:

The grounds upon which the writ was refused were, that the prisoner was under the exclusive jurisdiction of the United States court, and that the rule of judicial comity would prevent interference by this court, as such interference must necessarily produce a conflict, which it is the duty of both courts to avoid. The law of this state was also cited, which would compel the court to remand the prisoner as soon as it was ascertained that he was held by United States process. It was further stated, that the case could not be heard till the prisoner was in custody of this court, into which he could not be brought without a direct conflict between the state and the United States officers.

Chief Justice Whiton and Justice Smith, concurred in drawing a wide distinction between the case of a prisoner held by the warrant of a commissioner or inferior magistrate, and one held by the judge or court. The former they did not consider in the custody of the court, and consequently, the taking of him by this court to decide his application, did not involve a conflict of jurisdiction. Justice Crawford held differently in his opinion previously delivered, and repeated the positions there assumed.

The writ was denied by the unanimous decision of the court.

RECREANT DEMOCRATS.—The Detroit Free Press gives the ear marks of recreant democrats in Maine and Michigan, and as other localities and latitudes are infested with similar politicians it may be well to hold up the mirror, that all such may see their pictures. "When we hear a democrat," says the Free Press, "condemning the action of the party on the Nebraska bill, or on some other question, in nine cases out of ten on inquiry, we find that his head is sore—that his 'claims' have been recognized—that he has been disappointed in respect to some office he was anxious to obtain. And, perhaps on further inquiry we find that he has been an office-holder for a quarter of a century or less, and can't stomach the doctrine of rotation, though in his case it has been too tardily applied. Such men's democracy is only skin deep, and if in Maine or Michigan, they are found in coalition with abolitionists, why, it can't be helped. The democratic party will live without them."

We find the above paragraph in the Milwaukee Morning News. We were not aware before that so large and respectable a portion of the democratic party are now acting in opposition to the Nebraska swindle, were nine-tenths of them office seekers. It shows that the list of applicants must have been exceedingly large, and it is no wonder that Frank Pierce has found so much difficulty in satisfying them all. The same rule will undoubtedly work the other way, namely, that "when we hear a democrat approving the action of the party on the Nebraska bill, in nine cases out of ten, on inquiry, we find that his head is not sore—that his claims have been recognized—that he has been appointed to some office he was anxious to obtain." Seriously, this rule has the advantage of the one given by the Free Press, because it is literally true, and the writer in the Morning News would be no exception to it, while its opposite plainly admits of question. It is generally those who are entirely indifferent, or actually do not want office, that dare to take ground against the powers that be, and the powers that appoint to office. When the president adopted the Nebraska bill as a test of democracy, those who held offices which they were anxious to retain, would be quite likely to adopt it too, as also would those who were anxiously seeking such favors at his hands.

AN EYE TO THE MAIN CHANCE.—The New York Sunday Times says a clergyman of Brooklyn, named Johnson, a large property holder, appeared before the board of health in that city last week, and objected to the publication of cholera cases, on the ground that property was depreciated in value by such reports being made public! The reverend speculator would have the community surrounded by danger and kept in ignorance, lest his property should depreciate in value.—Buff. Com. Ad.

Upon the same principle that an abandoned woman will distance the male sex in a course of profligacy and shame, we suppose a minister of the gospel is more than a match for the keenest sharper when his avarice overcomes the restraints of his profession. It was remarked of a couple of clergymen of this character in a neighboring town in this state, who had kept at least one eye on the "main chance," that if they should go into a brokerage business they would drive all others from it, and that in ten years they would be richer than the old U. S. bank. Perhaps in this last instance the capacity for business may have been overrated, but the spirit of the men was probably correctly appreciated.—The worshippers of Mammon are not all outside the church.

THE FIGURES.—A correspondent of the Free Democrat sends that paper some statistics compiled from the annual reports of the postmaster general, showing the comparative cost of the mail service in the free and slave states, and the payment into the department from each. After giving the tables for 1852-53, the correspondent continues:

These tables show that the amount collected for postage in the free states exceeded the amount paid for the transportation of the mails, \$1,745,953.44; while in the slave states the amount paid for transporting the mails exceeded the amount collected for postage \$363,788.93.

That, in other words, the free states paid into the treasury a surplus, after deducting the cost of transporting the mails, of \$1,745,953.44; while the slave states drew out \$363,788.93 more than they paid in.

The tables for 1853-54 are then given, and the following result is found:

The above tables show that the amount collected for postage in the free states, exceeds the amount paid for transporting the mails, \$1,740,506.81; the surplus being less than that of the year previous by but \$203,446.94.

Now let us look at the result in the slave states. In these states the amount paid for transporting the mails exceeds the amount collected for postage, \$726,893.71; the deficiency being more than double what it was the year previous.

The writer then goes on to make some comparisons, which we commend to the attention of the people of the west, who are experiencing under the present head of the department some of the benefits of an administration of its affairs in which the party (and the smallest fraction at that) is the primary and the people the secondary consideration:

New-York and Virginia. New-York yields a surplus of \$720,498.80 in Virginia the deficiency is 129,762.63 (Last year there was a surplus in Virginia of \$244,178; now there is a deficiency of \$129,762.63.)

Massachusetts and North Carolina. In Massachusetts the surplus is \$383,349.67 in North Carolina the deficiency is 114,378.08

Maine and Alabama. In Maine the surplus is \$72,524.06 in Alabama the deficiency is 82,451.50

Indiana and Georgia. In Indiana the surplus is \$27,946.47 in Georgia the deficiency is 72,438.64

Wisconsin and Texas. In Wisconsin the surplus is 26,962.83 in Texas the deficiency is 92,197.73

The whole amount of postage collected in the slave states is \$1,932,021.90; showing the receipts to be \$12,284.08 less than those of the year preceding. In the free states the whole amount of postage collected is \$3,709,091.17; showing the receipts to be \$96,635.82 greater than for the previous year.

The receipts for postage in New York alone are nearly equal to the entire receipts for the fifteen slave states.

In 1853-54, but two slave states, in the entire number, paid a surplus into the department. These were Delaware, \$6,898.71, and Louisiana, \$37,749.45. Only three free states receive more in service than they pay in revenue, and these are Illinois \$6,264.36, Michigan \$39,502.95, California \$51,091.02.

These facts need no comment, and we only add one more stated by the correspondent in question. In Texas there is expended for transporting the mails, \$129,362.19, and in Wisconsin but \$46,608.00. Texas draws out of the treasury \$96,197.73 more than she pays in, while Wisconsin yields a surplus of \$26,962.83. Is not this a beautiful state of things? And to improve it, the service on several important routes in this state has been reduced from a third to a half, and much of what is performed is done in a way that renders it nearly useless. But who hears of any reduction in Texas?

TO THE POINT.—A petition to Gov. Matteson, of Illinois, has been circulated and numerously signed in La Salle, of which the following is a copy:

DEAR SIR: The undersigned, citizens of La Salle county and state of Illinois, having heard with deep regret that you have interposed your executive power to defeat the ends of justice, and have, without any show of reason, justice or humanity, pardoned the murderers of Abner Story, who have been convicted of a most horrid murder in two fair and impartial trials by jury, and in a court far away from any prejudice that was supposed to exist in this country, to which they had appealed, and by which they were condemned to be hung. The supreme court affirmed said judgment. These trials have been attended with great labor and expense to our country, and we fondly hoped that, at least, in this instance we should see one law honored and obeyed, and that no more premiums or inducements might be held out to the lawless to commit the murders, thefts and robberies, riots, etc., with which our country has been pestered for the past two years, and yet the criminals have gone unwhipped of justice. And now, to our utter astonishment, we learn that you, the governor and executive of our state, have by your arbitrary power repealed the decisions of our courts and stayed the hand of justice, and for no other reason, as we verily believe, than to gain patronage from that class of citizens to which the criminals belonged.

But fearing as we do that murder and rioting will be more frequent on account of your subverting and annulling the laws of our land, we therefore petition you and pray that in future you will not condescend to use in similar cases the power you have now meanly and purposefully put at our service, and we will pledge ourselves, that in future you will not stoop so low as to commit such treasonable acts, disgraceful to yourself as well as to our state, that we will with all our influence, votes, and all fair and honorable means, try to make you as you are many votes as you would probably lose by letting the laws of our state and land be justly executed.

THE Chicago Democratic Press of Tuesday says: "We learn from very good authority that parties in Mineral Point and Galena have been Schuylerized in large sums—the loss of one gentleman in the former place we have heard estimated as high as \$200,000."

The Press also states that a citizen of Illinois is a loser to the amount of \$25,000 by the same individual.

The grass on Boston Common is entirely dead in many places in consequence of the protracted drought.

SNAKE FASCINATION.—We have occasionally read accounts of persons having been fascinated or spell-bound by snakes, but never knew of an instance occurring in our vicinity until a day or two since, and one that we know to be a fact. A man by the name of O'Mara had a small child, a little girl about thirteen years of age, who came to her death through the influence of a snake, one day last week, under the following circumstances: O'Mara resides on Copperas Creek, in Franklin county, and but a short distance from the Pacific railroad depot. Some nine months ago, early last fall his family noticed the little girl to be pining away, and becoming very weak and pale although she had been very fleshy and hearty, and apparently without any cause or complaint of sickness. By the time winter had fairly set in, she was wasted away to a mere skeleton, but as soon as weather became cold she again seemed to revive. She never complained of being unwell, and in reply to all their inquiries in regard to her health, she invariably said she felt very well, only a little weak. As summer arrived, she could not be prevailed upon to eat any victuals in her father's house, but would take a piece of bread and butter, or a piece of meat, and go out to the edge of the creek to eat it. The family noticed her regularly, always going precisely to the same place, and invariably complaining of being hungry after her return, when if more victuals were given her, she would again return to the creek, as they thought, to eat.

Finally, some of the neighbors having heard of the circumstances of the child's extraordinary conduct, and also of her wasted appearance, suggested to her father to watch her movements, which he did last Friday. The child had been sitting on the bank of the creek nearly all the forenoon, until near dinner time, when she got up and went to her father's house, asked for a piece of bread and butter, and again returned to the same place she had been. Her father kept behind her without making any noise. As soon as the child was seated, the father saw a huge black snake slowly rise its head into her lap, and receive the bread and butter from her hand, and when she would attempt to take a bit of the bread, the snake would commence hissing and become apparently very angry, when the child, trembling like a leaf, would promptly return the bread to the monster. The father was completely paralyzed, not being able to move hand or foot; entertaining, as most Irish persons do, a dread of snakes, he felt alarmed for the safety of his child, not knowing the nature of the snake, or the extent of the influence on his child. His blood became almost clogged in his veins, and he groined in perfect agony, which caused the snake to become alarmed, and glide away into the creek. The child then immediately sprang to her feet and ran home, apparently much frightened. Her father followed her, but she refused to answer any questions, and he then resolved to detain his child at home, but he was advised to permit her to go again next day to the creek, and to follow her and kill the snake. Next morning she took a piece of bread again and went out to the creek; her father followed her with his gun in his hand, and as soon as the snake made his appearance, shot him through the head. The child swooned; the snake squirmed and worked himself around awhile, and then died; the child in the meantime recovered from her swoon, but was immediately seized with spasms, acting in a manner resembling the writhing of the snake, and finally died at the same moment the snake did, apparently in the greatest agony.

This horrible and at the same time melancholy occurrence, is the first we have heard of for a long time, and in fact the first we ever knew of where we could positively vouch for its truthfulness correctness. We know there are persons who doubt the reality of snake fascination, but if they entertain any doubts on the subject hereafter, the relatives of this unfortunate little girl can be found ready and willing to corroborate our statement. This should serve as a warning to parents who live in the country to be more careful in watching their children.

We had almost forgot to mention that it was a black snake, generally supposed to be harmless, that is not poisonous, 7 feet 6 inches in length, that fascinated the little girl.—St. Louis Herald, July 12.

A man named James Howe, was killed in Lowell, in this county, on Wednesday evening last, during the heavy thunder storm of that evening, supposed at first to have been by lightning, but upon examination there were signs of murder. He was on his return from a neighbor's, and was found in the middle of the road, a whip in his hand, with which he had been driving oxen, his skull broken, and a hole cut in his hat.—Columbian Rep.

OUR NEAREST NEIGHBOR.—The nearest fixed star has been discovered very recently, to be Alpha in the constellation of the Centaur. The sun is ninety-five millions of miles from the earth, and this star, which we feel a certain degree of friendship for, because it is our nearest neighbor, is two hundred and six thousand times the distance of the sun from the earth. Light, which travels one hundred and ninety-two thousand miles a second, would require more than three years to reach us from that star.

CURE FOR THE VENOM OF SNAKES, &c.—An old physician writes to the New York Tribune that ammonia is an antidote for the venom of snakes. He says:

Alcoholic stimulants cannot be depended on to cure any poisonous bites.

In nearly all parts of the country where venomous snakes are known, there are to be found persons who can cure their poisons. I will not detail these various cures, but will give a perfect cure for the poisons of venomous reptiles and insects, first giving the reason why the remedy I shall mention is an unfailing cure.—From years of investigation and inquiry I am quite positive that the poisonous principle in the venom of snakes, &c., is prussic acid; somewhat modified, no doubt, but essentially identical with it, and what will neutralize this acid is an antidote to the poison. This antidote is the volatile alkali, ammonia. It is found in the shops, and called volatile alkali, used in ladies' smelling-bottles, also, the aqua ammonia and spirits of ammonia.

As soon as possible after the bite, apply a few drops of aqua ammonia to the wound, and put 20 drops in a little water, or whisky and water, if you please, and drink it. Take this dose every 10 to 20 minutes, until there is profuse perspiration and all symptoms of poisoning disappear. The salts of ammonia, such as found in smelling-bottles, should be dissolved in a little water, and used as the aqua ammonia, but in larger doses, as they are usually much weaker. The same remark applies to the spirits of bartschorn, which is usually of less strength than the ammonia. Ammonia is in no respect poisonous, and if sufficiently diluted may be taken freely without injury. The rule is to give enough to induce free perspiration.

DEATH OF GEN. TOWSON.—A despatch from Washington, dated July 21st, states that Gen. Towson, brigadier-general of the army, died that city the day previous, of apoplexy, aged 75 years. Gen. Towson was a veteran and distinguished officer, and his death will be sincerely lamented by his old companions in arms and his countrymen generally.

SIGNIFICATION OF IOWA AND OTHER INDIAN NAMES.—Mr. LeClaire, of Davenport, so long the Indian interpreter of the government, at a late interview gave the following interpretation of several Indian names:

Iowa—means literally, "Here is the place." Driven, as were the Iowas and Sacs from Wisconsin and Illinois beyond the Mississippi, they exclaimed, "Here is the place" for us to live unmolested; and so it measurably proved for many years. This etymology differs somewhat from the signification given by senator Dodge, which is "none such," as well as from that of Washington Irving, or some romantic writer, who represents an Indian on an high Illinois bluff, overlooking Iowa, Iowa, beautiful, beautiful. The idea conveyed by LeClaire, is that of a place of retreat, or a happy refuge from enemies.

Kockuk—means the "Watchful Fox." Kockuk being a Fox Indian, or "he that goes everywhere."—Iowa State Jour.

MONUMENT OF A PAST RACE.—The Waupaca Spirit has the following curious account of a memorial left by some former inhabitants of this vast land:

Three miles north of this town on the northern road, is a large rock, weighing from four to six tons, resting upon another large rock, with three small stones between them, thus raising the upper one about three inches from the lower. It stands in an open, rocky place and is visible for some distance.

Behind this Indian mound hands placed this boulder, (which is nearly round) in its elevated and conspicuous location. To substantiate the opinion that it was moved there by aborigines, is the fact that Indians who pass there till this day, make some trifling tribute—such as depositing tobacco, arrows, bullets, &c., between the rocks.

MIRAGE.—This peculiar species of optical illusion was beautifully perceptible on Sunday evening. Looking upon the lake, towards the north, vessels were reflected giving the appearance of two, one above the other. At two rivers, two piers, each with white rows of cord wood, piles of lumber and a warehouse, were distinctly visible for half an hour. The village and objects contiguous, were also duplicated. A dark line was visible in the eastern horizon, which might have been in Michigan—but unlike our Kenosha neighbors, we were unable to detect the halloo of the Wolverines.—Manitowish Herald.

MILWAUKEE AND WATERTOWN RAILROAD.—The New York Tribune of Friday last, publishes in its money article the following card:

A CARD.—An erroneous statement having appeared in one of the city papers, that the Milwaukee and Watertown railroad company of the state of Wisconsin was among the sufferers by the failure of Messrs. R. & G. L. Schuyler, the undersigned takes this method of assuring the friends of the railroad, and all others interested, that the company will not have sustained any loss by the failure of those gentlemen; every dollar of the bonds which the Messrs. Schuylers held in trust for this company shortly previous to their failure, amounting to \$138,000, having been restored to us on the 19th inst.

JOHN S. ROCKWELL, President of the Milwaukee and Watertown railroad co. New York July 20th, 1854.

TOWNS ON LAKE SUPERIOR.—We learn from W. R. Williams, who returned on the 14th inst., from Lake Superior, that Endauian is building up with great rapidity. He informs us that there are already twenty-five houses built, and fifty more in process of construction. The general health of the settlers is excellent, and the towns had every appearance of prosperity in the highest degree. He also informs us that a number of specimens of copper have been found in that vicinity, of superior quality. Endauian is the name selected for this commencement of a future city.

Superior city is also rapidly building up, and has the same indications of rapid progress as the town of Endauian. Claims are advancing in value very fast, and prospects are that settlers will receive a full compensation for the privations they have undergone in making their claims.—St. Pauls Pioneer, 17th inst.

WHAT CONGRESS SHOULD PAY FOR THE FRANKING PRIVILEGE.—Taking the month of January as an average of the letters and documents franked by members of congress, and deposited in the Washington city postoffice, the whole amount for twelve months at pre-paid rates, would be:

For letters, : : : : \$55,968.53

For documents, : : : : 1,387,543.40

It should be borne in mind that this takes no account of the enormous number of letters received by members of congress.

A PLEASING INCIDENT.—Some weeks since Rev. Mr. Fleming, of the Presbyterian church at West Union, Marshal, went to Grave Creek with a committee, to use what influence they could to prevent the county court from granting licenses in that region for the sale of whiskey. They succeeded. As a reward some of the liquor men set fire to his stable, in the night which was burned to the ground. At the same time they left the following elegant note: "This is for your trip to Grave Creek, God bless you!" On Thursday afternoon the young men of his congregation assembled, went into the woods cut timber and shingles, and before sunset had him an excellent stable completed, and left him \$70 for a carriage. On the fourth of July they had a grand temperance jubilee and picnic of the Sunday school children, with refreshments and temperance speeches.—Wheeling Times.

HURRAH FOR BABIES.—The Stark county (O.) agricultural society are offering premiums for the finest specimen of young Americans. Here is the list:

For prettiest baby, \$5 and diploma to mother; for second prettiest baby, \$3 and diploma to mother; for third prettiest, \$2 and diploma to mother; for largest and heaviest child under 12 months old, age to be considered, \$5 and diploma to mother; for second ditto, \$3 and diploma to mother. The above is not a fair list; all the rewards go to the mothers—no encouragement to fathers.

The cost of cleaning the streets of New York city during the three months to July 1st, was \$38,804.77. The commission asks for an appropriation of \$100,000 to carry him through the year.

SINGULAR MODE OF INFLECTING VENOM.—A Mr. G. Lynch has suffered intensely during the week, from the effects of venomous matter thrown into his face, last Monday, by an insect called the Armadillo. The wound was lying on the ground closed up, and he perceiving it, held upon his head and spilt some tobacco juice upon it, when it immediately threw up its tail, emitting at the same time a small quantity of juicy matter which lodged upon Mr. Lynch's face, when the flesh around the eyes instantly commenced to swell, and the pain was so intense that it produced temporary aberration of mind. The venom, however, was speedily extracted by a physician, and we are happy to state that he is now rapidly recovering.—Catalinas (Cal.) Chronicle.

MORE DAMAGE BY THE STORM.—We learn that the building occupied as the office of the "Emigrants," the Norwegian paper published at Immanusville, was partly blown down during the heavy wind of Monday evening, and much damage done to the material of the office. The roof and one gable were blown down, upsetting the cases of type and scattering and destroying a large quantity of the unbound pages of a hymn book which had been printed and were ready for the bindery. The damage is estimated at from \$1,500 to \$2,000. Considerable damage was also done to the other buildings in the neighborhood. We hear also of damage done to buildings in Shopiere, but are not informed of the particulars.

The dogs are showing proper resentment at the recent ordinance of the common council diminishing their "area of freedom." The other day two of the aldermen, who were taking a walk in the vicinity of Monterey, were fiercely beset by an incensed cur, that had probably just read the ordinance, and they had to apply their official canes most vigorously in self protection. Let them growl and bark while they can; the days of such recreations to them are numbered.

The Burr Oak (the democratic paper in Dodge county which dressed its columns in mourning on the passage of the Nebraska bill,) publishes the resolutions adopted at the Madison convention, and adds:

"Aside from the men who composed this convention there is no doubt but that the sentiment of this state is overwhelmingly strong against the encroachment upon freedom, as manifested in the abrogation of the Missouri compromise.—Democrats of this state, look well to it, and see that you 'clear your skirts' of this iniquity."

Immediately following it has this paragraph: "The Sentinel wants to know if it can count upon the Burr Oak in the approaching contest between freedom and slavery. We have spoken plainly on the Nebraska question. We are prepared to act in accordance with our well known sentiments and hope to find that there will be little diversity of sentiment upon this absorbing political question, in the state."

PASSAGE OF THE HOMESTEAD BILL.—The homestead bill passed the senate on Friday, by a vote of 36 to 11. The title of the bill was so amended as to read, "A bill to reduce and graduate the price of the public lands to purchasers and actual settlers, and to grant pre-emption privileges in certain cases, and for other purposes."

THE SICKNESS AT PORT WASHINGTON.—The Milwaukee Sentinel of yesterday learns from Dr. Garner who returned to Milwaukee the day before, that, owing to the prompt treatment and the restoration of confidence, the disease, which he pronounces to be Asiatic cholera, had sensibly abated. A very large number of persons were suffering under the early symptoms of the disease, not only in the village, but in families and settlements in the vicinity. Dr. Porter, an old physician and a valued citizen, had died. Dr. McKnight, who went up with this city with Dr. Garner, remained at Port Washington. Dr. G. went back to Port Washington in the evening.

TRUSDELL, JORDAN & BENNETT, Attorneys at Law

Having completed an accurate abstract of the TITLE, TAX and JUDGMENT RECORDS of Rock County, are prepared to furnish full and reliable information respecting the ownership of Real Estate in said county, and all liens on such estate by Judgment, Mortgage or otherwise.

They will attend to the purchase and sale of Real Estate, the negotiation of Loans, payment of Taxes, and the redemption of land from Tax Sales, and generally to all such business as properly belongs to a

REAL ESTATE OFFICE. Business in the courts of this and the adjoining counties will be promptly attended to.

Offices—Second Story of Empire Block, 89

Janesville, Wis., May 25th, 1851.

BADGER STATE BANK,

MAIN STREET, JANEVILLE, WIS.

Particular attention paid to collections.

SIGHT DRAFTS on the principal cities of the Union constantly for sale, and also Drafts on Great Britain, in sums to suit purchasers.

E. L. DIMOCK, Cashier.

September 1st 1853.

Exchange Bank of W. J. Bell & Co. Milwaukee, J. B. KELLOGG, Cashier.

Bank of Racine, Racine, J. J. ULMAN, Cashier.

Bank of Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac, A. G. BUTLER, Cashier.

1854. L. J. HIGBY, 1854.

Forwarding, Commission and Produce

MERCHANT,

Will contract to forward Goods or Produce to or from any parts East or West, by responsible lines by Railroad or Canal, will attend to selling grain or other produce at the Railroad Depot here; all which, with my NEW WAREHOUSE at the Depot, and Mammoth Floor, give me advantages more convenient to country merchants than any other house here.

Milwaukee, March 20th, 1854. 39m9

JANEVILLE CITY BANK,

MAIN STREET, JANEVILLE.

Drafts for Sale on all the principal cities of the Union and Great Britain.

This Bank will purchase Notes, Drafts, Certificates of Deposits, County Orders, &c. &c.

For our customers, approved paper discounted to any amount.

Bills, Notes &c., received for collection without charge—proceeds remitted immediately, less current rate of exchange.

HENRY B. BUNSTER, Pres't.

J. H. VERMILYNE, Cashier.

BOARD WANTED.—By a Gentleman

and Wife in a private family. Prefer to furnish room. Address "this office,"

Janeville, July 26th.

LOST.—A small Pocket Diary, bound

in black morocco and gilt. Any person having found the same will be liberally rewarded on leaving it at the office of Sloan and Patton.

Jy26lt L. F. PATTEN.

NEW ARRANGEMENT.

ON and after this date a Messenger of

the AMERICAN EXPRESS COMPANY, will leave this city daily for Milwaukee, Madison and intermediate points on the W. & M. Railroad, for the purpose of carrying Gold, Silver, Bank Notes and Express matter generally. Patronage respectfully solicited.

Janeville, July 26, 1854. W. W. HOLDEN, Agent.

GUM DROPS.—A full assortment of

the different flavors, fresh, for sale by

HOLDEN, KEMP & CO.

BOSTON STORE.

Choice Liquors!

THE Proprietor of the Boston Store would inform the public, that he has now on hand the largest and best assortment of Liquors ever offered for sale in Rock county, which he will sell at

WHOLESALE OR RETAIL

At a small profit for Cash.

Those wishing a choice article for Medicinal and Family purposes, will find it for their interest to purchase of him.

In his stock may be found the following varieties:

Brandy.

Otard, Dupuy & Co., Pale and Dark; Old Martell; Pince, Castillon & Co., Hennessy; Old London Dock; A. Seignett, Pale and Dark; Pelletouin; Rastau; Old Cherry; Raspberry; Imperial Blackberry.

Wines.

London Dry Port; Burgundy Port; Pure Port Juice; Old Madeira; Sicily; Woodhouse; Florio Sweet Malaga and Malmsley; Old Brown and Pale Sherry.

Champagne.

Heidsieck; Crown; Eagle; Tiger and Anchor.

Gin.

Tripple Pine Apple; Medler's Swan; Palm Leaf; Old Holland; Scheidam.

Rum.

Old Jamaica; St. Croix; New England.

Whisky.

Old Scotch; Irish; Ohio; Belvidere.

London Porter and Scotch Ale.

A. V. WHEELLOCK, Main street, opposite the old Stage House.

DISSOLUTION.—The copartnership

heretofore existing under the name and firm of

MORT & SMOCK, is hereby dissolved by mutual consent.

JOHN P. HOYT, B. U. STRONG.

Janeville, July 10th, 1854. 43w

COPARTNERSHIP.—The undersigned

will continue the general Merchandising business at the OLD STAND of HOYT & STRONG, under the name of SMOCK & BACON, and will be happy to wait upon the customers and friends of the old concern.

U. S. SPOON, GEORGE H. BACON.







**JOSEPH A. WOOD & CO.**

**Sign of the Padlock.**  
THE SUBSCRIBERS, thankful for the liberal patronage extended to them during the past year, would respectfully inform the people of Wisconsin that they have received the **LARGEST AND BEST SELECTED STOCK of**  
**Hardware, Iron, Steel,**  
**Nails, Glass, Stoves, &c.,**  
ever offered in Janesville.  
Among our stock of **IRON and STEEL** may be found the following, to which we invite the attention of **Blacksmiths, Wagon-Makers and Machinists.**  
Best American Refined Iron all sizes.  
English Bar, English Rod, Iron &c.

"Swedish" Hammer, do. do.  
Sills, and American Horse Shoe Iron, all sizes.  
Norway Nail Rods, best quality.  
Sandwich's Cast Steel, all sizes and shapes.  
Tool Calks, Steel.  
English Spring Steel.  
Plow Steel, 4 to 16 inches wide.  
Also, Avails, Vices, Belows, Thimble Screws, Files,  
Rasps, Screw Files, Sledges, Hammers, &c.  
We also request a critical examination of our large  
and varied assortment of  
**Carpenters' & Joiners' & Coopers'**  
**Tools.**

Purchased direct from the Manufacturer, constituting a  
 part of the very best makes of  
 Planes, of every description,  
 Cast Steel Curbs of all kinds,  
 Axes and Auger Bits, Drills and Bits,  
 Broad Axes, Axes, Hammers, Steel Squares,  
 Try Squares, Plated Levels, Spirit Levels, &c.,  
 All of superior finish and from the best makers.  
 We also have an endless variety of  
**Farming Implements,**  
 Shovels, Spades, Scoops, Scythes and Snaiths,  
 2, 3 and 4 Tined Forks,  
 Hoe, Corn Shellers, &c. &c.,  
 at lower rates than can be obtained in any other esta-  
 blishment in this city.

**STOVES**

of every style may be found at our Ware Rooms. Our  
 assortment of Cook Stoves is very large. We have for  
 sale the following:

BANNOCK,	PARAGON.
FASHION,	NEW EAGLE,
NEW WORLD,	BROTHER JONATHAN,
	ATLANTIC,
	PACIFIC, RED JACKET,
	STAR OF THE WEST, Elevated Oven,

MOILING FEAR, do do.  
 CURTAIN, do do.  
 FIRE FLY, do do.  
 Also, four sizes of **PREMIUM** Stoves. Parlor Cook-  
 box and Parlor Stoves, being the best assortment ever  
 offered the public at the lowest prices. Having  
 paid cash for all our stoves at time of purchase, and  
 thereby obtaining a great discount, we are prepared to  
 sell at much

**LOWER PRICES,**  
 than those who try to compete with us.  
 We manufacture

**Tin, Sheet Iron & Copper Ware**  
 and always have a large assortment on hand.

Persons at a distance favoring us with their orders will  
 be most assured that we will attend to them to the  
 best of our ability.

Having had thirteen years experience in this branch  
 of trade, and being connected with a large Importing  
 House in New York, we can offer greater inducement  
 than any other establishment.

JOSEPH A. WOOD & CO.,  
 43 Sign of the Padlock, Janesville, Wisconsin.

**NEW GOODS!**

**\$15,000 Worth of**  
**BOOTS AND SHOES**  
JUST RECEIVED AT THE  
**Wisconsin Boot & Shoe Store**  
**I AM now receiving one of the largest and finest stocks of Boots and Shoes that I have ever before brought to Juneville, and what is finer than all the rest, at well known prices that have never before been withstanding the great**

**Ladies Fine Shoes.** In particular, I have no hesitation in saying, cannot be equaled in the State, both for style and low bill, being all made to order, and in such a manner that I can guarantee to please. I have no understanding of the matter at all times, that if they do not come up to your warrant, they shall be mended free of charge.

**GENTLEMEN'S WEAR.** In this line I know beyond a doubt, that I can show you a finer assortment, and at better prices by twenty-five per cent, than can be found at any of the stores in this city. I have no doubt, I want it said, that I can show you a finer assortment, and at better prices, than thirty understood that I make the *100 per cent* difference. **TRADE, MY WHOLESTLY, and that I Buy More, Sell More and know more about the trade, than the whole pile of petty dealers put together. And I know also that I can show you a finer assortment, and at better prices, than thirty understood that I make the *100 per cent* difference. In Rock County, as well as every one that trades in Janesville to buy their Boots and Shoes of us for the more I sell the smaller profits I can sell at.**

**Manufacturing.**

I want to say a few words to you in regard to my Manufacturing Department, to wit: That I am now engaged more extensively in the manufacturing business than I have been for some time past. I have several shops about town put together, simply for these reasons—that I use better Stock, being entirely of Eastern origin, which every one knows is worth twenty-five per cent more than the common western framed leather; and what is a better reason and of greater importance, I can

**Sell my Cottom Work at Much Lower Prices**

and at the same time sell you a better article than you can get at the shops, for this reason, (that you must

I want to state further that I have secured the services of Mr. BECKMANN, who has formerly been engaged in the manufacturing business on the west side of the River, and who is known by every one to be the best manufacturer in the city; and if we don't get you up a better article, both in regard to style and durability, we will not only lose your trade, but our reputation, and I wouldn't in my own mind take a chance of that.

**Leather and Findings.**  
I have just received over \$4,000 worth of the very best brands of **Eastern Sole & Upper Leather** and also, a very large assortment of **FRENCH and PHILADELPHIA KIP and FRENCH CALF SKINS**, together with a full assortment of **MORUCCOS** of every kind, which I will sell at

**Precisely Milwaukee and Chicago Prices.**  
I have goods on hand also, **plains and**

all kinds of FINDINGS, LASTS, BOOT TREES, CRIMPS, etc., etc., all of which will be sold at the same rates. I request the attention of manufacturers in town as well as in the country to my stock, as I think I can make it an object for you to buy of me. At least, I can sell you a much superior article to that which you get of the peddlers.

## TO THE LADIES,

I would say that I am under very great obligation for the

the parchment you have shown me, to always procuring  
your understandings from me, and I now publicly prom-  
ise and swear that I will make every one of you who  
may be entitled to the same a present of a handsome  
pair of CACKS, when I shall have closed up my shoe-  
selling career. I would say further, that I am prepared  
to get up to order any style of work you wish, at low

rates. Yours respectfully,  
J. H. DIMOCK, Proprietor,  
T. H. BUCKINGHAM, Foreman.  
*By the way, don't forget the location of the Institution, three doors above the Post Office, Janesville, Wisconsin.*

Janesville June 12, 1854. 45

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**FOR SALE.**  
AT VERY LOW PRICES FOR CASH,  
—AT—  
**Jenkins' Empire Grocery.**

**N. O. SUGARS,** in blbds. and bbls.  
St. Louis clarified and refined in bbls.  
Golden Syrup, in bbls. and kegs, superior.  
Molasses, do. do.  
St. Louis Palm Soap.  
Burton's No. 1 Soap.  
Stearin, Tallow, Star and Eperin Candles.

2 000 lbs. Cheese.  
 Fried Apples, Peaches, Plums.  
 Also, a general assortment of GROCERIES, PRO-  
 VISIONS, FLOUR, MEAL, FISH, &c., and not to be over-  
 looked.  
 Janesville, 554.1 8315

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**STONE WARE.**—A general assort-  
 ment for sale cheap. 407 I. M. SMITH.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE



We were informed by a farmer, day before yesterday, that the wheat had commenced sprouting in the sheaves, and in some instances, upon the stacks. This is what might be expected from the continued rains, but we hope with extra care a large portion of the crop may yet be saved in tolerably good condition. The weather now is admirable for it, and not only that, but is more comfortable for the harvesters, enabling them to perform much more labor than through the scorching weather of last week.

The present cool, bracing weather must put an effective stopper to the cholera in our neighboring cities. It will be a most welcome exemption. The loss of valuable citizens, the stagnation of business and the natural depression of spirits consequent upon the presence of so dire a disease, are consequences which to be freed from is no trifling immunity.

THE PROSPECT.—Those who are lamenting the passage of the Nebraska bill, because it is a violation of pledged faith, and because it is calculated to extend slavery over a vast territory now free, would do well to contemplate the measures which are in progress for the still further extension of slavery. From the avowals of the official organ of the president, and from private advices from Washington, we have no doubt but that plans are now on foot to bring Cuba into the Union as a slave state, before the close of the present congress. The administration is aware that there is a spirit abroad, which will fill the next house of representatives with a majority against slavery propaganda, and hence they are determined to seize the present moment, when they have a majority. We may therefore expect that, by fair means or by foul, President Pierce, if possible, will perform this act of subservience to the slave power before the 4th of March next.

We are aware that some will look upon this as merely conjectural, and regard us as a mere alarmist. But we feel conscious that we are not obnoxious to that charge. We think we have good data on which to found an opinion. We have no doubt of this design on the part of the administration; and we are satisfied that nothing but fear will restrain them. Nor is this design confined to Cuba. The administration have their eye upon another portion of Mexico, and some of the presses in pay of the administration have already recommended an alliance with Brazil, and the re-establishment of the African slave trade. Let the president avow this design openly, and all his pensioned presses, from the Washington Union to the New Hampshire Patriot, would advocate the measure. And we venture to predict, that presses in our own commonwealth would attempt to justify, on some pretext or other, what is now regarded as piracy by civilized nations.

We would not judge others severely, but men who will not keep faith at home, cannot be trusted abroad; and those who are willing to curse soil now free with slaves, will naturally be willing to increase them on soil where they already exist. Let the friends of freedom look to these things. There is ten times the danger to-day of these abominations being committed, than there was six months ago, that congress would disgrace itself by repudiating the Missouri Compromise.—*Boston Atlas.*

SHE'S THE SORT.—As an evidence of what the girls can do if they have the mind, a Cincinnati press states that three years ago a poor orphan girl applied and was admitted to set type for that paper. She worked two years during which time she earned \$290; and availing herself of the facilities which the printing office afforded, acquired a good education. She is now associate editor of a popular paper, and is engaged to be married to one of the smartest lawyers in Ohio. Such a girl is bound to shine and eclipse tens of thousands who are educated in the lap of luxury and taught all the "accomplishments" of a boarding school. Such a wife will be a jewel to her husband, an ornament to society, and an honor to her sex and her country.

Secretary Guthrie's surplus funds seem in a fair way of being reduced without the aid of any special legislation on the subject. The house of representatives last week passed the Army bill appropriating \$10,000,000; the civil and diplomatic appropriation bill, \$21,000,000; the bill providing for the improvement of rivers and harbors, \$2,500,000; and the light-house bill, \$1,250,000—total, \$25,750,000. Add the ten millions for the Gadsden stipulations and it makes quite an imposing array of figures.

THE TRAVELLER.—A second attempt to raise this steamer on Saturday was rendered ineffectual by the unfortunate giving away of the deck, owing to great pressure of water from the outside. Preparations are now making to raise the hull until the main deck shall be above water, when little difficulty is anticipated to settling her fairly afloat.—*Chicago Press 21st inst.*

LIGHTNING.—A gentleman informs us that while travelling from Shullsburg to this place, on Wednesday evening, he met or overtook a man and team which had been struck by lightning. The horses were both down and the man incoherent in the wagon. The lightning appears to have struck the man on the head or shoulder and passed down his right side, burning and tearing the clothes from that side of his body. Our informant, discovering that the horses were not dead, immediately released them from the wagon and then conveyed the man to the Light house, where we have no doubt he received every attention. At last accounts he was alive and hopes were entertained of his recovery.—We did not hear his name.

A valuable span of horses belonging to Wm. Robinson, were instantly killed by lightning, on Thursday night of last week. They were grazing in a pasture but a short distance from his house.

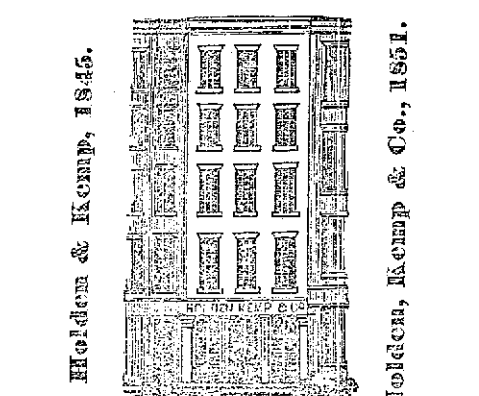
The crops are said to be remarkably good throughout this county. There may be an occasional piece of wheat injured, but the harvest will be abundant.—*Platteville American, 17th.*

THE MOCKING BIRD.—In the court yard of the Buffington house, with his cage suspended in the shade of a "Fride of India," there is a specimen of this bird coming up fully to what many have believed the false and absurd of the romantic ornithologist, in both comparison and imitation. The crow of the majestic Shanghai, the cackle of the hen, the chirp of the distressed chick, the mew of the kitten, the squeal of the infantile porker, are successively and successfully imitated; and these sounds, not very musical in the original, become charming in his correct but modulated rendition of them.

There is one thing, however, in the vicinity of his quarters in which our imitator, evidently much to his chagrin, has failed, and that is the sound of the dinner bell. His repeated attempts generally ending in a whistle of contempt at the impracticability of his subject.—*Orion paper.*

## The Empire Drug Warehouse.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.  
ESTABLISHED 1845!  
THE OLDEST DRUG HOUSE IN WISCONSIN!



HOLDEN, KEMP & CO., 1851.  
HOLDEN, KEMP & CO., 1851.

## A CARD.

HOLDEN, KEMP & CO., PROPRIETORS OF  
The Empire Drug Store,  
BEG to inform the Citizens of Wisconsin generally, and of the interior of the state in particular, that they have now received their Spring purchase of

DRUGS, MEDICINES, BEE-HIVE, FARMER'S, GLENN, GLASS, & CO., Making our Stock complete in every department.

THE WHOLESALE TRADE.

Our business connections afford us facilities for JOURNALING GOODS AT ABOUT NEW YORK RATES, decidedly lower than any concern in this state. Merchants wishing to replenish their stock of

STAPLE DRUGS will of course bear this fact in mind and get our prices. To our large and increasing

Retail Trade & Dispensing Department. We devote our personal and particular attention, and the fact that we have dispensed goods in this city for the last nine years without the slightest accident or mistake, is a sufficient guarantee that future commands will be as well attended to. All orders shall receive our prompt attention, and goods packed and forwarded with care and dispatch.

January 1st, 1854. J. H. KEMP & CO.

R. B. Wooliscroft's  
OYSTERS, ICE CREAM AND REFRESHMENT  
SALOON.

No. 1, Leppin's Block, Corner Main & Milwaukee-Sts.

THE SUBSCRIBER would call the attention of the public to his

New Bakery and Ice Cream Saloon.

Which he has fitted up at great expense, for the comfortable accommodation of the public. His Saloon will at all times be supplied with all kinds of

CRACKERS, PICKLES, VEGETABLES, OYSTERS, SARDINES, PIES, PASTRY, CAKES AND CONFECTIONERY, BEERS, &c.

Also Bread, and Boston, Soft and Butter Crackers, which will furnish to families on the shortest notice and at the lowest prices for Cash.

Special attention will be given to the ACCOMMODATION OF LADIES.

T. D. WOOLISCROFT.  
January 24, 1854.

New Tin Shop.

HAVING secured the services of an experienced workman from the East, and procured an entire new set of Machinery and Tools with all modern improvements, we are prepared to execute all orders

FOR TIN, COPPER AND SHEET IRON WARE, in the best manner and at reduced prices. We shall keep constantly on hand a full assortment of

Tin Ware, Store Trimmings, Hollow Ware, Store Pipe, &c., to which we invite the attention of purchasers.

TIN LATE TROUSERS AND GUTTERS made to order, and put up with neatness and dispatch. Shop in the basement.

H. S. SHELTON & CO.  
MADISON MUSIC STORE.

THE undersigned has in his Ware Room, in Brown's Model Block, a good assortment of

PIANOS, of various makes, and MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS generally. Some of the place where the makers in the Union have samples of their work there.

Chickering, Haller & Davis, Lammert, Gilbert, Wood & Brown, Loomis, Madsen of Boston, and Hall & Son of New York, are all contributors to his stock of Pianos.

Princes & Co., Bishop & Child, and S. D. & H. W. Smith's Melodions are also sold. These instruments are not found in auction rooms and other places where forced sales are made to raise money for the makers, for their reputation always commands customers on the manufacturers' terms. They are all for sale at factory prices, and warranted perfectly.

Pianos from other manufacturers can be furnished if desired.

An experienced and disinterested agent in New York selects for the subscribers and other persons in the state desired in whose judgment, musical skill and taste, implicit confidence can be placed.

NEW SELECT MUSIC is received weekly, sold at publishers' prices, and sent by mail free of postage.

Violins, Guitars, Tamborines, Banjos, Accordions, Flutes, Pipes, and other Violin Strings, Guitars and Bass Viol Strings of the best quality. Violin Bows

Berlin's, Hummel's, and other instruction books for all instruments, and many other articles in the music line, usually found in such stores, kept always on hand.

Do not go further East, until you have called at the

MADISON MUSIC STORE, for, depend upon it, there is no use in it.

Madison, May 31st, 1854. D. HOLT.

OIL MILL.

THE OIL MILL of the Subscribers is now in operation. They are prepared to furnish Oil, and ready to buy any quantity of Seed offered to them. Farmers can be supplied with seed for planting the coming spring.

Purchasers can rely with confidence on getting a PURE ARTICLE OF LINED OIL, as we use nothing but Good Seed, and no adulterated oil.

C. DUSTIN, WM. SHORES.

January 15th, 1854.

Crayon-Painting, Leather Rulero and Paper-Mache Work.

MRS. LA DOW and MISS WINTERS have taken rooms for a few days at Mrs. Streeter's residence, on Main street, one door above the corner of Milwaukee street, and will give lessons in the above branches of useful and ornamental work.

Pupils will be received and thoroughly instructed in either or all of these acquirements, on such terms as will be satisfactory. Materials furnished, and pupils allowed to retain the pieces upon which they are instructed. Usually, these pieces will be of themselves, if sold, more than pay the cost of tuition.

An examination of specimen work is respectfully invited.

January 17th, 1854. J. H. KEMP & CO.

20 SERIES OF FERN LEAVES

Just received and for sale at SUTHERLAND'S BOOKSTORE.

June 12th, 1854.

MAPS OF THE SEAT OF WAR

Just received and for sale at SUTHERLAND'S BOOKSTORE.

June 12th, 1854.

FORD'S HISTORY OF ILLINOIS

For sale at SUTHERLAND'S BOOKSTORE.

June 12th, 1854.

A NEW SUPPLY OF WALL PAPER and WINDOW SHADES just received and for sale at SUTHERLAND'S BOOKSTORE.

June 12th, 1854.

4 BBLs. PURE CREAM TARTAR

Nothing but a pure article is ever sold at our store, and persons who buy Cream Tartar of us are saved the trouble of returning it. HOLDEN, KEMP & CO.

CANARY BIRD Fountains, Bathing Dishes, Nests and Mixed Seed in pound papers.

June 12th, 1854. HOLDEN, KEMP & CO.

## 1854. PIXLEY &amp; KIMBALL,

DEALERS IN  
HARDWARE,  
Wholesale & Retail.

SIGN OF THE SAW, MAIN STREET, JANEVILLE

THE SUBSCRIBERS, in returning their thanks to their numerous patrons for past favors, and soliciting a continuance of the same, would respectfully inform the people of Central and Western Wisconsin, that they have now in store, and offer for sale, at the lowest cash prices, a larger and better selected stock of all sizes.

Heavy and Shelf Hardware,

Bar Iron, Steel, Nails,

Stoves, &c.,

than can be found in any other establishment in the interior of the State.

The attention of Consumers and Country Dealers is particularly invited to our immense stock of

AMERICAN, ENGLISH REFINED & SWEDISH IRON, CAST, GERMAN, ENGLISH & AMERICAN BLISTER, TOP CALK, SPRING, COIL, & CAST PLOW STEEL, of all sizes.

Also to the almost endless variety of superior

Carpenter, Joiner, Cooper, Blacksmith, Wagon-making and Farming TOOLS,

House Trimmings, Chains and Chains, Pumps, Lead Pipes, Cut and Wrought Nails and Spikes, Tin Ware, Tinners' Stock, Britannia and Japanese Ware, Table and Pocket Cutlery, Shovels, Spades, Rakes, &c.

Our stock of

Cook and Parlor Stoves

was never larger than at present, and comprises some forty different patterns selected with great care, (having been previously sold in this market,) from several of the best manufacturers in Troy and Albany. Having bought our Stoves on long time, without interest, and at a great discount, we are enabled to complete successfully with the lowest cash price, "exclusively for cash," of which we will convince all who may give us a trial.

STOVE FURNITURE, STOVE PIPE, and all kinds of WARE constantly on hand, or manufactured to order.

We are agents for the sale of Dyer & Forsyth's celebrated Fire Proof Safes and Platform and Counter Scales, and also the sale of Yale's Magic Bank, Safe and Store Door Locks.

D. F. PIXLEY, [2] F. A. KIMBALL.

AGAIN & AGAIN

THE BOSTON STORE.

Let the Horn be Blown!

"Sound the loud trumpet over land and sea," "WHEELLOCK'S triumph, and ever shall be."

THIS is the middle of the nineteenth century, the first half of which has produced more change and upward movement than any fifty years of our Christian Era.

The great controlling power of this age is its commerce—indeed, this may be truly called the commercial age.

It has been well said by an ancient writer that "Man wants but little here below," and to supply those wants

WHEELLOCK

Announces to every people and every tongue, to both peace and war, and to all nations of all ages, that ending his old store entirely

TOO SMALL!

He has been compelled, in order to be able to supply the immense call for goods at his establishment, to

Double the capacity of his Store Rooms!

Having purchased this spring, for this market, to be sold this season,

\$39,007 00 Worth of Goods

But who can expect to read in the brief space of one life all the articles that the

BOSTON STORE CONTAINS.

Indeed, history must fail to give the searcher of knowledge any accurate idea of his immense

STOCK OF SUMMER GOODS,

His limited selection of

Fancy Dress Goods!

He has over

10,000 Yards of Silk Hosiery,

of every style and price, and it is with no great difficulty that the fair demands of this fair valley can select

FROM THE ONE THOUSAND PIECES

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# Janesville Daily Gazette.

VOLUME 1.

JANESVILLE, WISCONSIN, JULY 27, 1854.

NUMBER 16.

## THE DAILY GAZETTE

Is published every morning, Sundays excepted, in the third story of Bennett & Clapp's Empire Block, Main street, by  
**LEVI ALDEN & CHAS. HOLT.**

### TERMS:

Five Dollars a year, payable quarterly in advance.

### RATES OF ADVERTISING:

1 square, 8 weeks, \$2 50  
1 " 3 months, 60 " 80  
1 " 1 month, 10 " 25  
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do do.....JOHN CATTON.  
do do.....JOHN A. CAMPBELL.  
do do.....PERCY D. DANIEL.  
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Coroner.....GALVIN CHAPIN.

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Surveyor.....A. D. MILLER.

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Fourth Ward.....G. W. WILSON, J. L. MILLER, WM. P. COBURN.

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Second Ward.....A. O. BATES.  
Third Ward.....L. F. FIELD.  
Fourth Ward.....N. M. GARRER.

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E. LEWIS, R. D. THREAT, O. P. ROBINSON.

### CABINET AND FURNITURE WARE HOUSE.

THE SUBSCRIBER is prepared to furnish all kinds of Cabinet Ware and Furniture, of the neatest styles and at the most reasonable prices.

Main Street, in Richardson's Block, where he invites the public to CALL and EXAMINE HIS GOODS. All kinds of Cabinet Work done to order, on short notice. J. F. MORSE.

Janesville, August 20, 1853. 601

### Just Arrived.

20,000 FEET of heavy squared timber consisting of Oak, Elm and Maple choice quality, lying on the ground east of the Distillery, for sale. Terms—CASH. Enquire at Jackson & Co's store of Janesville, June 24, 1854. 391

### Janesville Mill to Let.

THE Property known as the JANESVILLE MILL, will be leased for one or more years from the 1st of August next.

This Mill has 6 run of stone, and is capable of making 300 barrels of flour per day. Apply to J. B. DOE. 413

### WATER LIME.—Best Buffalo Lime

For Sale by quantity. I. M. SMITH. 391

## BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

### FARWELL & BRO.

Wholesale and Retail Druggists, Excelsior Block, Milwaukee street.

### TREAT & EVANS.

Physicians and Surgeons. Office in Empire Block, Janesville, Wisconsin. 17

### JAMES SUTHERLAND.

Wholesale and Retail Bookseller and Stationer—Leppla's new brick block, east side the river, Janesville.

### H. S. SHELTON.

Dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Crockery, &c., east side the river, Main-st., Janesville. 24

### JANESVILLE FOUNDRY AND MACHINE SHOP.

A short distance north of the Stevens House, J. H. RUDD, Proprietor. 15

### DR. M. H. BUTLER.

Physician and Accoucher, Plymouth, Rock county, Wis. Office and residence convenient to Barlow's Hotel, Plymouth. 16

### G. W. CHITTENDEN, M. D.

Homeopathic Physician and Surgeon. Office at his residence—Brick Cottage, west of the Episcopal Church. 62

### F. W. BIRLICH.

Confectioner, Ice Cream Saloon, &c., Main street, opposite the Post Office, Janesville. Every attention paid to customers. 83

### E. B. & J. F. DRAKE.

Have for sale a large stock of Fruit and Ornamental Trees, Flowering Shrubs, &c., at the Janesville Nursery, 2 1/2 miles west of the river. 4

### TRUSDELL, JORDAN & BENNETT.

Attorneys at Law and Real Estate Agents. Office in Empire Block, Janesville. 62

### SANFORD A. HUDSON.

Attorney and Counselor at Law and Solicitor in Chancery. Office in Leppla's block, over the Bookstore, Janesville Wisconsin. 62

### CASE & ARMSTRONG.

Attorneys and Counselors at Law and Solicitors in Chancery. Office in the Empire Block, Janesville. JOHN M. CASE. 20 JAMES ARMSTRONG.

### DOTY & BURNHAM.

Sash, Door and Blind Manufacturers, one door north of Doty's Machine Block, Main-st., Janesville, Wis., where at all times a complete assortment of the above articles may be found. 19

### DR. JOSEPH S. LANE.

Resident Physician and Surgeon, in the village of Janesville. Office at his dwelling, west side of the river, near the Baptist Church, where he may be found at all times when not professionally absent.

### JACKMAN, PARKER & CO.

Wholesale and Retail Merchants. Dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Crockery, Boots, Shoes, &c. Store corner of Main and Milwaukee streets, Janesville.

### A. B. MILLER.

Surveyor and Civil Engineer, and Notary Public. Surveying, leveling, drafting, &c., promptly attended to. Office west side the river, in the R. V. U. R. H. of the Janesville, March 24, 1852. 29

### HOLDEN, KEMP & CO.

Druggists and Apothecaries. Dealers in Patents, Oils, Glass and Groceries. General Agents for the most approved Patent Medicines. WM. H. HOLDEN, WM. KEMP, WM. H. TALLMAN. 41

### J. B. DOE.

Banker and Exchange Broker—Office in Tallman's Block, Janesville, Wisconsin.

### SLOAN & PATTEN.

Attorneys and Counselors at Law and Solicitors in Chancery. Main street, Janesville, Wisconsin. J. C. SLOAN, L. F. PATTEN.

### O. F. MEYER'S TOBACCO & CIGAR STORE.

Main street, Janesville, keeps always on hand a variety of Cigars, Loose Chewing, Smoking and Plug Tobacco. A superior article of Wine and Liquors also always on hand. 201

### J. DEWITT REXFORD.

Attorney and Counselor at Law and Solicitor in Chancery. Also, agent for the Continental Insurance Company of New York City, having a cash capital of half a million dollars. Office at the store of Cowley & Babcock, Janesville, Wisconsin. 1

### T. B. WOOLSCROFT.

Baker and Confectioner, No. 1, Leppla's Block, corner of Main and Milwaukee streets. All kinds of Cakes, Pie, Crosties, Bread, Cakes, Oysters, Ice Cream, and all other kinds of confectionery served up on the shortest notice.

### PIKLEY & KIMBALL.

Sign of the Big Star, Richardson's Block, Main-st., Dealers in Heavy and Shelf Hardware, Groceries, Bar Iron, Crosties, Bread, Cakes, Oysters, Ice Cream, Sheet Iron and Copper Ware. (Janesville, May 24, 1854. 83

### P. A. FIKLEY.

M. C. SMITH & Co., Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Saddlery, Crockery, Sugar Lamps, Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps, Bonnets, Ready-Made Clothing, Hats, Oils, and every kind of Merchandise, at the very lowest cash prices. M. C. SMITH, (24) O. K. DENNETT.

### MERCHANTS' HOTEL.

La Salle-st., between Lake and South Water, Chicago, Ill.

E. Moore, proprietor, (City of Syracuse, N. Y.) This House has been thoroughly refitted and newly furnished. Omnibuses always in attendance to convey passengers to and from the house. Baggage free. 9

### W. H. WATERMAN.

Storage, Forwarding and Commission Merchant, South Pier, Racine, Wis. Particular attention paid to the forwarding of Goods and Produce.

REYNOLDS—McGee, Bell & Ullman, Leck & Dickson, W. T. Richmond, Isaac Taylor, Racine; Jackson & Smith, Lawrence, Strong & Co., H. O. Wilson, J. L. Kimball & Co., Holden, Kemp & Co., Janesville.

### ELDRIDGE & PEASE.

Attorneys, Counselors and Solicitors, will attend to the prosecution and settlement of all claims. County Land and other claims against the United States obtained by them promptly, having an agent in Washington to prosecute them in person. Also, General Land and Loan Agents, Notaries, &c. Office in Empire Block, Janesville, Wis. J. J. R. PRASE.

### OGILVIE & BARROWS.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Foreign and Domestic Drugs, French, English and American Chemicals, Paints, Oils and Dyes, and Artists' Materials and Colors. Wines and Liquors for medicinal uses, Druggists Glass Ware, Surgical Instruments, Musical Instruments, Fancy Articles, Perfumery, Patent Medicines, etc. etc. etc. etc. 43

### JAS. H. OGILVIE.

L. J. BARROWS, M. D.

### DENTISTRY.

DR. B. F. PENDLETON, Surgeon Dentist, is prepared to operate in every branch of his profession. Chloroform administered when desired. Office corner Main and Milwaukee streets, over Ellis & Co's Jewelry Store. 61

### DR. L. ARNOLD.

DENTIST, Exchange Block, West end upper bridge, Milwaukee-st., Janesville, April 25, 1853. 84

### 50 BARRELS NEW SALT for sale

Low. [40] I. M. SMITH.

## INSURANCE.

### Dodge's Insurance Agency.

CAPITAL \$1,500,000 00!!!

TRINITY INSURANCE COMPANY, HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT. HARTFORD INSURANCE COMPANY, HARTFORD, CONN. PROTECTION INSURANCE COMPANY, HARTFORD, CONN. CITY FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, HARTFORD, CONN.

### LIFE, FIRE, LIVE STOCK AND MARINE.

Refer to over \$10,000 00 Losses paid in Rock county.

Office with Sleeper & Norton, Exchange Block, West side of River, Janesville, Wisconsin. GEO. S. DODGE. 311

### Fire Insurance Agency.

CONTINENTAL INSURANCE COMPANY OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK.—Capital a half million of Dollars, all paid in cash and safely invested.

HOME INSURANCE COMPANY, Office No. 10, Wall street, New York, Cash Capital \$500,000.

The above are the most sound and reliable stock companies now doing business, and the subscriber is prepared to take risks in them at such rates as to make it an object for persons desiring to be safely insured to take policies in these companies.

J. DEWITT REXFORD, Agent. 39

### Life, Fire & Marine Ins. Agency.

THE subscriber is now prepared to negotiate insurance on Stocks of Goods, Stores, Dwellings and Household Furniture to any amount in the best New England and New York City companies. Marine risks taken at equitable rates.

### Milwaukee, Refer to

A. WHITTIER, firm of A. Whittemore & Co. G. T. BRADLEY, do. Bradley & Metcalf. J. D. NORRIS, do. J. D. Norris & Co. J. NATHAN, do. H. Nath & Co. MARSHALL & LINSLEY, Bankers.

HOLDEN, KEMP & Co., A. V. WHEELOCK, H. WOODRUFF, CHAS. PULKER, Office in Wheelock's Store. 411

### New England Mutual Life Ins.,

Of Boston, Mass., Chartered in 1843, Capital and accumulation, \$650,000.

THIS Company is one of the oldest, and among the most prudently and successfully conducted in the country. The primary object in conducting its business has been to provide perfect security under all conceivable circumstances for the payment of its losses under its policies, and to return to the insured the surplus at stated periods, and strict economy is observed.

Every insured person is a member of the company and shares in the profits of the business. It is subject to no liability or assessments beyond his premium.

The directors are required to be peculiarly interested in the company, and they give it their personal attention; and bonds of sufficient security are given by its officers for the faithful performance of their duties.

Insurance may be effected for the benefit of the wife, which is secured to her by law beyond the reach of a husband's creditors; and creditors may insure the lives of debtors.

WILLARD PHILLIPS, President; R. F. STEVENS, Sec'y; O. P. ROBINSON, Examining Physician. June 18th, 1854. 41

### Fire, Marine & Life Insurance

NEW YORK CITY INSURANCE COMPANY, Capital, \$500,000.

NATIONAL PROTECTION, BARTON'S SPRINGS, Capital \$200,000.

NORTHERN NEW YORK INS. CO., PLATTSBURGH, N. Y., Capital \$200,000.

AMERICAN INSURANCE CO., UTICA, N. Y., Capital \$200,000.

DODGE COUNTY MUTUAL, WAUPES, Wis., Capital \$150,000.

MILWAUKEE MUTUAL, MILWAUKEE, Wis., Capital \$150,000.

DELOIT INSURANCE COMPANY, ROCK COUNTY, Wis., Capital \$150,000.

BOON COUNTY INSURANCE COMPANY, ILLINOIS, Capital \$100,000.

AMERICAN TEMPERANCE LIFE INSURANCE CO., or HARTFORD, CT., Capital \$100,000.

NORTHERN NEW YORK LIFE STOCK INS. CO., Capital \$40,000.

COMMERCIAL INSURANCE CO., MILWAUKEE, Wis., Capital \$500,000, (\$100,000 paid in).

The undersigned has been duly appointed Agent of the above named companies, and is prepared to take risks and issue policies upon all kinds of insurable property at the lowest rates of premium.

Office at Emerald Grove, Rock Co., Wis., or at the Janesville City Bank of H. B. Dunster.

CHAS. S. CHENEY, Agent for the Northwest.

### Highly Important to Farmers.

THE ONLY EXCLUSIVE FARMERS' INSURANCE COMPANY IN THE WEST.

THE MADISON MUTUAL, LOCATED AT MADISON, WISCONSIN.

THIS Company continues to take risks upon Farm Property only, consisting of buildings of all kinds, (belonging to farmers,) household furniture, grain, barns, live stock, &c., from one to five years, at lower rates than most other responsible companies.

All losses promptly paid at the office as soon as proof is made thereon.

We believe it to be for the interest of the farmers to insure by themselves, their property being less hazardous than any other, consequently you will have no losses only your own of the same class, and all will be on an equal footing.

Experience has shown that two-thirds, if not three-fourths of all the fires that occur are upon stores, taverns, mills, shops and such like property. In this company all such property is rejected positively, by letting them alone.

Farmers, look to your own interest, and insure in a Farmers' company.

We have been doing business a little over three years, and we have not been obliged to assess our premium notes, and for the last fourteen months we have not had a single dollar loss, though doing a large and prosperous business, which we believe to be without a parallel in the history of insurance.

The best of references given as to the responsibility of the company.

TRAVELING AGENTS Wanted for Wisconsin, Iowa, Minnesota, Illinois, Indiana and Michigan.

D. F. HOFKINS, Secretary. C. C. OLIN, Gen. Agent. L. J. FARWELL, Treasurer. 421

### FANNING MILLS.

MADE by the Subscriber, which drew the PREMIUM at the New York State Fair, and improved so as to separate Oats from Wheat, which are warranted SUPERIOR.

Will be sold from the shop at RAINE and also at JANESVILLE, near the Stevens House, on the west side the river.

Fanning Mills on hand at all times and sold Cheap for Cash or produce of any kind.

Also delivered to any point within 80 miles when ordered by mail.

Capt. H. BRACE acts as Agent in selling from Janesville. A. P. DIOKEY. 25

### Contractors for House-Building.

IN JANESVILLE, MADISON, DELOIT, and the surrounding country.

ONE of the City of New York for three years will draw plans, without charge, (when the contract is taken by the company,) otherwise the usual charges. JOHN F. RAGUE & Co. 251

## Chicago Advertisements.

### R. D. ADAMS & Co.,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN Straw, Leghorn & Fancy Bonnets, Flowers, Ribbons, Millinery Goods, Hats, Caps, &c., 157 SOUTH WATER STREET, (Corner of La Salle Street.) Chicago, Illinois. 201

### NEW PAPER WAREHOUSE.

THE Subscribers having opened a Warehouse in this city would respectfully call the attention of Printers, Publishers, Stationers & COUNTRY MERCHANTS, TO THEIR STOCK.

Our long experience in the business and connection with Eastern Manufacturers, enables us to present a STOCK UNEQUALLED both as regards QUALITY AND PRICE.

500 Tons Bags wanted. WARREN & CO. 20 La Salle Block, No. 2 La Salle St., Chicago. 30

### FIELD, BENEDICT & Co.

Wholesale Dealers IN IMPORTED AND AMERICAN BROADCLOTHS, Black & Fancy Cambrics & Doe Skins, LONDON AND PARIS VESTINGS, HEAVY WOOLENS AND SUMMER STUFFS, Furnishing Goods & Tailors Trimmings, 111 South Water St., Chicago, Ill. AMOS BENEDICT, PETER W. FIELD. 30

### Wholesale Hardware House.

NO 178 LAKE STREET, CHICAGO.

### WILLIAM BLAIR & Co.

IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE DEALERS in Foreign and American HARDWARE, TIN PLATE, &c., have in Store a large and complete stock of goods, received direct from the Manufacturers in this country and England.

In stock may be found the following, to which we invite the attention of dealers.

400 doz. Axes—Collins, Simmons, and others. 500 Shovels—Ames, Rowlands do 500 Spades—do do do 400 Grass Knives—Blood's, Harris, do 800 Seythe Knives—Lambson's Patent. 200 Grass Knives—Indian Pond, &c. 400 doz. Cast Steel Hoes. 800 do Hay Forks. 6000 Table Cutlery, assorted. 2000 Pocket do do 1000 Locks and Latches, assorted. 12000 Files do 10000 lbs. Pump Chain. 10000 Bright Ox Chain. 10000 Black Coll Chain. 6000 Pair Rivet Traces. 60000 lbs. T. & C. IX, and extra sizes. 500 bundles Sheet Iron. 600 Assorted Wire. 6000 lbs. Sheet Zinc. 20 set Appointed and Pressed Tin Ware, full assortment.

WILLIAM BLAIR. C. R. NELSON.

### G. H. & L. LAFLIN,



The Free Democrat copies a notice of ours approving the decision of the supreme court as to the constitutionality of the fugitive slave law and ordering the discharge of Mr. Booth, and appends the following comment:

"The above notice has reference to the supreme court's decision that the fugitive act of 1850 is unconstitutional and void and not to their last decision, which denies us the benefits of their first decision."

That Mr. Booth may have no misapprehension as to our position, we say that we sustain the last as we did the first decision of the supreme court. We believe that court acted upon its convictions of duty, with at least as competent a knowledge of the law as Mr. Booth, and that its decision in both cases had sole reference to a principle, and no thought of the individual bearings of the case. We can well understand why Mr. Booth should feel dissatisfied with a refusal to grant his last demand, but we can see no reason why the court should be censured because he is disappointed. If Mr. Booth is wise, he will not press an issue between himself and the court. The latter has quite as much of the public confidence as the editor of the Free Democrat.

The Madison Argus gives the following as the grounds upon which the supreme court denied the application of Mr. Booth to be discharged from arrest under the warrant issued by the United States court:

The grounds upon which the writ was refused were, that the prisoner was under the exclusive jurisdiction of the United States court, and that the rule of judicial comity would prevent interference by this court, as such interference must necessarily produce a conflict, which it is the duty of both courts to avoid. The law of this state was also cited, which would compel the court to remand the prisoner as soon as it was ascertained that he was held by United States process. It was further stated, that the case could not be heard till the prisoner was in custody of this court, into which he could not be brought without a direct conflict between the state and the United States officers.

Chief Justice Whiton and Justice Smith, concurred in drawing a wide distinction between the case of a prisoner held by the warrant of a commissioner or inferior magistrate, and one held by the judge or court. The former they did not consider in the custody of the court, and consequently, the taking of him by this court to decide his application, did not involve a conflict of jurisdiction. Justice Crawford held differently in his opinion previously delivered, and repeated the positions there assumed.

The writ was denied by the unanimous decision of the court.

RECREANT DEMOCRATS.—The Detroit Free Press gives the car marks of recreant democrats in Maine and Michigan, and as other localities and latitudes are infested with similar politicians it may be well to hold up the mirror, that all such may see their pictures. "When we hear a democrat," says the Free Press, "condemning the action of the party on the Nebraska bill, or on some other question, in nine cases out of ten on inquiry, we find that his head is sore—that his 'claims' have been recognized—that he has been disappointed in respect to some office he was anxious to obtain. And, perhaps on further inquiry we find that he has been an office-holder for a quarter of a century or less, and can't stomach the doctrine of rotation, though in his case it has been too tardily applied. Such men's democracy is only skin deep, and if in Maine or Michigan, they are found in coalition with abolitionists, why, it can't be helped. The democratic party will live without them."

We find the above paragraph in the Milwaukee Morning News. We were not aware before that so large and respectable a portion of the democratic party as are now acting in opposition to the Nebraska swindle, were nine-tenths of them office seekers. It shows that the list of applicants must have been exceedingly large, and it is no wonder that Frank Pierce has found so much difficulty in satisfying them all. The same rule will undoubtedly work the other way, namely, that "when we hear a democrat approving the action of the party on the Nebraska bill, in nine cases out of ten, on enquiry, we find that his head is not sore—that his claims have been recognized—that he has been appointed to some office he was anxious to obtain." Seriously, this rule has the advantage of the one given by the Free Press, because it is literally true, and the writer in the Morning News would be no exception to it, while its opposite plainly admits of question. It is generally those who are entirely indifferent, or actually do not want office, that dare to take ground against the powers that be, and the powers that appoint to office. When the president adopted the Nebraska bill as a test of democracy, those who held offices which they were anxious to retain, would be quite likely to adopt it too, as also would those who were anxiously seeking such favors at his hands.

AN EYE TO THE MAIN CHANCE.—The New York Sunday Times says a clergyman of Brooklyn, named Johnson, a large property holder, appeared before the board of health in that city last week, and objected to the publication of cholera cases, on the ground that property was depreciated in value by such reports being made public! The reverend speculator would have the community surrounded by danger and kept in ignorance, lest his property should depreciate in value.—Buff. Com. Adv.

Upon the same principle that an abandoned woman will distance the male sex in a course of profligacy and shame, we suppose a minister of the gospel is more than a match for the keenest sharper when his avarice overcomes the restraints of his profession. It was remarked of a couple of clergymen of this character in a neighboring town in this state, who had kept at least one eye on the "main chance," that if they should go into a brokerage business they would drive all others from it, and that in ten years they would be richer than the old U. S. bank. Perhaps in this last instance the capacity for business may have been overrated, but the spirit of the men was probably correctly appreciated. The worshippers of Mammon are not all saints in the church.

THE FIGURES.—A correspondent of the Free Democrat sends that paper some statistics compiled from the annual reports of the postmaster general, showing the comparative cost of the mail service in the free and slave states, and the payment into the department from each. After giving the tables for 1852-53, the correspondent continues:

These tables show that the amount collected for postages in the free states exceeded the amount paid for the transportation of the mails, \$1,715,953.44; while in the slave states the amount paid for transporting the mails exceeded the amount collected for postages \$363,788.93.

That, in other words, the free states paid into the treasury a surplus, after deducting the cost of transporting the mails, of \$1,745,053.44; while the slave states drew out \$363,788.93 more than they paid in.

The tables for 1853-54 are then given, and the following result is found:

The above tables show that the amount collected for postages in the free states, exceeds the amount paid for transporting the mails, \$2,540,506.91; the surplus being less than that of the year previous by \$2,055,446.01.

Now let us look at the result in the slave states. In these states the amount paid for transporting the mails exceeds the amount collected for postages, \$736,399.71; the deficiency being more than double what it was the year previous.

The writer then goes on to make some comparisons, which we commend to the attention of the people of the west, who are experiencing under the present head of the department some of the benefits of an administration of its affairs in which the party (and the smallest faction at that) is the primary and the people the secondary consideration:

New-York and Virginia. \$720,496.30  
New-York yields a surplus of 129,762.53  
In Virginia the deficiency is 129,762.53  
(Last year there was a surplus in Virginia of \$2,441.78; now there is a deficiency of \$129,762.53.)

Massachusetts and North Carolina.  
In Massachusetts the surplus is \$333,849.67  
In North Carolina the deficiency is 114,878.08

Maine and Alabama.  
In Maine the surplus is \$72,524.06  
In Alabama the deficiency is 82,451.60

Indiana and Georgia.  
In Indiana the surplus is \$27,916.47  
In Georgia the deficiency is 72,438.61

Wisconsin and Texas.  
In Wisconsin the surplus is 26,069.83  
In Texas the deficiency is 92,107.73

The whole amount of postages collected in the slave states is \$1,322,021.56; showing the receipts to be \$12,284.08 less than those of the year preceding. In the free states the whole amount of postages collected is \$3,700,051.17; showing the receipts to be \$96,635.32 greater than for the previous year.

The receipts for postage in New York alone are nearly equal to the entire receipts for the fifteen slave states.

In 1853-54, but two slave states, in the entire number, paid a surplus into the department. These were Delaware, \$6,898.71, and Louisiana, \$37,749.45. Only three free states receive more in service than they pay in revenue, and these are Illinois \$6,261.36, Michigan \$39,502.95, California \$51,091.02.

These facts need no comment, and we only add one more stated by the correspondent in question. In Texas there is expended for transporting the mails, \$139,392.10, and in Wisconsin but \$16,608.00. Texas draws out of the treasury \$96,197.73 more than she pays in, while Wisconsin yields a surplus of \$26,069.83.

Is not this a beautiful state of things? And to improve it, the service on several important routes in this state has been reduced from a third to a half, and much of what is performed is done in a way that renders it nearly useless. But who hears of any reduction in Texas?

TO THE POINT.—A petition to Gov. Matteson, of Illinois, has been circulated and numerously signed in La Salle, of which the following is a copy:

DEAR SIR: The undersigned, citizens of La Salle county and state of Illinois, having heard with deep regret that you have interposed your executive power to defeat the ends of justice, and have, without any show of reason, justice or humanity, pardoned the murderers of Albert Story, who have been convicted of a most horrid murder in two fair and impartial trials by jury, and in a court far away from any prejudice that was supposed to exist in this county, to which they had appealed, and by which they were condemned to be hung. The supreme court affirmed said judgment. These trials have been attended with great labor and expense to our country, and we fondly hoped that, at least, in this instance we should see one law honored and obeyed, and that no more premiums or inducements might be held out to the lawless to commit the murders, thefts and robberies, riots, etc., with which our country has been pestered for the past two years, and yet the criminals have gone unwhipped of justice. And now, to our utter astonishment, we learn that you, the governor and executive of our state, have by your arbitrary power repealed the decisions of our courts and stayed the hand of justice, and for no other reason, as we verily believe, than to gain patronage from that class of citizens to which the criminals belonged.

But fearing as we do that murder and rioting will be more frequent on account of your subverting and annulling the laws of our land, we therefore petition you and pray that in future, you will not condescend to use in similar cases the power you have vested in you to pardon, for any such base and mean purpose as popular patronage; and we will pledge ourselves, that in case you in future do not stoop so low as to commit such treasonable acts, disgraceful to yourself as well as to our state, that we will with all our influence, votes, and all fair and honorable means, try to make up to you as many votes as you would probably lose by letting the laws of our state and land be justly executed.

The Chicago Democratic Press of Tuesday says: "We learn from very good authority that parties in Mineral Point and Galena have been Schuylerized in large sums—the loss of one gentleman in the former place we have heard estimated as high as \$200,000."

The Press also states that a citizen of Illinois is a loser to the amount of \$25,000 by the same individual.

The grass on Boston Common is entirely dead in many places in consequence of the protracted drought.

SNAKE FASCINATION.—We have occasionally read accounts of persons having been fascinated or spell-bound by snakes, but never knew of an instance occurring in our vicinity until a day or two since, and one that we know to be a fact. A man by the name of O'Mara had a small child, a little girl about thirteen years of age, who came to her death through the influence of a snake, one day last week, under the following circumstances: O'Mara resides on Copperas Creek, in Franklin county, and but a short distance from the Pacific railroad depot. Some nine months ago, early last fall his family noticed the little girl to be pining away, and becoming very weak and pale although she had been very fleshy and hearty, and apparently without any cause or complaint of sickness. By the time winter had fairly set in, she was wasted away to a mere skeleton, but as soon as weather became cold she again seemed to revive. She never complained of being unwell, and in reply to all their inquiries in regard to her health, she invariably said she felt very well, only a little weak. As summer arrived, she could not be prevailed upon to eat any victuals in her father's house, but would take a piece of bread and butter, or a piece of meat, and go out to the edge of the creek to eat it. The family noticed her regularly, always going precisely to the same place, and invariably complaining of being hungry after her return, when if more victuals were given her, she would again return to the creek, as they thought, to eat.

Finally, some of the neighbors having heard of the circumstances of the child's extraordinary conduct, and also of her wasted appearance, suggested to her father to watch her movements, which he did last Friday. The child had been sitting on the bank of the creek nearly all the forenoon, until near dinner time, when she got up and went to her father's house, asked for a piece of bread and butter, and again returned to the same place she had been. Her father kept behind her without making any noise. As soon as the child was seated, the father saw a huge black snake slowly raise its head into her lap, and when she would attempt to take a bite of the bread, the snake would commence hissing and become apparently very angry, when the child, trembling like a leaf, would promptly return the bread to the monster. The father was completely paralyzed, not being able to move hand or foot; entertaining, as most Irish persons do, a dread of snakes, he felt alarmed for the safety of his child, not knowing the nature of the snake, or the extent of the influence on his child. His blood became almost clogged in his veins, and he groaned in perfect agony, which caused the snake to become alarmed, and glide away into the creek. The child then immediately sprang to her feet and ran home, apparently much frightened. Her father followed her, but she refused to answer any questions, and he then resolved to detain his child at home, but he was advised to permit her to go again next day to the creek, and to follow her and kill the snake. Next morning she took a piece of bread again and went out to the creek; her father followed her with his gun in his hand, and as soon as the snake made his appearance, shot him through the head. The child swooned; the snake squirmed and worked himself around awhile, and then died; the child in the meantime recovered from her swoon, but was immediately seized with spasms, acting in a manner resembling the writhing of the snake, and finally died at the same moment the snake did, apparently in the greatest agony.

This horrible and at the same time melancholy occurrence, is the first we have heard of for a long time, and in fact the first we ever knew of where we could positively vouch for its truthfulness. We know there are persons who doubt the reality of snake fascination, but if they entertain any doubts on the subject hereafter, the relatives of this unfortunate little girl can be found ready and willing to corroborate our statement. This should serve as a warning to parents who live in the country to be more careful in watching their children.

We had almost forgot to mention that it was a black snake, generally supposed to be harmless, that is not poisonous, 7 feet 6 inches in length, that fascinated the little girl.—St. Louis Herald, July 12.

A man named James Howe, was killed in Lowville, in this county, on Wednesday evening last, during the heavy thunder storm of that evening, supposed at first to have been by lightning, but upon examination there were signs of murder. He was on his return from a neighbor's, and was found in the middle of the road, a whip in his hand, with which he had been driving over, his skull broken, and a hole cut in his hat.—Columbus Rep.

OUR NEAREST NEIGHBOR.—The nearest fixed star has been discovered very recently, to be Alpha in the constellation of the Centaur. The sun is ninety-five millions of miles from the earth, and this star, which we feel a certain degree of friendship for, because it is our nearest neighbor, is two hundred and six thousand times the distance of the sun from the earth. Light, which travels one hundred and ninety-two thousand miles a second, would require more than three years to reach us from that star.

CURE FOR THE VENOM OF SNAKES, &c.—An old physician writes to the New York Tribune that ammonia is an antidote for the venom of snakes. He says:

Alcoholic stimulants cannot be depended on to cure my poisonous bites. In nearly all parts of the country where venomous snakes are known, there are to be found persons who can cure their poisons. I will not detail these various cures, but will give a perfect cure for the poisons of venomous reptiles and insects, first giving the reason why the remedy I shall mention is an unfailing cure. From years of investigation and inquiry I am quite positive that the poisonous principle in the virus of snakes, &c., is prussic acid; somewhat modified, no doubt, but essentially identical with it, and what will neutralize this acid is an antidote to the poison. This antidote is the volatile alkali, ammonia. It is found in the shops, and called volatile salts, used in ladies' smelling-bottles, also, the aqua ammonia and spirits of ammonia.

As soon as possible after the bite, apply a few drops of aqua ammonia to the wound, and put 20 drops in a little water, or whiskey and water, if you please, and drink it. Take this dose every 10 to 30 minutes, until there is profuse perspiration and all symptoms of poisoning disappear. The salts of ammonia, such as found in smelling-bottles, should be dissolved in a little water, and used as the aqua ammonia, but in larger doses, as they are usually much weaker. The same remark applies to the spirits of hartshorn, which is usually of less strength than the ammonia. Ammonia is in no respect poisonous, and if sufficiently diluted may be taken freely without injury. The rule is to give enough to induce free perspiration.

DEATH OF GEN. TOWSON.—A despatch from Washington, dated July 21st, states that Gen. Towson, brigadier-general of the army, died in that city this day previous, of apoplexy, aged 75 years. Gen. Towson was a veteran and distinguished officer, and his death will be sincerely lamented by his old companions in arms and his countrymen generally.

SIGNIFICATION OF IOWA AND OTHER INDIAN NAMES.—Mr. LeClaire, of Davenport, so long the Indian interpreter of the government, at a late interview gave the following interpretation of several Indian names:

Iowa—means literally: "Here is the place." Driven, as were the Iowas and Sacs from Wisconsin and Illinois beyond the Mississippi, they exclaimed, "Here is the place" for us to live unmolested; and so it measurably proved for many years. This etymology differs somewhat from the signification given by senator Dodge, which is: "none such," as well as from that of Washington Irving, or some romantic writer, who represents an Indian on an high Illinois bluff, overlooking Iowa, Iowa, beautiful, beautiful. The idea conveyed by LeClaire, is that of a place of retreat, or a happy refuge from enemies.

Keokuk—means the "Watchful Fox." Keokuk being a Fox Indian, or "he that goes everywhere."—Iowa State Jour.

MOVEMENT OF A PAST RACE.—The Waupaca Spirit has the following curious account of a memorial left by some former inhabitants of this vast land:

Three miles north of this town on the northern road, is a large rock, weighing from four to six tons, resting upon another large rock, with three small stones between them, thus raising the upper one about three inches from the lower. It stands in an open, rocky place and is visible for some distance.

Beyond question human hands placed this boulder, (which is nearly round) in its elevated and conspicuous location. To substantiate the opinion that it was moved there by aborigines, is the fact that Indians who pass there till this day, make some trifling tribute, such as depositing tobacco, arrows, bullets, &c., between the rocks.

MIRAGE.—This peculiar species of optical illusion was beautifully perceptible on Sunday evening. Looking upon the lake, towards the north, vessels were reflected giving the appearance of two, one above the other. At Two Rivers, two piers, each with white rows of corn wood, piles of lumber and a warehouse, were distinctly visible for half an hour. The village and objects contiguous, were also duplicated. A dark line was visible in the eastern horizon, which might have been in Michigan—but unlike our Kenosha neighbors, we were unable to detect the halloo of the Wolverines.—Milwaukee Herald.

MILWAUKEE AND WATERTOWN RAILROAD.—The New York Tribune of Friday last, publishes in its money article the following card:

A CARD.—An erroneous statement having appeared in one of the city papers, that the Milwaukee and Watertown railroad company of the state of Wisconsin was among the sufferers by the failure of Messrs. R. & G. J. Schuyler, the undersigned takes this method of assuring the friends of the railroad, and all others interested, that the company will not have sustained any loss by the failure of those gentlemen; every dollar of the bonds which the Messrs. Schuyler held in trust for this company shortly previous to their failure, amounting to \$113,000, having been restored to us on the 19th inst.

JOHN S. ROCKWELL,  
President of the Milwaukee and Watertown railroad co. New York July 20th, 1854.

TOWNS ON LAKE SUPERIOR.—We learn from W. R. Williams, who returned on the 14th inst., from Lake Superior, that Endaian is building up with great rapidity. He informs us that there are already twenty-five houses built, and fifty more in process of construction. The general health of the settlers is excellent, and the towns had every appearance of prosperity in the highest degree. He also informs us that a number of specimens of copper have been found in that vicinity, of superior quality. Endaian is the name selected for this commencement of a future city.

Superior city is also rapidly building up, and has the same indications of rapid progress as the town of Endaian. Claims are advancing in value very fast, and prospects are that settlers will receive a full compensation for the privations they have undergone in making their claims.—St. Pauls Pioneer, 17th inst.

WHAT CONGRESS SHOULD PAY FOR THE FRANKING PRIVILEGE.—Taking the month of January as an average of the letters and documents franked by members of congress, and deposited in the Washington city postoffice, the whole amount for twelve months at pre-paid rates, would be:

For letters, : : : : \$56,963.35  
For documents, : : : : 1,381,513.40  
It should be borne in mind that this takes no account of the enormous number of letters received by members of congress.

A PLEASING INCIDENT.—Some weeks since Rev. Mr. Fleming, of the Presbyterian church at West Union, Marshall, went to Grave Creek, with a committee, to use what influence they could to prevent the county court from granting licenses in that region for the sale of whiskey. They succeeded. As a reward some of the liquor men set fire to his stable, in the night which was burned to the ground. At the same time they left the following elegant note: "This is for your trip to Grave Creek, God send you!" On Thursday afternoon the young men of his congregation assembled, went into the woods, cut timber and shingles, and before sunset had him an excellent stable completed, and left him \$70 for a carriage. On the fourth of July they had a grand temperance jubilee and picnic of the Sunday school children, with refreshments and temperance speeches.—Wheeling Times.

MURRAY FOR BABES.—The Stark county (O.) agricultural society are offering premiums for the finest specimen of young Americans. Here is the list:

For prettiest baby, \$5 and diploma to mother; for second prettiest baby, \$3 and diploma to mother; for third prettiest, \$2 and diploma to mother; for largest and heaviest child under 12 months old, age to be considered, \$5 and diploma to mother; for second ditto, \$3 and diploma to mother; for third ditto, \$2 and diploma to mother. The above is not a fair list; all the rewards go to the mothers—no encouragement to fathers.

The cost of cleaning the streets of New York city during the three months to July 1st, was \$88,804.77. The commission asks for an appropriation of \$100,000 to carry him through the year.

SINGULAR MODE OF INFLECTING VENOM.—A Mr. G. Lynch has suffered intensely during the week, from the effects of venomous matter thrown into his face, last Monday, by an insect called the Armadillo. The worm was lying on the ground coiled up, and he perceiving it, held down his head and spirted some tobacco juice upon it, when it immediately threw up its tail, emitting at the same time a small quantity of juicy matter which lodged upon Mr. Lynch's face, when the fresh around the eyes instantly commenced to swell, and the pain was so intense that it produced temporary aberration of mind. The venom, however, was speedily extracted by a physician, and we are happy to state that he is now rapidly recovering.—California (Cal.) Chronicle.

MORE DAMAGE BY THE STORM.—We learn that the building occupied as the office of the "Emancipator," the Norwegian paper, published at Janesville, was partly blown down during the heavy wind of Monday evening, and much damage done to the material of the office. The roof and one gable were blown down, upsetting the cases of type and scattering and destroying a large quantity of the unbound pages of a hymn book which had been printed and were ready for the bindery. The damage is estimated at from \$1,500 to \$2,000. Considerable damage was also done to the other buildings in the neighborhood. We hear also of damage done to buildings in Shippore, but are not informed of the particulars.

The dogs are showing proper resentment at the recent ordinance of the common council diminishing their "area of freedom." The other day two of the aldermen, who were taking a walk in the vicinity of Monterey, were closely beset by an incensed cur, that had probably just read the ordinance, and they had to apply their official canes most vigorously in self protection. Let them growl and bark while they can; the days of such recreations to them are numbered.

The Burr Oak (the democratic paper in Dodge county which dressed its columns in mourning on the passage of the Nebraska bill), publishes the resolutions adopted at the Madison convention, and adds:

"Aside from the men who composed this convention there is no doubt that the sentiment of this state is overwhelmingly strong against the enactment upon freedom, as manifested in the abrogation of the Missouri compromise. Democrats of this state, look well to it, and see that you 'clear your skirts' of this iniquity."

Immediately following it has this paragraph:

"The Sentinel wants to know if it can count upon the Burr Oak in the approaching contest between freedom and slavery. We have spoken plainly on the Nebraska question. We are prepared to act in accordance with our well known sentiments and hope to find that there will be little diversity of sentiment upon this absorbing political question, in the state."

PASSAGE OF THE HOMESTEAD BILL.—The homestead bill passed the senate on Friday, by a vote of 30 to 11. The title of the bill was so amended as to read, "A bill to reduce and graduate the price of the public lands to purchasers and actual settlers, and to grant pre-emption privileges in certain cases, and for other purposes."

THE SICKNESS AT PORT WASHINGTON.—The Milwaukee Sentinel of yesterday learns from Dr. Garner who returned to Milwaukee the day before, that, owing to the prompt treatment and the restoration of confidence, the disease, which he pronounces to be Asiatic cholera, had sensibly abated. A very large number of persons were suffering under the early symptoms of the disease, not only in the village, but in families and settlements in the vicinity. Dr. Porter, an old physician and a valued citizen, had died. Dr. McKnight, who went up from this city with Dr. Garner, remained at Port Washington. Dr. G. went back to Port Washington in the evening.

TRUSDELL, JORDAN & BENNETT,  
Attorneys at Law  
Having completed an accurate abstract of the TITLE, TAX AND JUDICIAL RECORDS of Rock County, are prepared to furnish full and reliable information respecting the ownership of Real Estate in said county, and all liens on such estate by Judgment, Mortgage or otherwise.

They will attend to the purchase and sale of Real Estate, the negotiation of loans, payment of Taxes, and the redemption of land from Tax Sales, and generally to all such business as properly belongs to a

REAL ESTATE OFFICE.

Business in the courts of this and the adjoining counties will be promptly attended to.

Office—Second Story of Empire Block.  
Janesville, Wis., May 28th, 1851.

BADGER STATE BANK,  
NINTH STREET, JANESVILLE, WIS.  
Particular attention paid to collections.  
SIGHT DRAITS on the principal cities of the Union constantly for sale, and also Drafts on Great Britain, in sums to suit purchasers.  
E. L. DIMOCK, Cashier.  
September 1st 1853.  
Exchange Bank of W. J. Bell & Co., Milwaukee, J. B. KILGORE, Cashier.  
Bank of Racine, Racine, H. J. ULMAN, Cashier.  
Bank of Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac, A. G. RUTLEN, Cashier.

1854. L. J. HIGBY, 1854.  
Forwarding, Commission and Produce MERCHANT,  
Will contract to forward Goods or Produce to or from any ports East or West, by responsible lines by Railroad or Canal, will attend to selling grain or other produce at the Railroad Depot here; all which, with my NEW WAREHOUSE at the Depot, and Mammoth Yards, give me advantages more convenient to country merchants than any other house here.

Milwaukee, March 29th, 1854. 30m0

JANESVILLE CITY BANK,  
NINTH STREET, JANESVILLE.  
Drafts for Sale on all the principal cities of the Union and Great Britain.  
This Bank will purchase Notes, Drafts, Certificates of Deposit, County Orders, &c. &c.  
For our customers, approved paper discounted to any amount.  
Bills, Notes &c., received for collection without charge—proceeds remitted immediately, less current rate of exchange.  
HENRY B. DUNSTER, Pres't.  
J. H. VERNAUX, Cashier.

BOARD WANTED.—By a Gentleman and Wife in a private family. Prefer to furnish room. Address "N" this office. Janesville, July 26th.

LOST—A small Pocket Diary, bound in black morocco and gilt. Any person having found the same will be liberally rewarded on leaving it at the office of Sloan and Patten.

Jy26th L. F. PATTEN.

NEW ARRANGEMENT.  
ON and after this date a Messenger of the AMERICAN EXPRESS COMPANY, will leave this city daily for Milwaukee, Madison and intermediate points on the A. & C. Railroad, for the purpose of carrying Gold, Silver, Bank Notes and Express matter generally. Patronage respectfully solicited.  
W. W. HOLDEN, Agent.  
Jy26th.

GUM DROPS.—A full assortment of the different flavors, fresh, for sale by HOLDEN, KEMP & CO. Jy10

BOSTON STORE.  
Choice Liquors!  
THE Proprietor of the Boston Store  
will inform the public, that he has now on hand the largest and best assortment of Liquors ever offered for sale in Rock county, which he will sell at  
WHOLESALE OR RETAIL  
At a small profit for Cash.  
Those wishing a choice article for Medicinal and Family purposes, will find it for their interest to purchase of him.  
In his stock may be found the following varieties:  
Brandy.  
Old Brand; Co. Pale and Dark; Old Martell; Pine; Castillon & Co. Hennessy; Old London Dock; A. Schnepf, Pale and Dark; Poleywood's Brandy; Old Cherry; Raspberry; Imperial Blackberry.  
Wines.  
London Dry Port; Burgundy Port; Pure Port Juice; Old Madeira; Sicily; Woodhouse; Florida; Sweet Malaga and Malmsley; Old Brown and Pale Sherry.  
Champagne.  
Heldale; Crown; Eagle; Tiger and Anchor.  
Gin.  
Triple Pine Apple; Medlar's Swan; Palm Leaf; Old Holland; Bechamel.  
Rum.  
Old Jamaica; St. Croix; New England.  
Whisky.  
Old Scotch; Irish; Ohio; Belydoro.  
London Porter and Scotch Ale.  
A. W. WHELOCK,  
Jy22 Main street, opposite the old Stage House.

DISSOLUTION.—The copartnership  
heretofore existing under the name and firm of  
Hart & Steno, is hereby dissolved by mutual consent.  
JOHN P. HOTT,  
B. U. STRONG.  
Janesville, July 10th, 1854. 43w

COPARTNERSHIP.—The undersigned  
will continue a general merchandising business at the old STAND HOYT & STRONG, under the name of STENO & BACON, and will be happy to wait upon the customers and friends of the old concern.  
B. U. STRONG,  
GEORGE H. BACON.  
Janesville, July 10th, 1854. 43w

5 CARBOYS White Nitric Acid, ex-  
pressly for Telegraph use, for sale by  
Jy15 FARWELL & BRO.

4 CARBOYS Aqua Ammonia for sale  
by Jy15 FARWELL & BRO.

3 CARBOYS Spts. Nitro Dule., for sale  
by Jy15 FARWELL & BRO.

1 CARBOY Muritic Acid, 1 do. Sul-  
phuric do., for sale by  
Jy15 FARWELL & BRO.

300 LBS. GUM SHELLAC, Orange,  
for sale by Jy15 FARWELL & BRO.

8 BBLs. VARNISHES just received,  
and for sale by Jy15 FARWELL & BRO.

2 BBLs. JAPAN, 1 do. Damur Var-  
nish, 10 do. Alcohol, 5 do. Camphire, 4 do. Burn-  
ing Fluid, 5 do. Spts. Turpentine, 5 do. Linseed Oil, just  
received and for sale by  
Jy15 FARWELL & BRO.

1 BALE LIQUORICE, Ball and Root,  
for sale by Jy15 FARWELL & BRO.

BALM OF A THOUSAND FLOWERS for  
sale by Jy15 FARWELL & BRO.

BUCHAN'S HUNGARIAN BALM—  
TOWNSEND'S Sarsaparilla—for sale by  
Jy15 FARWELL & BRO.

50 BOXES CASTILE SOAP for sale  
by Jy15 FARWELL & BRO.

VERMICELLI and MACCARONI for  
sale by Jy15 FARWELL & BRO.

IRISH MOSS.—3 bbls. just received at  
Jy15 FARWELL'S.

HOUGHTON'S PEPIN FOR DYSPEPSIA  
at Jy15 FARWELL & BRO'S.

DR. EVERT'S EXPECTORANT SYRUP, for  
coughs, colds, croup, whooping cough, and every  
variety of disease affecting the throat or bronchial  
tubes, prepared and sold by  
Jy15 FARWELL & BRO.

YER'S CHERRY PECTORAL.—20  
dozen just received at  
Jy15 FARWELL'S.

1 CASE PULV. RHEI, 1 Case BARKLEY  
Bark Pulv., for sale by  
Jy15 FARWELL & BRO.

PRESTON'S CHOCOLATE, BROMA and  
Cocoa, a very superior article for summer bever-  
age, for sale by Jy15 FARWELL & BRO.

1 BBL JUNIPER BERRIES for sale by  
Jy15 FARWELL & BRO.

INDIA RUBBER TOILETTE COMBS at  
Jy15 FARWELL'S.

PATENT MEDICINES of all popular  
kinds at Jy15 FARWELL'S.

SURGICAL INSTRUMENTS.—A  
good assortment from the celebrated manufactory  
of Gooding, New York, for sale by  
Jy15 FARWELL & BRO.

CAMPBELL'S BURNING FLUID,  
always on hand fresh and pure, at  
Jy15 FARWELL'S.

LAMP OILS.—Pure Solar and Winter  
Bleached, for sale by the Gallon or Barrel, by  
Jy15 FARWELL & BRO.

PURE WHITE LEAD IN OIL, for  
sale by the Ton, or Hundred, or Keg, by  
Jy15 FARWELL & BRO.

SNOW WHITE ZINC, and New Jer-  
sey Zinc, a large invoice just received and for sale  
by Jy15 FARWELL & BRO.

LYON'S CATHAIRON.—6 gross just  
received at  
Jy15 FARWELL & BRO'S.

SULPHATE QUININE.—100 oz. for  
sale by Jy15 FARWELL & BRO.

SULPHATE MORPHINE for sale by  
Jy15 FARWELL & BRO.

MERRILL'S ELECTIC PREPARATIONS.  
—A full stock constantly on hand at  
Jy15 FARWELL & BRO'S.

CIGARS.—A large and good assort-  
ment just received direct from the Importers at  
Jy15 FARWELL & BRO'S.

DISSOLUTION.—The Copartnership  
heretofore existing under the name and firm of  
Kortway & Bancroft, is hereby dissolved by mutual  
consent.  
J. D. BANCROFT.  
Footville, July 14th, 1854. 46

BUSINESS CONTINUED.—The sub-  
scriber, thankful for past favors, will still continue  
the business at the old STAND, and will be happy to wait  
upon his friends and customers at all times.  
J. O. NORTHWAY.  
Footville, July 14th, 1854. 46

RUSSIAN AND TURKISH WAR.  
—Several New Books just received and for sale on  
above subject, at  
Jy15 SUTHERLAND'S BOOKSTORE.

WISCONSIN REPORTS, by A. D.  
Burns, for sale at  
Jy15 SUTHERLAND'S BOOKSTORE.

MCCORMICK'S CHOLERA SPECIFIC.—  
This remedy has been used with unparalleled  
success in the treatment of this most malignant disease  
in the southern and western cities. It is  
Prepared after the original recipe, by  
HOLDEN, KEMP & CO.,  
Jy12 Drugs and Chemists.







